Obstacles loom large

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

Thursday May 30 1985

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World news

s Wednesday May to la

A CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE S

Gemayel requests aid from **Syrians**

President Amin Gemayel of Leba-non, who narrowly escaped serious injury in an artillery attack on his residence, arrived in Damascus later to ask for Syrian help to stop odshed in Beirut.

Gemayel is expected to have ex-tensive talks with Syria's President Hafez Ai-Assad on political and security arrangements for Lebanon after Israel's anticipated withdrawal by June 6. Page 4

Hospital and security sources in Beirnt said that at least 300 people had been killed and more than 1,000 wounded in the recent battles.

French bus crash

At least seven people were killed and more than 40 injured when a bus carrying British schoolchildren overturned near Ales, southern France, The injured, at least ten of whom are in a serious condition, were taken to a nearby hospital.

N-power decision

The U.S. nuclear regulatory commission voted 4-1 to allow the reopening of the Three Mile Island plant in Pennsylvania, six years af-ter the worst nuclear power plant accident in history.

EEC inflation

Annual inflation in the European Community increased to an average 6.1 per cent after a rise in con-sumer prices last month of 0.9 per cent. Unemployment fell to 11.2 per cent, according to Eurostat, the Community's statistics office.

Swedish wage deal

Swedish unions and employers reached agreement for a 3.6 per cent wage rise for 350,000 private-sector white-collar staff.

Famine relief rots

Food aid for Ethiopia's starving millions is piling up and rotting in Djibouti because neighbouring Ethiopia has failed to send sufficient

New cyclone

V V

totalling \$1.6m for victims of last 10.000. Page 4

Colombia's party

Colombia's biggest and oldest rebel group, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC), launched a national political party on the first anniversary of its truce with the Government.

Bhopai offer

Union Carbide, the U.S. chemical company, has increased its compensation offer for victims of India's poison gas disaster to \$300m, according to an Indian newspaper.

Peru arrests 850

Police arrested 850 people in Lima in an anti-crime drive in the Peruvian capital. A police official said that 350 were freed after their identification was checked and the rest were suspected prostitutes, vagrants and delinquents.

Agent Orange fund

A U.S. federal judge ordered a \$150m compensation fund to be set up for Vietnam veterans who prove that they were disabled by Agent Orange, and for survivors of those who allegedly died from exposure to the chemical defoliant.

Picasso damage

Australia will compensate Pablo Picasso's daughter Mariana for a hole an art gallery official's screwdriver put in one of her father's paintings. The paintings were insured for \$304,591.

Business summary

No. 29,636

Current account surplus for UK

BRITISH balance of payments cur-rent account moved back into surplus in April, partly as a result of a exporting performance.

NISSAN of Japan, the world's fourth largest car maker, posted a 22 6 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to Y148bn (\$588.8m) for the year ended in March, despite a sluggish domestic market and keen competition worldwide.

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM 3.0675, SwFr 2.579, FFr 9.345 and Y251.5. It fell in London to DM 3.0780 (DM 3.1130); SwFr 2.5875 (SwFr 2.6185); FFr 9.39 (FFr 9.4850), but improved slightly to Y251.70 (Y251.55). On Bank of England figures the dollar's index fell to 146.4 from 146.8. Page 49

STERLING closed in New York at \$1.2750. It rose 1.60 cents in London to close at \$1.2675. It also rose to DM 3.90 (DM 3.8950); FFr 11.90 (FFr 11.8650) and Y319 (Y314.75), but fell to SwFr 3.2775 (SwFr 3.2825). The pound's exchange-rate index rose 0.3 to 79.2. Page 49

GOLD rose \$6.75 on the London buillion market to close at \$316.50. In Zurich, gold rose to \$312.75 from \$311.25. In New York, the Comex June settlement was \$315.5. Page 48

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed 1.46 up at 1,302.98. Section III LONDON equities were unsettled

by oil price worries and trade figures. The FT Ordinary index fell 7.4 to 999.1. Gilts firmed. Section III TOKYO stocks reached another re-

cord high with a 72.24 rise to 12,767.17 in the Nikkei Dow market average. Volume swelled to 1.14bn shares. Section III

AN \$8BN AUCTION in U.S. Treasury 5-year notes yielded on average for U.S. investors, \$7.01bn on 9.95 per cent notes. The average yield on \$1bn foreign targeted notes was 10 per cent.

SKF of Sweden received approval from the Spanish Government to take control of the loss-making SKF Española from the state hold-Another cyclone formed in the Bay ing company Instituto Nacional de of Bengal as Bangladesh received Industria at a total cost of about Pta international aid commitments 2.6bn (S14.9m). Page 29

Friday's cyclone, which killed up to CHASE MANHATTAN confirmed it had completed negotiations to take over Madrid-based industrial Banco de Finanzas. Terms of the takeover deal, expected to be signed next month, were not disclosed but Chase is expected to raise the bank's capital and reserves from Pta 3.4bn to at least Pta 4.3bn

> LLOYDS BANK is to launch a merchant banking venture in July. It is the only one of the big four UK banks without one. Page 11

BORREGAARD: Three large shareholders rejected offers from Kosmos for their holdings, apparently thwarting merger plans between the two Norwegian groups. Page 29

FIAT. Italy's largest private-sector conglomerate, announced more than doubled net profits of L627bn (5317m), despite a dramatic rise in losses at the Dutch-registered lveco industrial vehicles division.

CSR, Australian resources and building products group, achieved steady net earnings of AS91.7m (\$61m) for the year to March 31, but took a beating from extraordinary losses from foreign exchange transactions. Page 32

INTERNATIONAL COFFEE Organisation (ICO) will take a tougher line against illicit sales to nonmember countries in an effort to regulate trade.

CONSOB, Italian stock exchange regulatory authority, has finally been given the powers it insisted for years were necessary for it to act as an effective watchdog of Italy's capital markets. Page 29

U.S. battle lines drawn over Reagan tax plan

BY STEWART FLEMING IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan's olans for a radical reform of the U.S. tax system met a mixed recep-tion yesterday with some leading Democrats cautiously endorsing the President's proposals to cut taxes for ordinary Americans even as lob-byists for those who will have to foot the bill prepared to fight to restore tax breaks they would be de-

The President laid out his plans in a televised address from the Oval Office on Tuesday night full of rhe-torical flourishes designed to rally support for a proposal which the White House claims would either reduce or leave unchanged the taxes paid by 79 per cent of individual taxpayers.

Administration officials make no secret of their hope that the President will be able to use the tax issue as a vehicle to revive the flagging political momentum of the second Reagan Administration and solidify blue collar voter support for the Republican Party.

Striking these populist themes, and with a touch of demagoguery in his refusal to acknowledge his own role in encouraging the exploitation of tax loopholes through the 1981 tax cuts, Mr Reagan said: "There is one group of losers in our tax plan, those individuals and corporations who are not paying their fair share. These abuses cannot be tolerated."

shrewdest U.S. investors, yesterday

won state backing for a last-minute

bid for the failed Home State Sav-

The surprise decision appears to

be a serious upset for the New

York-based Chemical Bank, which

until yesterday appeared to be the only hidder for Home State. Mr

Lindner's American Financial

group, which already owns Hunter

Savings Association and has a big insurance operation, won backing for the bid by seeking just \$5m less

than Chemical in support from the

The offer of American Finan-

state of Ohio.



President Reagan

position Democratic Party, Mr Dan Rostenkowski, chairman of the House of Representatives Ways and Means Committee, which has the constitutional right to draft tax legislation in Congress, moved quickly to try to identify his party with tax reform. "If the President's plan is every-

thing he says it is, he will have a great deal of Democratic support in Congress," Mr Rostenkowski said

Mr Rostenkowski left no doubt about the tough battles that lie ahead in Congress for the President's tax reform plans, battles that might could result in both delay and big changes in the package and may even halt its progress entirely.

The Reagan Administration is In the first response from the op- hoping that with the extensive con-

Ohio supports Lindner

bid for Home State

BY WILLIAM HALL AND PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

MR CARL LINDNER, the secretive of the depositors' assistance corpor-

Cincinnati financier who has a ation to be extended by the state reputation for being one of the shrewdest U.S. investors, yesterday said Mr Robert McAlister. Ohio's

cessions it has already made to different interest groups and by pitching the call for tax reform directly at the voter who will get most of the tax breaks, it will be able to secure

Mr James Baker, U.S. Treasury Secretary, who will spearhead the campaign for the plan, said: "I think we have a fair shot of getting this through Congress this year ... you will see the President spend a considerable amount of time on this."

The Administration wants to avoid "a piecemeal picking away" at the proposal by individual interest groups that could destroy it, he

The President's plan would cut the number of individual tax brack-ets from 14 to three and lower the top marginal tax rate from 50 per cent to 35 per cent. Many existing tax deductions and breaks would be eliminated too however so that the biggest tax reductions would go to those in the three lowest tax brackets now and top income tax payers.

One import tax simplification proposal outlined by the President is for the creation of a voluntary system under which individuals could opt to let the Government prepare their tax returns, doing away with their own need to prepare tax

Blueprint for reform, Page 4; Editorial comment, Page 26; Wall Street, Page 37

Ohio banking market.

Local Ohio financial institutions

Renault to axe 18,000 car division jobs

هكتامن لتجل

French state-owned car group, is will be appointed to a more general planning to cut losses by shedding position of deputy managing direcabout 18,000 jobs in its car division between now and the end of next

The job restructuring proposals, which will be put to the unions at a special meeting next month, are part of the broad recovery strategy just finalised by M Georges Besse,

Renault's new chairman. The other two key components of his plan are financial measures to improve the group's liquidity and reduce the burden of its debts and a series of industrial measures to help Renault regain and enhance

its competitiveness.

M Besse is seeking to negotiate with Renault's bankers a restructuring of its medium and long-term debts now totalling FFr 40bn (\$4.26bn). The company also is negotiating with the Government, its ole shareholder, to inject further funds to help boost liquidity. Renault already is set to receive FFr 3bn from the Government as its annual capital endowment this year. The group also is planning to sell assets in a further effort to increase its cash resources.

M Besse will now directly run the group's French car operations - at present the principal source of the group's headaches. He will take over from M Pierre Sémerèna, head

RENAULT, the financially troubled of the Renault car divisions, who position of deputy managing direc-

> extensive review of the company's financial and industrial difficulties and is on the point of launching his recovery strategy.
>
> But Renault has already shown

signs of implementing that strategy in past weeks by abandoning a number of high-technology ven-tures and negotiating the sale of its 51 per cent controlling stake in the Bendix electronics components company to Allied of the U.S.

In an effort to improve Renault's balance sheet after record losses of FFr 12.55bn last year, M Besse has clearly placed the priority on cut-ting costs wherever possible and reuping activities around its traditional car operations. Renault's difficulties have been compounded by the group's disappointing perfor mance this year on the French mar ket. The group is currently aiming for a 31 per cent share of the do mestic market this year and an 11.5 per cent share of the European car

Renault expects to cut 10,000 jobs from its car division this year through early retirements and voluntary measures. This should bring

Continued on Page 28

UK's Logica seeks star wars contract

BY PETER MARSH IN LONDON

LOGICA, a leading British computer company, says it cannot afford to wait for UK government guidelines on participation in the U.S. star wars project and is negotiating with the Pentagon on a \$200,000 software

Dr Chris Dain, deputy managing director of the company's space and defence systems group, said the important footbold in the lucrative said Mr Robert McAlister, Ohio's had until Thesday evening to match superintendent of savings and Chemical's bid for Home State Savings. The Ohio authorities had al-U.S. Defence Department had given a friendly reception to proposals by Logica to perform studies related to ings Bank of Cincinnati, whose collapse in March precipitated a run on many small savings banks in the lours before the Tuesday night sale to Chemical. the \$26hn Strategic Defence Initia-

Although the terms of Mr Lindin the live-year rea gramme, engineers aim to devise thorities. They were under tremen- ner's offer were not immediately the basis of a system that could clear yesterday, it understood that his proposal only required the state

shield the U.S. from Soviet missiles. According to defence planners, the hardware could be based either nancial hardship for the 85,000 local Home State Savings, which was depositors whose money has been owned by another Cincinnati finanon laser beams or on groups of electronically accelerated projectiles cier, Mr Marvin Warner, until its Until Mr Lindner's last-minute collapse on March 9 in the wake of decision to enter the race for Home the failure of ESM Government that destroy missiles under the di-State, Chemical Bank, which had Securities, a small Florida-based

rection of highly advanced comput Logica's disclosure of its discus-

sions with the Pentagon is the first public sign that a British company plans to cement a deal on star wars before the Government has formally decided if UK participation is in the national interest. Several British Government de

partments, led by the Ministry of Defence, are weighing up how to re-spond to the U.S. invitation, made to Nato countries along with Israel and Japan, to join in the research

of participation. They say the project might divert scarce technical resources away from commercial

The French Government has already decided not to take part. It Continued on Page 28 tus.

More than 40 football fans die in **Brussels** cup final

By David Goodhart in Brussel AT LEAST 40 people were officially

said to have died and hundreds in jured when a wall collapsed less than an hour before the start of the Liverpool versus Juventus European Cup Final in Brussels. Official details remained sketchy

last night, but most of the dead were apparently Italian Juventus The trouble began when some of

the approximately 10,000 Liverpool supporters, crammed into one half of the terracing at the southern end of the ground, burst out of their confines and forced the Italian contingent to their right, down towards the perimeter fence behind the

I arrived on the terracing behind the goal just after some of the fen-cing and concrete stanchions on the far right collapsed, trapping dozens of fans, mainly Italians. Most of the fans left the area rap-

idly, many of them now running out

on to the pitch where they were chased by mounted policemen. It appeared that neither the fans nor the police realised the serious-ness of the situation, as it took at least 20 minutes before first aid and

ambulance personnel began to arrive in any force.

The first reaction of the Brussels police was to send in the riot squads to push the Liverpool fans back into their compound. "What else could we do? The first signs were that it was just a simple punch-up be-tween opposing fans," said one po-

lice officer later. Once the Liverpool supporters had been successfully recordoned, it became clear that a serious footballing disaster had occurred.

I was able to walk down to where the worst crush had been, to see the bodies of dead fans piled up in heaps surrounded by bits of fencing and lumps of concrete.

A few photographers and fans and policemen were also milling around, and still it appeared that the authorities did not appreciate the magnitude of the crisis. Finally, at about 8 o'clock, 15 min-

utes before the game was due to begin, proper stretchers and first-aid facilities arrived from local hospitals and the construction of a "field hospital" outside the ground began. Outside the stadium, fans of both teams sat stunned, many of them

Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the UK Prime Minister, said those responsible for the deaths had "brought shame and disgrace to their country and to football."

The match was won 1:0 by Juven-

Commerzbank seeks DM 425m through profit-sharing issue

But, for the first time, the act also

allows profit-sharing certificates to

tougher provisions.

cial's Hunter Savings Association
unit would require less of the funds
en the New York banking group an Columbus.

dous pressure to find a buyer for

nancial hardship for the 85,000 local

offered to invest \$30m to recapita-

lise the bank, had seemed almost

Home State, which has been closed his proposal only required the for 77 days, causing considerable fi- to provide \$120m in support.

certain to win control of Home has deposits of about \$525m and 33 State - a move that would have given branches in Cincinnati, Dayton and

BY JONATHAN CARR IN FRANKFURT

Germany's "big three" commercial ing that of foreign subsidiaries) purposes. banks, is strengthening its capital must not exceed 18 times its liable for an invitable for an inv (\$130m) in Genussscheine or profit-sharing certificates.

It is the first private credit institution in West Germany to make use of this instrument although DG Bank, which is co-operatively owned, did so in January. Genussscheine (also known as

participation certificates)give bearers the right to share in bank profits, but not to vote at annual shareholders meetings. . The amended Banking Act, which took effect this year, recognises the

certificates as a form of equity and thus as a base to support lending to The amended act stipulates that, equity is that annual payments to after a six-year transition period, a holders of the certificates can be

COMMERZBANK, one of West bank's total group lending (includ- treated as a business costs for tax

For the public, the certificates offer an investment similar to that in fixed interest securities, but with the chance of a bonus on top.

bond dealer. It is the largest pri-vately insured thrift in Ohio and

be counted in as capital for this pur-pose, provided they do not exceed 25 per cent of share capital plus re-Commerzbank is offering shareholders one certificate for every two ordinary shares in an issue to be made next month. The certificates will run for almost 11 years with an At the end of last year, Commerzannual payout of 8.25 per cent of their nominal value. bank's group lending totalled more than 22 times its liable capital. Thus

with its new issue, which will boost capital from DM 3.1bn to DM 3.6bn (\$1.17bn), the bank is taking a big step towards fulfilling the act's At present, Commerzbank is paying a dividend of DM 6 per DM 50 share. For every 50 pfg by which the dividend is boosted above that level, bearers of the certificates will For the issuing bank, a key at-receive an additional payout of 1/4 traction of this method of boosting per cent.

Lending: tough tactics at the Unemployment: the overrid-

Textiles: knotty problem for Lex: European Ferries; Tate

Management: Italy's rising Korea: car industry aims for



Knight Frank& Rutley

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Greece: why Ithaca will vote Editorial comment: U.S. tax

U.S. tax: Reagan's blueprint Euro-fighter: UK-French disfor reform 4 agreements 26

French Communists

government policies

THE FRENCH Communist announcing that the Com-Party has launched its toughest munists would vote against the

The Communists launched munist leaders criticised yester-their latest initiative after riot day the government's education

Government's independence pro-posals for the troubled French

Pacific territory of New Cale-donia. The debate on the pro-

posals opened in the National

Assembly yesterday, M Marchais also attacked the

proposed plans by Renault, the state owned car group, to reduce its French car workforce by up to 20,000 by the end of next year. Separately, other Communist leaders criticised was a separately.

The sudden Communist out

The sudden Communist out-burst reflects as much the party's frustrations over the Socialist Government's policies as its own continuing internal crisis. Indeed, the latest attack on the Government comes a few days after a Communist party central committee meeting in which both M Marchais and M Henri Krasucki, the head of the CCT union, came under heavy

CGT union, came under heavy

Although M Marchais saved his job at the last Communist congress in March and success

lash out against

attack vet against the Socialist

government since it withdrew

rom the coalition last summer. The attack has also been

directed personally against M Laurent Fabius, the Prime Minister, whom the Communists

accuse of adopting economic

policies that are increasing un-employment and undermining the rights and living standards.

police put an end to the occu-pation of a bearings factory at

lyry on the outskirts of Paris by militant members of the pro-Communist CGT union. SKF-France, a subsidiary of the Swedish bearings company.

decided two years ago to shut the plant which employed 619 people. But employees opposed to the closure have

occupied the plant for several

IND

in te

Cuts outlined in Italy's spending and social services

BY JAMES BUXTON IN ROME

COVERNMENT ministers are studying a set of Giovanni Goria, the Treasury Minister, by which Italy could reduce its state sector deficit to manageable levels by 1990.

Sig Goria is proposing significant cuts in government spending and the imposition of greater discipline on ministries and local authorities. But he is also saying that Italian citizens generosity of recent years.

IN HOMER'S epic, Odysseus finally succeeded in returning to Ithaca after an adventurous journey lasting 20 years. Many

modern Ithacans, however, are condemned to a permanent

exile.

A ledger in the mayor's office

in Ithaca Town, the capital of the islands, shows page after page of names of locals who have left to settle elsewhere,

detailing how the population is shrinking each year. Up to the mid-1970s the recorded destina-tions are South Africa, Austra-

tia and the U.S. after that emigration is mostly internal, to large urban centres such as Athens or Patras. The reason for

departure, penned carefully alongside each name entry, in most cases reads starkly: "For a better life."

The message to Ithacans from

Greece's ruling Socialist Party (Pasok) prior to Sunday's general election is that it is the political force most likely to

bring the good life right to the island.

The Socialists carried the single seat district of Ithaca and

the neighbouring Ionian island of Cephallonia for the first time

in the 1981 elections, when

Pasok trounced the conservative

New Democracy Party ending some 40 years of right-wing rule

of the nationwide election battle, Pasok is fighting hard to

defend the seat against a challenge from two directions;

from New Democracy, making a comeback under a new leader-

ship, and from the pro-Moscow

Communist Party of Greece (KKE). With the Socialists and

Conservatives running a close race, the KKE is making a

determined effort to increase its current 11 per cent of the vote

Now, in a microcosmic version

on a programme for the Govern-

Sig Goria's plan is a detailed response to the basic problem of the Italian economy: the very high state sector deficit which produces rising accumulated debt, prevents inflation falling must accept that the state can- and keeps domestic interest not go on providing welfare ser- rates at a very high level. This year, Sig Goria says, the state sector deficit will be

with the aim of forcing Pasok

into a government alliance.
"We are bound to win. Pasok

has done more for us in the last three and a half years than

the right in four decades," said Mr Spyros Tsintilas, a young

Ithacan socialist.

Recent public works are in evidence: the island's hillsides

are scored with new road tracks linking Ithaca's eight villages

(a 35 km road network has been constructed since 1981) and on

the outskirts of Ithaca Town, a

desalination plant inaugurated in 1983 provides much-needed

Other improvements include

an increase in the number of

that L10,000bn is saved by It is therefore essential that ment to follow in the remaining means of increases in revenue three years of the current Par- or reductions in spending that or reductions in spending that have yet to be decided. Accumulated debt will this year be 95 per cent of GDP, and next year it will exceed GDP by 2 per

> "The system is heading to-wards the point of breakdown," the minister writes. Forecasts suggest, he says, that the economy will grow fairly slowly ir the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more suggest. He says, that the economy will grow fairly slowly ir accounted for by taxation) is defence; saving money in the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more customer way; holding down spending on defence; saving money in the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more customer way; holding down spending on defence; saving money in the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more customer way; holding down spending on defence; saving money in the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more customer way; holding down spending on defence; saving money in the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more customer way; holding down spending on defence; saving money in the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more customer way; holding down spending on the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in a more customer way; holding down spending on the rest of this decade, with "a little level of instal pressure service in the rest of the service in the servi

Andriana Ierodiaconou looks at the election drama as played out on one Greek isle

Ithaca will vote for promise of the good life

Ithacan Pasok supporters display party election posters in their taverna.

(Pasok) A. Papandreou 172 (48%)

daily ferry links with Cephallonia, Ithaca's only life-line to the outside world. A

team of doctors has started coming in once a fortnight to dispense extra medical care; the

island's 3,648 people -- are

Pan Hellenic Socialist Mover

New Democracy Party

Italy cuts its state sector deficit in order to reduce inflation and lower interest rates, so that companies will have the best chance of competing in export

The minister does not propose raising taxes, considering that the level of fiscal pressure

ABGEAN

normally served by a single

GP. The monthly pensions of Ithaca's olive farmers (it is along with fishing and seafaring,

the main occupation of those

who remain on the island) have

gone up from Drachmas 5,000 (£29.43) to Drachmas 7,000 and

"The most important benefit

Pasok has brought us is free-dom. In the old days if you

bought a left-wing newspaper you acquired a security file; the local gendarme spied on you.

But now you see him in the square and its 'so what,' " Mr

Yet there are islanders who

say that their first experience of

Tsintilas said.

and that is on the assumption imbalance on foreign accounts. to more indirect taxation of goods and services.

> the deficit include: raising the prices charged for services provided by the state (such as electricity) and providing discounts only to those really in need; attempting to deploy the state's employees in the civil service in a more cost-effective

have a strong presence on Ithaca, the smal village of Anogi (the name means "above the earth") with about 100 inhabi-tants boasts a RKE vote of more

tants coasts a KRE vote of more than 50 per cent, leading the locals to refer to it jokingly as the "Moscow of Greece." Pasok has erred in not fulfilling pledges to close the American military bases or pull out of Nato and the EEC. KRE banners and posters and the tree to the

and posters read "no to the right and the right-wing policies of Pasok."

This message finds a para-doxical echo in the conserva-tives' main complaint; that the

Socialists, as much as any right-

wing government before them.

succumbed to the temptation of "rousfeti" politics, a word of

Turkish origin suggesting nepotism and political favouritism rolled into one.

"When Pasok came to power they promised to be 'the government of all the Greeks.' They have not been. If you do not belong to the Party you

don't get anywhere. We are afraid to speak out," said Mr Theodore Sardelis, president of New Democracy's 11-strong election committee in the Party's brand-new office in

There is bitterness over Pasok's fiercely anti-right elec-

tion campaign: the conserva-tives cite it as evidence of a

The conservatives are dismis-

sive of the development the island has undergone since 1981. "Most of the money for

EEC anyway, a fact which Pasok is trying to hide," Mr

Sardelis said. In the view of the rare

Ithacans who have managed to stay out of the party political fray, the main issue at stake

is Ithaca's slow death which no government yet has managed

projects comes from the

Ithaca Town.

He will be pressing for the L100,000bn (£40bn) or 14.8 per very slow and insufficient dec-adoption of this plan in negotia-cent of gross domestic product line in inflation" and continued from direct taxation of incomes the cost of joining university wasteful local authorities; and reforming the health and pension systems to take account of the limited resources available.

Sig Goria estimates that if the plan was carried out and external circumstances were reasonably favourable, the state sector deficit would be halved to 7.5 per cent of GDP by 1990, way; holding down spending on national debt would be 111 per cent of GDP and both propor-tions would thereafter decline.

The rallies, held in Constitution Square in front of the Greek Parliament, traditionally constitute the climax of the campaign. Voting takes place on Sunday.

Friday.
Party leaders are planning with their rally speeches with particular care. With only four days to go to the election, the outcome is believed to be still in the balance. The result is expected to turn on the roughly 7 per cent of voters who are shown as undecided in confidential party opinion polls. They are poised between Pasok and

Officials of both narties were expressing nervousaess yesterday over the possibility that either might produce a last-minute ace from its

part, are trying to woo voters to a third alternative, with

general election campaign started yesterday, with the first of a series of three rallies in central Athens by the country's main political parties—the pro-Moscow Communist Party of Greece (KKE), the conservative New Democracy party, and the governing Panhellenic ocialist Movement (Pasok).

will go, as usual, to the ruling party, in this case Pasok, on

New Democracy, which are believed to be running a close

the avowed aim of drawing the Socialists into a govern-ment alliance in the event of

Poll rivals begin final lap

THE FINAL lap in the Greek

As the third largest party in the 1981 general election, the KKE drew Wednesday. New Democracy, runners up last time, will gather on Thursday, while the last word

a tie with the Conservatives.

After the intervention of the riot police on Tuesday which led to violent clashes near the plant, M Georges Marchais, the secretary general of the Communist Party, led a protest march in Ivry. He subsequently blamed the Government for the invitation. fully stifled the opposition of the reformist members of his party, his leadership and poli-cies have continued to be in-creasingly questioned by party incidents at Ivry on television yesterday. members worried by the party's He broadened the attack by steady decline. Macao talks complaint

BY DIANA SMITH IN LISBON SENIOR MEMBERS of Portu-

gal's Conservative opposition have complained that the cabinet and Parliament, which is empowered to handle important constitutional issues, had no warning of plans to bego-tiate the future of Macao, the tiny Portuguese run territory of

the South China coast. China's wish to regain control of Macao before the end of the century, after nearly 500 years of discreet Portuguese administration, and Portugal's willing-ness to negotiate were declared

last week during President Antonio Ramalho Eanes' official visit to China.

The news took Macao and Lisbon by surprise. Until now any talks between Portuguese and Chinese officials delicately skirted the issue Indeed, the Portuguese hoped to pick up added investment there after Hong Kong reverted to Chinese administration. Negotiations should begin early next year. Several foreign banks recently appplied for permission to operate in Macao.



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Spanish steelmakers face more cuts and job losses

BY DAVID WHITE IN MADRID THE SPANISH Government has workforce. It has also pushed recignised that its programme for restructuring the steel indus-try has fallen short of what is needed and that further cuts will be required to make it comin the European

Sr Carlos Solchaga, the Industry Minister, told Unesid, the steelmakers' association, that streamlining plans would have to be revised, and hinted that jobs would need to be principally in special

Companies had to prove them-selves viable by January, 1989, he said. This is the expiry date for Spain's transitional agree-ment with the EEC allowing the Government to continue State subsidies over a three-year period and to complete its restructuring programme. "Otherwise, they will have to disappear." he warned.

through fresh restructuring measures in the special steel Sr Solchaga promised new aid

for the steel producers to compensate for the impact of the introduction of VAT and the ending of tax relief on exports following EEC entry. He warned, however, that this transitional aid would be pegged to firm commitments from the companies on their production levels. tion levels.
Criticising the absence of dis

cipline in the sector, he at-tacked the producers of ordinary steel for failing to co-ordinate their markets either in Spain or

The revision of plans comes in the light of voluntary export restrictions recently agreed with the U.S., and of a 9 per cent fail in Spain's domestic market last year to 7.4m tonnes.

The Government has undertaken a \$3bn conversion plan
for the country's main steelworks, involving the loss of
about 10,000 jobs in the three
largest companies in the sector,
more than a quarter of their

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UK delays **EEC** plan for telecom research

By Quentin Peel in Brussels PLANS BY the European Commission to launch an ambitious research programme to develop integrated telecommunications throughout the Community looked like being held up by Britain's determination to control EEC spending.

Ministers of industry and of research will be presented next week with the proposals for the Race Programme—Research and Development in Advanced Tele-communications Technology for Europe—which is intended to band telecommunications net-

work by 1995.

The plan constitutes an important part of the Commission's effort to promote research into advance technology in Eurpe, to close the gap with the U.S. and Japan.

However, discussions so far between officials in Brussels and London have been deadlocked on British insistence that no British research budget for the The amount of money

involved is only some Ecu 4m (12.4m), which constitutes the Exitish contribution towards the first definition phase of the Race Programme. The whole 18-month phase, supposed to begin in July, costs some Ecu 42.9m, of which Ecu 22.1m will come from the Community budget, with the balance from

member states. Talks were held in London last week between Herr Karl-Heinz Narjes, the Commissioner responsible for science and research, and Mr Geoffrey Partie, the British Minister for Information Technology at the Department of Trade and Industry, with the Race Pro-

gramme top of the agenda.

The belief here is that the
British hard line on finding any
extra cash for the programme
is a reflection of inter-departmental struggles belween the DTI and the British Treasury, Treasury officials in London, however, say it is rather a question of principle: that the research ministers agreed on a comprehensive programme last December for all Community research projects costing Ecu 1.2bn, which was only approved

on the understanding that no extra spending would be incurred. The Race Programme has subsequently been added. subsequently been added.

The idea behind the programme is to decide on the working requirements for an EEC telecommunication, network capable of supporting both existing services and a broad variety of new technologies for voice, data and video transmission.

mission. Commission officials say the programme must be approved by July at the latest, to get off the ground before the end of the year. They are hoping for approval in principle next week,

The officials stress that Britain invariably does well out of EEC research programme, with more money being spent in the UK than the Government in the UK than the Government to the unanimous decision on the control of the unanimous decision. actually contributes to the research budget: a relatively rare example of net benefit from the EEC budget.

U.S. and Moscow take up old positions

tions here today with no indication that their delegations have been given fresh instruc-tions which could produce movement towards agreement. The statements made on their

arrival in Geneva vesterday by the two chief negotiators, Mr Viktor Karpov, of the Soviet Union, and Mr Max Kampel-man, of the U.S., reiterated positions taken in the first round of talks which ended on

Recent reports that Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, is unlikely to accept President Ronald Reagan's invitation to meet later this year gation has been charged by included in space weapon dis- U.S. and Soviet missions here.

THE UNITED STATES and the have cast a deeper shadow over Soviet Union resume their the negotiations. The meeting nuclear arms control negotia. has been linked with some proposition of the negotiation of the negotiation of the negotiation of the negotiation. The source that the negotiation of the negotiation of the negotiate of the negotiation of the negotiation of the negotiate of the negotiate of the negotiation of the negotia gress being achieved in nuclear

Mr Karpov focused yesterday on the Siviet insistence that the U.S. renounced its Strategic Defence Initiative, the so-called Star Wars programme which aims at developing, and perhaps deploying weapons in space deploying, weapons in space.

Such a renuciation would open the way to "radical solutions" in nuclear arms, Mr Karpov said, adding the hope that the U.S. had "made the

arms control.

the oSviet delegation had been provide with "similar fixibility."

During the five week break each side has accused the other of "backtracking" from the understanding between Mr George Shultz, the U.S. Secrelary of State, and Mr Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet Foreign Minister, reached in Geneva on January 8, which launched the latest nuclear arms negotia-

The Soviet Union alleges that Washington is reneging on the understanding that progress in negotiations on strategic missiles and intermediate range weapons would be conditional

the space wars forum.

The Americans retort that the Russians have so far shown no interest in the many pro-posals the U.S. has tabled for reducing the number of both strategic and intermediate

on progress also being made in

Mr Kampelman earlier underlined the broad authority and flexibility with which his delegation has been charged by

cations, Mr Romaszewski said in a

"It is a strict fast without any

deadline which is intended to end

the isolation of Father Zych," said

water, but are not force-fed now.

Spain approves new rules to clear way for foreign investors

BY DAVID WHITE IN MADRID BUREAUCRATIC obstacles to foreign investment in Spain are mostly removed under a decree ap-proved yesterday by the Socialist Cabinet. The new rules are seen by government officials as bringing Spain into line with the most liberal Western countries in this sphere. Private-sector foreign investors

specified cases such as arms manu-Until now, all investments by companies under majority foreign control or which lead to majority

foreign control have been subject to approval procedures. Under the new system, investors are required to inform the authorities of their project and wait for 30 days before going ahead. In that period the authorities are entitled to request additional information about the project. But in the about the project. But in the about the project.

sence of a reply the investment will be considered to have been ap-proved. In the official jargon, this is to be known as "positive administrative silence." The new regulations have been

Mr Romaszewski. "They drink only significantly eased since the change was first mooted as part of Spain's "Father Zych has remained alone preparation for EEC membership. in his cell for nine months as he has first, the threshold for purchases been refused the rights of a political by foreigners of controlling stakes in Spanish companies - which the prisoner." Mr Romaszewski said. Government initially proposed lift-Mr Zych, 35, is serving a six-year ing from Pta 25m to Pta 500m prison sentence for hiding the pistol used in the killing in February 1982 (\$2.9m) - has been abandoned altogether.

of a police officer, Sg t. Zbigniew Karos, during a scuttle on a War-Secondly, the easing of procedures, which was originally to have applied only to investments from Mr Zych and seven youths ac-cused of being members of a clan-destine armed group responsible EEC countries, has been extended to include all private-sector investments. for the Karos shooting were con-

Officials said this change was made because companies from outside the EEC could easily bypass Agencies any restriction by investing

through EEC-based subsidiaries and it was simpler if they invested directly.

However, foreign governments and state-controlled companies will continue to be subject to prior au-thorisation before taking controlling holdings in Spain. Approval will also still be required in sectors which have special rules governing will no longer have to obtain government authorisation except in foreign ownership. The most impor tant of these are defence public

utilities, the press and mining.

The change comes after a 70 per cent rise last year in the total of foreign investments approved, which reached a record of Pta 267bn, including investments made by foreign-controlled Spanish companier out of their own reserves.

About two fifths of the total came

from the EEC, with an increasing share from both the U.S. and Japan The Government also decided yesterday to suspend a series of import tariffs - on chicken, eggs, clothing and shoes - in order to ease price pressures.

Tariffs are to be lifted for specified periods, in the case of eggs until June 29 and for the remainder from mid-June to mid-Sentember, A government official said this was signed to coincide with the peak tourism period. Chicken, especially, was in most demand during this pe riod. The measures are intended to target so far this year.

The charred remains of a man

Yugoslavia reacts to **Amnesty** criticism

By Aleksandar Lebl in Belgrade and David Buchan in London

YUGOSLAV officials yesterday said that Amnesty International was "knocking on an open door" in calling on Yugoslavia to drop verbal "hostile propaganda" offences from its penal code.

They said the call in the Amnesty report released yesterday, which claimed that since 1980 more than 500 people a year had been found guilty of "political offences" and given prison sentences of up to 15 years, was partly overtaken by developments inside the country.

The movement for elimina-The movement for elimination, or at least tighter definition, of "hostile propoganda," offences has been particularly strong in the northern republic of Slovenia. Last month the Congress of Yugoslav Writers called for such offences to be dropped from the penal code.

While nationalists, particularly from the ethnic Albanian community in Kosovo, have been prosecuted on more been prosecuted on more serious charges, the Amnesty report, citing Yugoslav official statistics, said that the majority of the 2,208 arrests between 1980-3 were for "verbal offences," such as making jokes about Yugoslav leaders.

The Yugoslav leadership is evidently divided on the need for a better definition of what stop these imported items from constitutes hostile propaganda, pushing up the official consumer The country's high court judges price index, which has been above are currently reviewing possible target so far this year. changes in the penal code. But there are still anxieties about allowing free expression in the allowing free expression in the allowing free expression in the multinational federation. Asked about prosecution of Croat students for singing nationalist seekend, killing 35 people, Reuter reports from San Roque.

Officials said it was impossible to identify the body immediately because it was so badly burned.

Polish students hold protest rally

WARSAW - More than 20,000 Pol-stitute of Philology. The building Party and officially sanctioned Braniewo by an imprisoned Solidish students attending a rally yes-was surrounded by police, but no in-youth groups in academic life at the arity activist, Mr Jozef Sreniowski, ish students attending a rally yesterday at Wrocław University urged cidents were reported. workers to support their protest against proposed changes to the higher education law, a Wroclaw Solidarity activist said.

During the two-hour raily, the students passed a resolution accusing the Government of acting in an "especially revolting" manner by ig-noring the protests of the academic community over the controversial amendments to the higher educa-tion law, said Mr Jozef Pinior, a Solidarity activist in Wroclaw.

"The contents of the proposed amendments constitute a threat to social stability in higher schools," said the resolution, which was read over the telephone by Mr Pinior.

The students also passed another resolution urging workers in local factories to stage legal protest ac-tions to support their campaign against amending the liberal education law, Mr Pinior said.

He said the university's rector sent a representative to speak at the rally which was held at the In-

The rally followed a similar peaceful protest by more than 1,500 students and faculty members at Warsaw University on May 22 against the amendments that would tighten Communist authorities' control over the country's universities. Poland's academic community has charged that authorities want

away the academic freedoms won during the 1980-81 Solidarity era. Poland's higher education law unique in the Soviet bloc - granted the universities considerable autonomy to shape curricula and appoint faculty. It also provided for the democratic election of rectors

and department chairmen. The amendments which the Government plans to submit to parliament for approval would ensure that state authorities have more control in filling senior academic

The changes would also increase the influence of the Communist

expense of democratically-elected who is serving a two-year sentence student government groups and for distributing underground publiuniversity senates.
The Polish Government spokestelephone interview.

man, Mr Jerzy Urban, told a Warsaw news conference on Tuesday that hopefully the "effectiveness of political activities by the student government at Warsaw University can be immensely lowered" by the to change the law in order to strip proposed changes to the education

Meanwhile, a Roman Catholic priest convicted as an accomplice in the murder of a Warsaw policeman has been on a hunger strike for two weeks demanding political prisoner status, a Warsaw opposition activist

The priest, the Rev. Sylwester Zvch, began his hunger strike on May 15 at Braniewo prison in north-east Poland after being kept alone in a cell for nine months, according to Mr Zbigniew Romas-zewski, a prominent Warsaw Solidarity activist.

Mr Zych was joined in his fast at

in September 1982.

victed by a Warsaw military court

saw train.

Brussels backs single TV satellite standard

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

THE EUROPEAN Commission loped C-MAC system. yesterday lent its weight to the campaign for a single European technical standard for television

broadcasting by satellite (DBS). In a bid to head off any repetition of the costly duplica-tion of terrestrial television systems because of the rivalry between France's Secam and West Germany's Pal, the Commission called on member crease in cost
states not to go ahead with any
decision on satellite systems

West Germany's Pal, the Comtelevision set without any increase in cost

Unemployment in the European Community decreased until a Community agreement was reached.

Herr Karl-Heinz-Narjes, the European Commissioner responsible for Industry, Science and embourg. Research, will ask EEC industry with the European rational ministers next week to agree private the following week, and formal ratification by any Council of Ministers later in the month.

The March stress that the end for a population since March. The post of the end for a population since March. The post of the end for a population since March. The control of the end for a population since March. The control of the end for a population since March.

put off a decision on the system itself, Brussels officials point to

This could be adopted along

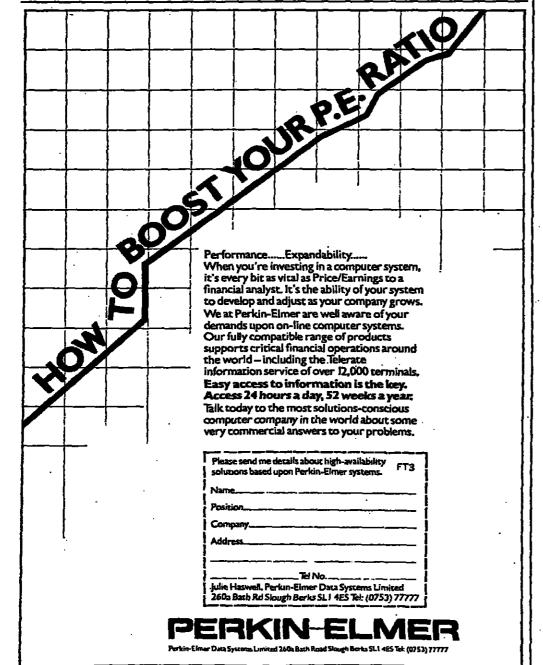
with the alternative version known as D2-MAC, which would of cable television systems currently being installed. Both C-MAC and D2-MAC are compatible, the officials say, and could be received by the same television set without any incompanion. television set without any in-

pean Community decreased slightly to 12.6m people in April, the Community's statis-tics agency Eurostat said yesterday. Renter reports from Lux-It said seasonal factors were

Although the Commission has put off a decision on the system

fell to 11.2 per cent at the end of April from 11.5 per cent at the end of March.

Ireland had the highest unthe unanimous decision by the employment rate with 17.6 per technical committee of the cent, followed by Belgium European Broadcasting Union (13.2), the Netherlands (13.1), in favour of the British-deve-



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London SW1Y 5JG Telephone: 01-839 8890 BY TONY WALKER IN DAMASCUS

PRESIDENT AMIN GEMAYEL of Lehanon, who narrowly escaped serious injury yesterday in an artillery attack on his residence, arrived in Damascus later to ask for Syrian help to stop the bloodshed in Beirut. Mr Gemayel is expected to have extensive talks with Syria's

President Hafez Al-Assad on political and security arrangements for Lebanon after Israel's anticipated withdrawal by June The Lebanese President's

immediate concern is to persuade Syria to help bring an end to the bitter fighting in and around three Palestinian refugee camps in West Beirut that is threatening to spill over into other centres. Syria has indicated it would be most reluctant to send its troops into Beirut to restore order in the present circum-

Commentaries in the official Syrian press have condemned those urging Damascus to intervene, saying that it was an attempt to make "Syria fall into the trap set by the U.S., Israel and Arab reactionary

diplomats Damscus say there has been port yesterday as Shi'ite militia-"no indication" that Syria is men poured tank fire into two about to involve itself further

Syria's strategy appears to be based on the hope that the Amal Shi'lte Moslem militia will take control of the camps, opening the way for a compre hensive settlement between all factions in Lebanon following the Israeli withdrawal.

Syrian statements since the start of the fighting on May 19 have supported the Amai militia in its attempts to rid the camps of Palestinian guerrillas.

This has caused tensions between Syria and Damascusbased Palestinian groups who are making no secret of their disappointment at the Syrian stand.

But it seems that President Assad and his advisers are prepared to tolerate the displeasure of their Palestinian allies in the interests of their wider strategy for Lebanon. Syria has made clear it wants

to see comprehensive security and political reforms in Lebanon following the Israeli withdrawal, and a restless, well-armed Palestinian element in a post-Israeli Lebanon does not come into these calculations. Reuter adds from Beirut: in Shells hit the international airof the three embattled Pales-

in Lebanon.

These diplomats say Israel's recent unhappy experience plus Syria's own bitter memories of the Shi'ites and the Lebanese the difficulties following its army's Sixth Brigade, but Palintervention in Lebanon in estimians still entrenched there appeared to be resisting volvement at this stage unlikely.

Israel, Egypt move nearer Taba area arbitration

BY DAVID LENNON IN TEL AVIV

ISRAEL and Egypt appear to be cutting transport costs. drawing closer to agreement on arbitration of the dispute over the Taba area on the Red Sea coast of Sinai and have agreed to explore the possibility of exp to explore the possibility of ex-panding trade in the field of fuel and petrochemical products.

This emerged at the end of a visit to Jerusalem by Mr Abdel Hadi Kandil, Egyptian Minister of Petroleum and Energy, who discussed Taba and trade issues during his talks with Israeli

stretch of beach at Taba which is claimed by both countries has soured relations between Cairo
and Jerusalem. Isreal operates
a luxury hotel and a holiday
ago and ordered closed by the camp on the controversial site. courts on Tuesday after a fuel oil and its lower price. This A team of senior Israeli search for buyers failed to will require another discussion officials flew to Cairo yesterday officials flew to Cairo yesterday produce an offer acceptable to among Opec members."

to continue discussions which the Government.

The proposal—which, began a few weeks ago on ways Meanwhile, the employees to resolve the border dispute. have barricaded themselves Mr Kandil discussed the possibility of Egypt purchasing that the Government honour its \$70m (£58m) worth of refined earlier pledge not to let the

increasing its oil purchases from Egypt, preferring to maintain diversity of suppliers. However, the two sides did discuss the possible purchase by Israel of Egyptian gas
Some 1 m Israeli workers

during his talks with Israeli will stage a one-hour strike leaders.

The dispute over the 1 Km closure of the Ata textile company and the dismissal of 860

inside the factory, demanding earlier pledge not to let the petroleum products from Israel plant close. The Cabinet is lighter varieties in currinstead of from Europe, thus expected to take up the issue ging market conditions.

Sudan allies look for pledges on treaties

By John Murray Brown in

SUDAN'S major allies, proviked into a flurry of diplomatic activity by the new military Government's apparent rap-prochement with Libya, are seeking assurances that traditional ties and treaties will be

In separate but seemingly

related moves, Mr Samuel Aru Bol, Sudan's Deputy Prime Minister, left for Cairo yesterday for talks with Egyptian officials while Mr Chester Crocker, the U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for African affairs, concluded two days of hastily-arranged meetings with the country's leadership.

Both Egypt, anxious to ensure continued access to the waters of the Nile which runs the length of Sudan, and the U.S., which sees the country as playing a major strategic role in
the troubled Horn of Africa,
were deeply alarmed by reports
las week that the new Government was planning to abrogate all bilateral agreements with

In Cairo yesterday, Mr Bol stressed that Sudan, while seek-ing better relations with Libya, wanted ties to Egypt to "remain

Mr Ibrahim Ayoub, Sudan's Foreign Minister, said in Khartoum yesterday that Sudan enjoys a special relationship with Egypt, and while there was "much talk of reviewing the accords," the Government had not formulated a new

policy.
Reports of the interview, together with the visit of Col Muammas Gadafi, the Libyan leader, prompted Mr Crocker to break off from a European tour for talks with Government Ministers.

Saudis want Opec to agree crude price cut By Richard Johns

SAUDI ARABIA is seeking agreement with other members of the Organisation of Petro-Jeum Exporting Countries for a reduction in the price of heavy crude oils in a move to increase their competitiveness against

In an interview with the newspaper Al-Sharq Al-Awsat, Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, Saudi Minister of Oil, was quoted yesterday at saying:
"Time has come to reduce the
price of heavy oil because of

ted, would involve an effective lowering of the average price of bound to meet fierce opposition from producers dependent on lighter varieties in current sag-

Chris Sherwell examines problems facing the multilateral funding agency

America's tough tactics add to turmoil at the ADB

THE BANK official grimaced, ment Fund, and a persistent "Joe Rogers tells all," the news-question mark hanging over paper headline shouted at him, China's membership. pointing to a picture of the youthful Mr Rogers in a maga-zine, he said the caption was more appropriate. "Eufant terrible?" it suggested.

The disgruntled official is a senior figure in the Asian Devesenior ngure in the Asian Deve-lopment Bank, the multilateral lending agency based in Manila which helps fund projects in Asian developing countries. Joe Rogers is the new U.S. represen-tative on the ADB's board of governors. In six months he has caused an almighty stir.

How and why he has done this was summed up in the interview below the newspaper headline, which appeared on the day the ADB's annual meeting opened in Bangkok last month. "The U.S.... completely rejects the idea that there is such a thing as 'development economics'," he had said. As for the ADB, it was "intellectually fairly sterile."
The hip-shooting Mr Rogers

is a former chief of staff to Congressman Jack Kemp, political apostle of supply-side economics in the U.S. He wants change at the ADB: he wants lending geared to the adoption of market-oriented policies by recipient governments, he wants American contributions to the bank made conditional on the introduction of such practices, and he wants a wholesale shakeup of ADB staff and pay. As the U.S. reviews its policies towards all the multi-lateral agencies, the ADB is clearly at something of a crossroads. Its position is com-plicated further by two other

unresolved issues: funding for

Taiwan's refusal to be called "Taiwan, China" because that is too close to the phrase "Hong Kong, China" used in the Peking-London agreement on the British colony's future.
Peking, however, refuses to
accept "China, Taiwan." A
suggestion in Bangkok that Taiwan consider a hyphen instead of a comma served to illustrate the sensitivities which can enliven, or deaden, a multi-

At the heart of the problem

The funding issue is just as illustrative. When the ADB illustrative. sought \$4.1bn (£3.28bn) from 21 donor governments for the ADF over the 1983-86 period, only a gesture from Japan, the largest shareholder with the U.S., prevented the amount falling well below the \$3.2bn eventually

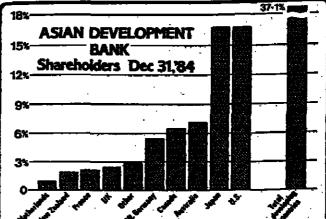
In formal statements at the

Bangkok meeting, country after country-but not the U.S.urged an early resolution of the China question so that the world's most populous nation in the world's most populous con-tinent could be admitted to the bank. Last year's concession by Peking, dropping its insistence on Taiwan's expulsion, has plainly put Taiwan under pressure to agree to a new membership name, and the latest haggling is testing Peking's patience.

lateral agency's proceedings.

agreed. The gesture made Japan by far the biggest donor to the Fund.

Now there is a triple problem. The U.S. has fallen behind on its current contri-butions, mainly because of the the bank's concessional lending domestic budgetary process; arm, called the Asian Developit will say nothing at this stage



about the next "replenishment" covering 1987-90, when the to request any funds from the ADB wants \$5hn; and it may Congress" although he added fall out with Japan and the Europeans over a plan for a bank capital increase. America's current contribu-

tions are the subject of a supplementary budget now before the Congress, but it could be some time before the matter is settled. To keep the pressure on, other countries, including Britain, West Germany, France and Italy, are not releasing their full contributions. butions — thereby magnifying the bank's problems.

Japan, by contrast, announced just before the Bangkok meeting that it would release its full 1985 contribution of \$300m. Other countries, including Australia and the Scandinavians, have done the same; but the shortfall in 1985 contributions still runs into hundreds of millions of dollars. As for 1987-90, Joe Rogers been "rationalised" and has said pointedly that Presi-agricultural projects

dent Reagan "does not intend Congress," although he added that the position could change. On the third issue of a special

capital increase, the U.S. is at odds with smaller European countries which would like an adjustment to give them larger shareholdings more commen-surate with their contributions to the ADF. Japan, wishing to maintain its 16.8 per cent stake, would go along with this, but the U.S. is against an increase and an erosion of its parity with

Where things go from here plainly depends on changes made at the ADB itself. In Bangkok, the American delegation—in more moderate terms than those deployed by Mr Rogers, spelled out the sort of lending it expected: the ADR should, for example, fund utility projects where tariffs have been "rationalised" and finance

unhappy at the way some of the criticisms have been voiced, accepts the force of the American argument, and some officials readily admit to the institution's undoubted structural weakenesses. But they say changes have begun, and had started long before the U.S.

They point to the increase in co-financing with private banks, the encouragement already given to the private sector by lending to state development finance institutions, and the declared aim of making the ADB a source of advice on questions such as capital market development or privatisation.
Above all, they point to the policy departure now being considered of lending direct to the private sector without securing government guarantees.

government guarantees.

But they also point out the difference between theory and practice, rhetoric and reality. After all, the scope for helping the private sector in Asia poorest countries may be very limited because, almost by definition, they do not have the infrastructure which they need to hulld even more desperately. Officials say this deserves change long-term finance.

A glaring contrast in the ADE-between Japan and the US emerges from this fundamental debate on foreign aid. Japan debate on foreign aid. Japan long the dominant force in the bank (the president is always. Japanese), appears ready to combine the unquestioningly. The U.S. anxious to secure better returns for its money without losing its power in influence bank policy, has begun to sound more strident and more sceptical.

Guerrilla raid kills 17 in Philippine provinces

MANILA - Communist guerrillas raided a military base and a logging company in two Philippine provinces, triggering gun battles that killed at least 17 and 21 were wounded according to government reports.

Five rebels, four soldiers and a

municipal councillor were killed last Thursday when about 200 insurgents attacked a constabulary patrol base in Maslog municipality on Samar island, 300 miles southeast of Manila. It is believed that 10 guerrillas have died and their bodies were

carried off as the rebels retreated after a three-hour exchange. The military said seven guerrillas were killed on Monday when government troops repulsed a 100-man rebel band that tried to raid a log-ging company compound on the outskirts of Butuan city on southern Mindanao island, 500 miles southeast of Manila. A soldier and a

company guard were wounded.

Gen. Fidel V. Ramos ordered an in vestigation of reports that local military authorities in Samar were holding hostage the 18-month-old daughter of a communist rebel commander to force him and his wife to

Reports reaching Gen Ramos said that during a military opera-tion last August, soliders took the baby from a Samar couple to whom the parents had entrusted her. The local military had appealed to the baby's parents to surrender, promising them amnesty and jobs,

but the couple rejected the offer. Meanwhile, army troopers pursu ing a 200-man guerrilla bank that raided a ranger headquarter on Ne-gros Island on Sunday shot and killed three suspected members of the group in a clash Tuesday, regional commander Brig, Gen, Isido-

ro de Guzman said. De Guzman said the soldiers also recovered about 4,000 rounds of ammunition believed to have been tak-In Manila, armed forces chief Lt. en by the guerrillas during the raid

HK transition watchdog sets meeting date

PEKING - The Sino-British watchdog group overseeing Hong Kong's transition to Chinese rule in 1997 will hold its first meeting in London in July, the two governments announced yesterday.

A joint press statement said the

Joint Liaison Group would meet in London from July 22 to 25. An early task of the 10-m

consultative committee will be finding ways of maintaining Hong Kong's status in various world trade arrangements, such as the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gett).
A British official said the commit-

tee, set up this month, would probably meet three times a year in London, Peking and Hong Kong. change of documents in Peking rati-

fying the Sino-British agreement Under the accord, Britain will hand back the colony of more than 5m people to China in 1997.

Bangladesh braced for possible second cyclone DHAKA - Bangladesh was braced said damage was much less than

yesterday for a possible second cy-clone after a tidal wave triggered by a cyclone battered its southern coast last Friday, killing as many as 10,000 people.

The Dhaka weather hureau said

a cyclone was now about 900 miles south-west of Bangladesh in the Bay of Bengal. It was moving porthwards and could hit the coast in the next few days unless it dissipated, officials said.

They also said two tropical dis-turbances, which could develop and strangthen into cyclones in the next two days, were heading towards Bangladesh from the Bay of Ben-

London, Peking and Hong Kong.

The warnings came as BanglaMeanwhile, Bangladesh has retensition was formally desh counted the cost of a 45ft tidal ceived commitments for \$1.6m in launched on Monday with an exwave which swamped seven islands aid for victims of the cyclone and on Friday. In addition to the deaths, tidal wave. 5m were affected and 250,000 lost

sand damage was much less man-some earlier reports suggested.
Rescuers were still searching for about 12,000 people reported by res-idents to have been swept away. Dhaka newspapers said many of these affected by the tidal wave ig-nored warnings broadcast on state

They said poor roads and transport facilities along the coast discouraged villagers from fleeing and the authorities lacked the means to About 250,000 people in the flood-hit districts of Vomilia and Sylhet in eastern Bangladesh moved to

higher ground after three rivers had burst their banks.

The U.S. Government so far has

their homes.

But officials of foreign aid agencies who inspected the devastated pledged \$525,000, Britain \$62,000 the European Commission \$375,000, the UN \$525,000 and the West Gerarea for the first time yesterday man Red Cross \$100,000.

AMERICAN NEWS

Nicaragua embargo attacked in **Gatt council**

By William Dullforce in Geneva THE U.S. trade embargo aganst THE U.S. trade embargo against Nicaragua was strongly condemned here yesterday by South the new blueprint the outlines American and other countries of the underlying principles which inspired the Treasury's which inspired the Treasury's within the council of the General Agreement on Tariffs

and Trade (Gatt).

Sr Orlando Solorzano, the Nicaraguan Vice-Minister for External Trade, found wide support within the council for his argument that the U.S. action violated five articles of the Gat; and should be revoked. Mr Peter Murphy, the head

of the U.S. mission, however, insisted that President Ronald Reagan's embargo, announced on May 1, was valid under Gatt's Article 21 which allows a country to take action to protect essential security interests. He denied that Gatt, as an international trade organsiating. international trade organisationjudgment on such a matter.

The American view that Gatt lt were implemented in its was thew rong forum to resolve current form to argue that, the issue was supported by the European Economic Community and some other countries but. according to a Gatt spokesman. no delegate to the council ex-pressed outright backing for the pressed outriend U.S. embargo.

The Nicaraguan Vice-Minister said that, even after Washington in 1983 had reduced by 90 per cent the quota for imports of Nicaraguan sugar, 13 per cent of the country's total exports still went to the U.S. Nicaragua looked to the U.S. for crucial. imports of consumer goods. items essential to farming and industrial goods, including spare parts for the transport

Half a dozen South and Central American countries, including Brazil, Argentina, Columbia a rapidly-shrinking share of to increase tax revenue by and Cuba, were the first to supthe national tax bill.

Seen the company sector paying capital expenditure is estimated to increase tax revenue by the national tax bill.

Saftable in 1990.

Stewart Fleming in Washington examines the Administration's plan

Reagan's blueprint for tax reform

plan and which drew such high praise from academic tax experts and economists last year, However, the compromises mean that the goal of simplicity which underpinned the earlier

draft has now, in effect, been abandoned; the opportunities for exploiting tax loopholes and for sheltering income from taxation have been much less rigorously curtailed.
So these compromises, designed to make the tax reform package more politically

acceptable, may paradoxically make it harder not easier for the White House to secure congressional approval of the reform package it wants. It will be much easier for the many critics of the proposal who would face higher taxes if

since other interest groups have won concessions, they also have a right to expect the tax blow to be cushioned.

The big losers from the Reagan Administration's reform

are companies which have been investing heavily in capital equipment or using investment tax preferences to shelter profits from tax. The proposal, which is specifically designed to bring in to the U.S. Treasury roughly Changes in tax preferences the same amount of tax for companies will bring in subrevenue as the existing system by 1990, would cut individual

from sector to sector. So tax

It is designed to reverse the

trend of recent years which has

PLANS BY President Ronald economists still argue that, by posed f Reagan for reforming the U.S. improving the allocation of the tax system are far less sweep tax burden according to depreclation

the Administration says will depreciation to the useful lower company taxes by \$42bn economic lives of assets and (£33.6bn) by 1990, is a reduction in the basic corporation tax rate from 46 per cent to 33 per cent. But this is more than offset by removal of the other in 1990. corporate tax breaks. This White House, will reduce

the after tax cost of corporate

for depreciation Proposals for reducing the accelerated double taxation of dividend in system (ACRS) income have also been modified. Reagan for reforming the U.S. improving the allocation of the schedules. The accelerated double taxation of dividend tax system are far less sweeptax burden according to depreciation system (ACRS) income have also been modified.

In accelerated double taxation of dividend tax burden according to depreciation system (ACRS) income have also been modified.

In accelerated double taxation of dividend allocation by the Reagan The modification would allow floated by the Treasury in largely in response to the Administration in 1981 which companies to deduct 10 per November last year. direction of more efficiently although not as radically as proallocating capital.

The basic modification, which the Administration says will

take into account the impact of inflation on capital assets. It is estimated to increase corpor-ate tax bills by around \$15.4bn

The more far-reaching reform change in the tax rate was also of depreciation proposed by the recommended by the Treasury that November and, according to modified in the face of heavy political opposition from big

The taxation package is far less sweeping than the Treasury's initial proposals and loses the earlier goal of simplicity

equity capital relative to debt upward pressures on interest heavy caused by borrowing.

However, the plan does not abolish the favourable graduated corporate tax for smaller companies as proposed last November, which would have significantly added to the tax burden on small business. stantial new revenue, and offset the big reductions in taxation taxes by 5.2 per cent and raise from reducing the corporation corporate taxes by 23 per cent. tax rate. Repeal of the invest- as \$19.7bn in 1987. ment tax credit which corporations receive on many forms of also significantly modifies the

The compromise (the earlier and so could also lessen the Treasury proposal would have raised corporate taxes by \$68bn by 1990) represents a retreat from the principle that the tax system should not provide incentives for particular types of investment or sectors of industry.

The Administration's plan also includes a proposal to increase tax revenues by eliminating an opportunity to exploit the transition from one depreciation system to another. This "recapture" tax proposal is estimated to bring in as much The White House proposal

largely in response to the Administration in 1981 which companies to deduct to per gave massive new tax breaks to cent of the dividends they pay ticular business lobbies can the corporate sector and bring to bear, the changes outsided new tax avoidance per cent dividend deduction schemes, would be modified suggested by the Treasury. Other modifications from the more-radical Treasury proposals include the restoration of certain tax preferences for oil and gas companies. It is a major

retreat which reflects the continuing power of the oil lobby. A special low tax rate on capital gains of 17.5 per cent, which continues the opportunity for shielding earnings from higher marginal income tax rates, is restored. The first Treasury plan proposed aboli-tion of the distinction between income and capital gains.

There are also a myriad of

detailed changes proposed for financial institutions and insurance companies which it is estimated would raise some \$6.9bn by 1990.

The other big losers beyond the corporate sector are those individuals, and indirectly the states and communities in which they live, who would lose the right to take specific itemised deductions for the state and

culate the federal tax on the income which remains. The Treasury estimates that in 1990 this would bring in an extra As President Reagan stressed in his televised address, individuals stand to gain most from Navv the tax reform plans. Reducing from 14 to 3 the number of tax brackets and lowering the top

1990, according to Treasury estimates. Millions of low income families will be taken out of the tax net as a result of generous increases in personal port the Nicaraguan contention. The impact of the increases This would also increase vidual interest receipts and allowances so that people below that the U.S. embargo violated in company taxation would vary individual taxes by \$7bn. payments, which would have the official poverty line will not the official poverty line will not Another major shift is pro- cost \$19bn by 1990, is dropped. pay tax.

marginal tax rate from 50 per

cent to 35 per cent will cut individual taxes by \$72bn in

local taxes they pay and cal-

Congress uncovers the \$659 ashtray

By Our U.S. Editor AND NOW the \$659 (£527) ashtray. The latest in a long

list of farcical prices paid by the U.S. armed forces for humdrum items of equipment was confirmed by the navy yesterday. It came with a \$404 socket spanner for tightening bolts on ejection

The items were supplied by Grumman Aerospace — the nation's 11th largest defence contractor — to the Miramar naval air station in southern California over a period starting in January 1982. From then until April 1983, the navy also watched the price of Grumman landing-gear clamps increase by more than 2,500 per cent, from \$102 to \$2,710 each.

The latest spare parts fiasco follows in the line of a lengthening services trad-ition established in recent months with the \$640 tollet seat cover, the \$7,480 coffee pot and the \$16,571 refrigerator, to name but a few. Mr Michael Burch, the

Pentagon spokesman, said that there was "no excuse" for the Grumman billings, ancovered by a House committee investigator, and that immediate refunds would be demanded from the company, officers authorised the purchases would be disciplined and

possibly dismissed. Grumman said that it would consider reductions in the prices if they were "out of line." A navy spokesman said that the four by four inch chrome ashtrays, which attach to bulkheads on the E2C electronic surveillance aircraft. were designed to "withstand certain stresses at

Pentagon reviews nuclear strategy to incorporate SDI

BY REGINALD DALE, U.S. EDITOR IN WASHINGTON

THE PENTACON is conducting a major review of U.S. nuclear strategy with the aim of the Pershing 2 medium-range co-ordinating control over offensive nuclear forces and the Star Wars weapons Star Wars weapons While some officials, argue Reagan, according to Admini-stration officials.

The plan is intended to join the nuclear sword with the anti-missile shield in a "good, coherent posture," possibly coherent posture," possibly under the control of a nuclear war-fighting command, a senior official said in an interview with the New York Times

The review, the most expensive in more than 10 years, was designed to "update nuclear employment plans and guidance for the transition from offence of defence in the 1000c." to defence in the 1990s. It would also take in the strategic role of the new

that the new weapons should be brought into integrated, flexible brought into integrated, flexible war plans, others are resisting the need for a new strategy, or disputing what form it should take. The joint chiefs of staff are reported to be opposing the idea of a new command that would take control of both offensive and defensive forces.

Washington officials resistant.

Washington officials said that the integrated plans were being particularly strongly opposed by the navy, which has long insisted on keeping control over its ballistic weapon-carrying submarines. The navy also wants to be in charge of the cruise missiles with which both surface generation of nuclear weapons ships and submarines are being that the U.S. is beginning to equipped.

Brazil delays asking for further loans

BY ANN CHARTERS IN SAO PAULO

Brazil's Finance Minister, said yesterday that Brazil would not brazil would not brazil. ask its creditor banks for new money until after an agreement has, announced a prolonged is reached in the current phase freeze of prices and service is reached in the current phase three renegotiations on outstanding debt.

Speaking at a businessovernment seminar in Brasilia. Sr Dornelles admitted that the country would need new money. but said that the subject should be taken up in a future round of negotiations with fewer banks. He said it was unlikely that all of the country's creditor banks, especi-

SR FRANCISCO DORNELLES, ally the smaller ones, would be

Meanwhile, the Government fees in the public sector until late June and a release of government-held stock of rice. black beans and corn increase domestic supplies of these basic items in the Brazilian diet.

With these measures the

Government hopes to stabilise the monthly inflation rate between 7 and 8 per cent for the next three or four months.



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The Mercedes-Benz engineers, with the requirement to create a flagship worthy of our marque, are in that happy position as well.

The result is the superb Mercedes-Benz S-class.

The car breathes quiet perfection. Everything on it is functional as well as When you can have any car in the world. not contain a single component which is not, in our opinion,



-(A) THE MERCEDES-BENZ S-CLASS-

The ride is a fluid partnership between the impeccable suspension, the inimitable automatic gearbox, the aero-dynamically sympathetic shape and the gentle-giant engine.

Because, like so many genuinely powerful things, the S-class engines don't have to work hard to impress you.

For example, the 500SE offers you 85% of its maximum torque at just a little over the engine idling speed of most other cars in its class.

And, at 70mph, is still only turning at a leisurely 2,200rpm.

In their quest for perfection, our engineers' dedication is limitless; their eye for detail misses nothing.

Even little items like the optional electronic seat control have been described as a 'marvel'.

Basically, it's a tiny two-part model of a seat. Simply adjust it with your fingertip and your own seat will mimic any position, precisely.

When you can have any car in the world, you have a choice between five S-class models. Any one of them will be perfect.

And nothing else in the world will do.



Engineered like no other car in the world.

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Germany attacked over aid policy

By Leslie Colitt in Berlin

A STUDY of Bonn's overseas aid sharply criticises the growing linkage between assistance and West German exports. Over the past five years the percentage of official aid linked to deliveries of German goods has risen from 22 per cent to 32 per cent. This, says the study, is a result of the Bonn Government's emphasis on using development aid to bolster domestic employment.

The study by the German Institute of Economic Research (DIW) in West Berlin notes that West Germany still gives a smaller percent-age of its aid linked to exports than the average of the western industrial countries which was 42 per cent

last year. DIW notes, however, that the West German Development Ministry's guidelines stipulate that wherever several projects are of equal worth, the ones involving the greatest amount of German goods take

The study is critical of "mixed financing" in which development aid is tied with favourable commercial credits. This blend enjoys increasing favour with the Bonn Governthe Development Assistance Ministry, is quoted as having said such aid rose from DM 440m in 1982 to DM 2bn (\$643m) last year. The advantage to the Government is that its aid subsidies are reduced to about 50 per cent with mixed fi-

nancing.
DIW claims, however, the normally high quality of German development aid suffers. Small projects for the lowest strata of the aided populations are rejected in favour of large projects with mixed financing, for example in electric power generation and communications. In addition, it says, the poorest developing countries rarely qualify for mixed financing because of their already high debt level.

FINANCIAL

is available early every Monday-Friday in many major Scandinavian towns

joint venture to boost sales

BY CARLA RAPOPORT IN TOKYO

ROTHMANS International, the UK tobacco company, is planning to launch a joint venture with Marubeni, the Japanese trading company, in order to boost sales to Japan. Although Marubeni refused to comment officially on the project yesterday, it is understood that the deal will be announced next month. Current plans call for the establishment of a Japanese joint-venture company which will be two thirds

owned by Rothmans and one third by Marubeni. Rothmans International in the UK also declined to comment on

the venture yesterday. Japan is the second largest cigarette market in the world - after the U.S. - and has annual sales of about \$12bn. This represents some 311.5bn cigarettes, compared with 97bn in the UK.

Imported cigarettes total 5.6bn. or some 1.9 per cent of the Japanese market

Japan officially liberalised the rules governing the import of for-eign cigarettes last month. As a result, the Rothmans-Marubeni deal is the latest in a string of joint ventures between tobacco companies, such as R. J. Reynolds and Liggett ment. Dr Jürgen Warnke, head of and Myers of the U.S., with Japa-

nese trading companies. Rothmans currently has three brands on the Japanese market, including the Dunhill, Cartier and Rothmans' brands. It has previously been linked with Sanyo Trading but has so far managed to capture only 2.6 per cent of the imported cigerette market in Japan. Philip Morris is the best-selling foreign tobacco company in Japan, with about 75 per cent of the import mar-

Due to the recent liberalisation measures, foreign cigarette companies say they are now looking to double their share of the overall market this year to between 4 and 5 per cent of the total.

Before the recent liberalisation foreign manufacturers could only sell their products through the Go ernment-owned tobacco monopoly. Only five years ago, foreign tobacco companies were allowed to adver-tise in English-language publica-

tions only. However, foreign cigarette companies feel that the Japanese tobacco market is far from free because the state-owned tobacco company runs an effective monopoly over domestic manufacture and sales of apanese cigarettes.

Ap adds from Tokyo: A Marubeni official, who asked not to be named, said a basic agreement was reached to establish the new company. De-tails would be concluded on June 10. He refused to say when the agreement was reached

He said the number of cigarettes to be produced and the number of employees of the company remained to be negotiated The economic daily Nihon Keizai

Shimbun reported yesterday that Rothmans would pay two thirds of the Y500m (\$1.99m) capital for the new company.

U.S. steel import quotas not working, says Senator

HOLES IN THE U.S. Govern-share in the first quarter of ment programme to limit steel 1985 compared to the same imports are enabling countries period of 1984." ment programme to limit steel imports are enabling countries to continue to flood the U.S. with steel products, the Chairman of the Senate steel caucus said this week, AP reports from

Washington. "Our experience in the past few months suggests the pro-gramme is not working as effectively as had been hoped," Mr John Heinz, Republican senator said in a letter to Presi-dent Ronald Reagan, "Imports have increased in terms of bath

Without naming offenders, Mr Heinz said countries are "disguising" their flow of steel into the U.S. by first sending it to nations not subject to steel shipment restrictions. Those to compete with France, West Gercountries then pass the steel on to the U.S., he said.

"Diversion through third parties, particularly Canada, in order to disguise the source of have increased in terms of both the steel is a growing problem," actual tonnage and market he said.

Rothmans in Japan | Voest in \$285m joint venture with Oki

BY PATRICK BLUM IN YIENNA

VOEST-ALPINE, the Austrian state-owned steel, engineering and electronics group, has signed a joint venture deal AMI plant, with an initial worth about \$285m (£226m) investment of about \$16m for with Oki Electric Industry of tests and assembly. This will Japan to produce integrated circults in Austria.

The strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of \$121m to set up the strength of \$1 The deal represents a major production of electronic wafers

breakthrough for Voest which and a final investment of about has made considerable efforts \$148m. All investments will be to develop its electronics activities since the beginning of the Austrian Government will try," he says.

1980s. The company has close provide subsidies representing Austria has many advantages.

ties with International Business Machines (IBM) and a joint venture with American Microsystems International (AMI). But its deal with Oki is its most important undertaking in elec-tronics so far.

More help for

By Nancy Dunne in Washington

A CONGRESSIONAL sub-commit-

tee is urging increased U.S. assistance to China for developing its en-

ergy resources and approval of a key agreement on telecommunica-

tions to improve the U.S. share of

In a new report, the House of

Representatives' sub-committee on

trade with China said that the U.S.

must supplement Japan's assis-

tance for China's energy sector

more fully otherwise China would

have to rely increasingly on exports of textiles, clothing and other light

industrial products as a source for

Nuclear co-operation with China

could help it to meet its energy

needs. The report complains that

the Administration has failed to

submit a nuclear co-operation agreement initialled by President

Ronald Reagan during his trip to China in 1984. Despite China's as-

sistance to such non-nuclear weap-ons states as Pakistan and Argenti-

na the sub-committee concludes

that its improvement in its ap-

proach to nuclear proliferation is

Although the Administration has

failed to push ahead with the nu-

clear power pact, China has delayed

its decision on a purchase of 10

reactors it has planned to buy. U.S.

companies still have an opportunity

many, Italy and Brazil for that con-

tract, expected to be worth about

Sibn, the report says.

The U.S. has also failed to exploit

tions trade with China.

worthly of American support

foreign exchange.

the growing China market.

China urged

ment. Oki will own 51 per cent of the plant and Voest the remaining 49 per cent. Oki will provide know-how

Gratz, in Styria, close to the Europe. Herr Otto Zich, Voest's youthful executive vice-president in charge of electronics, says the agreement for Oki is important not only for his company, but also for the future of Austria. "No country can hope to succeed by the year 2000 without

about 40 per cent of the investfor the development of electronics, he argues. It has a disciplined and well-trained workforce and many skilled. Wages compare engineers. and licences and the greater favourably with most other co-operation with IBM which part of production which is due European countries and are cur-

will be exported to Western than in West Germany. Oki was eager to set up production in Europe and we could offer them

the right conditions, he says. For the Austrian company the move is just another step in a strategy agreed in 1980 to diversity into electronics when it invested \$8m in a small electronics components plant near Linz, where it has its headquarters.

Two years later it started up a plant for printed circuits in Leoben-Donawitz, in Styria, after an initial investment of \$10m. The plant is fully owned by Voest, but was developed in

The agreement with Oki to begin before summer 1986 rently about 30 per cent lower expanded with an additional in vestment of \$10m by the end of next year. Voest and IMB have a long-term agreement worth about \$160m for Voest to supply multi-layered printed circuit boards for IBM's European operations.

(IXI)

Last year Austria Microsve teme International, a \$50m joint venture with Ami of the U.S., finally started production. Start-up was delayed because of U.S. concerns over technology transfers to the east bloc. Herr Zich said that these problems were over with the adoption earlier this year of legislation which effectively controls non-Austrian technology exports to Eastern

Textiles remain a knotty problem for U.S.-China trade relations

involves setting up a plant near

THE CHINESE Government is still smouldering over last year's changes in American policy on textile imports. From the Chinese side, the issue continues to mar improved rela-tions between the two countries. The issue was not resolved by Mr Malcolm Baldrige, the U.S. Commerce Secretary, during his recent visit to China. He and his hosts held some frank discussions in which they stated publicly what they did not like about each other's trade poli-cles and what could be done to

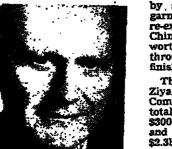
make the relationship more meaningful. The two countries still cannot agree on which one has the trade surplus and which

has the trade surplus and which has the deficit.

Mr Baldrige talked about what all foreign businessmen based here talk about incessantly... the extraordinary costs of running a business in China. He called the problem "the high costs of doing business relative to other countries." A block of flats for businessmen has just opened in businessmen has just opened in Peking, and a long-term lease on a three-bedroom flat costs indirect \$6,400 (£5,040) a month plus a products. management fee of \$300 a

Mr Baldrige also spoke of "a number of Chinese commercial can figures, those exports had a practices" continuing to "act value of \$1.3bn, up \$290m from as barriers to U.S. firms in 1983), so the Chinese chagrin China," and cited the over the new prohibitive textile "uncertain application of trade laws is understandable. Chinese customs, practices and tariffs."

statistics is a continuing source from evading American quotas. U.S. statistics.



Malcolm Baldrige-failed to smooth the ruffles.

of disagreement. According to the Chinese, the U.S. had a trade surplus of \$1.5bn last year, out of total bilateral trade worth \$6.1bn. According to the Americans, the Chinese had a small surplus of \$60m from a bilateral total of \$6.07bn, up from \$4.4bn in 1983. The difference comes from U.S. officials including in their calculations indirect trade of Chinese

About 42 per cent of Chinese exports to the U.S. are textile products (according to Ameri-

The laws, announced last The differing application of vent textile-exporting nations

by shipping partly completed garments to third countries for re-export under unused quotas. China ships millions of dollars worth of U.S.-bound textiles through Hong Kong for

The Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang, on meeting the U.S. Commerce Secretary noted that total American imports are \$300bn worth of goods annually, and China's share is only

A spokesman for Chinese foreign economic trade relations, Huang Wenjun, said that a Chinese delegation planned to go to the U.S. soon to discuss the tightened laws.

On the development side, China has spent \$1bn this year on purchasing 14 aircraft, including the recently-concluded \$350m deal with Boeing for eight passenger jets. CAAC, the Chinese national airline, has bought a total of 40 aircraft in the past two years, most of them from the U.S.

The leading U.S. exports to China, after wheat, are fertilisers, lumber, resins, rubber, locomotives and struments, exports of which were worth \$178.5m last year. Despite the wrangles, the bottom line is that trade between the two countries in the first two months of this year was up 20 per cent on the same period last year, according to

Lisbon selects telecom groups

By Diana Smith in Lisbon

A SHORT list of four major telecommunications equipment manufacturers will offer final proposals to the Portuguese Government during the first week in June for the first \$80m (£71.4m) segment of digital equipment det ned to modernise Portugal's faltering telecommunications network.

The four short-listed companies — Alcatel - Thompson (France). Siemens (West Germany), ITT and Philips/ATT—were picked from a dozen bidders including Plessey of the UK which offered its digital System X.

The authorities plan to con vert to digital switching gradually. According to official estimates long-range investment of some Es 200bn (£952m) may be involved.

The final choice is likely to be affected by the Government's wish to have most of the equipment made on Portuguese soil. This may weigh in favour of ITT whose Standard Electrica offshoot has long operated in Portugal. Recently ITT directors an-

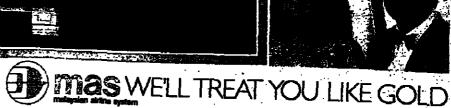
nounced plans to invest \$36m to modern's and expand Standard Electrica plants with a view to making digital equipment in Portugal. Siemens and Philips also

have factories in Portugal and have entered telecommunica-tions here more actively in recent years.

Signs point to an option by the authorities, for political reasons for two digital systems. trying to placate as many of Portugal's major investor and creditor countries as possible.

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THE FORGING industry has developed a new "warm forg-ing" process which it hopes will win back customers who have switched to using casungs

and pressings.

Forgings, hammered out of red-hot metal and requiring a high degree of manual skill to produce, have recently been losing ground to castings and pressings, which tend to be lighter and easier to produce.

but less strong.

However, the process being used by Anslow, a Duport subused by Anslow, a Duport sub-sidiary, based in Britain's West Midlands, cuts out much energy waste in traditional forging. Normally, about 30 per cent of the metal used in a drop forging becomes "flash," the material which is squeezed away from the forging under pressure and therefore wasted. This is sold back to steel makers at around 10 per cent

makers at around 10 per cent
of its purchase price.
In warm forging metal is
heated to 800 deg C (against
1,200 deg C normally) and put
under pressure in an enclosed
die, achieving around 98 per
cent material use and reducing the need for finishing work. The process was purchased from EPAG, a concern which spent considerable sums on development, but was unable to bring it to the market. Dupont which suffered badly during the recession because of its steel interests, saw this as a useful

diversification.

Mr Don Parkes, general
manager of Duport Engineering
Services, which is selling the new technology, said there had heen over capacity in recent years in the drop forging industry and warm forging offered a badly needed technical advance. "There are many problems connected with the traditional

forging process, such as noise, heat and manual bandling. Over-heating was also a danger, creating fragility in the and a considerable amount of energy was wasted in heating to high temperatures. In addition, it was necessary

to make forgings which were closer to the shape required by customers, reducing machining and other finishing costs. The life of dies has been lengthened, although a prob-lem had to be overcome. This was the over-filling of dies, which led to fracturing, and presses are now being used to make the forging, rather than

BY PETER MARSH

A QUARTET of aerospace companies in chasing the clusive goal of being the first to de-velop a space vehicle that can travel into orbit from a runway. like an ordinary aircraft.

Conventionally, engineers use vertically-mounted rockets to take payloaods such as satellites into space. These craft gain the necessary velocity using a series of individual rocket motors which fire in sequence and are later jettisoned. In the U.S., Lockheed says it

has the technical advances to build a vehicle that zooms into orbit from a horizontal take-off. It would require several billion Like Lockheed, Boeing and

McDonnell Douglas are working on such vehicles under contracts with the U.S. Department of Defense. The Pentagon is in-terested in the craft because of their potential for fighting wars in space in the 1990s. With the vehicles, engineers

could quickly and efficiently transport large masses into orbit, for example communica-tions satellites or parts of laserbattle stations. Such journeys could be accomplished without the lengthy periods needed to prepare for orbit conventional ocket-based vehicles, such as the space shuttle.

In Britain, British Aerospace conducted studies

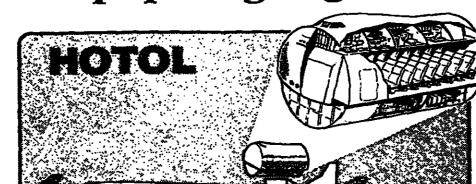
EXPERT

HOTOL (Horizontal Take-Off and Landing) that would per-form similarly to the U.S. vehicles. British Aerospace says HOTOL would cost 14bn to develop. During the early stages of its journey into orbit, HOTOL would breathe oxygen from the air, like an ordinary jet.

As well as lifting large structures into space, it could ferry up to 60 passengers between Europe and Australia in about an hour, flying at nine times the speed of sound (Mach 9).

None of the companies are willing to discuss how their vehicles would work. This is both on commercial grounds and because of the relevance of the craft to future military operations in space. In Britain, the Ministry of

discussion of the details of the vehicle's technology. The pro-ject started three years ago Europe's Ariane. with studies by Alan Bond, a On their drawing boards, propulsion expert at the UK engineers have produced designs



shire. Mr Bond is a partner in not one but two fuels are used. a company Commercial Space Technologies, that seeks to applications HOTOL.

bustion chambers to provide

over the past 30 years, separate sets of tanks of fuel and oxygen are required for each of up to four stages which burn before being jettisoned.

A reusable space vehicle would, by definition, only have one set of engines in a single stage which would be recovered

at the end of the mission. Unfortunately, engineers have found that without some form of staging it is impossible to devise conventional rockets that reach the velocities of 8 km/sec (Mach 25) needed to inject payloads into orbit.

Even the space shuttle is not fully reusable. It is essentially a two-stage vehicle, only part of which (the orbiter containing crew quarters and acocm-Defence has classified the modation for payloads) returns patents on HOTOL, preventing to Earth while the first stage modation for payloads) returns burns up as in ordinary expendable rockets such as Western

Atomic Energy Authority's for single-stage rockets in at which point the concentration LORNE BARLING Culbam Laboratory in Oxford which, in addition to oxygen, of oxygen in the atmosphere is

insufficient for propulsion.

HOTOL would still need

compressor.

own suppy of hydrogen. But by using "free" oxygen from the air the mass the vehicle needs

to take through the atmosphere

BAe's Hotel spacecraft, with expanded view of the passenger compartment.

In the early stages of lift-off, a relatively high-density fuel such as kerosene burns in a for combustion chamber with the

To engineer a horizontal oxygen, producing a stream of hot gases which result in thrust. take-off space craft that returns from orbit like an aeroplane, The fuel supply then switches over to hydrogen, for burning in later stages of the journty one approach might be to use conventional rocket technology. Ordinary rockets carry with them a supply both of fuel (kerosene or hydrogen) and of to reach the limit of the atmo sphere some 160 km above the oxygen, normally stored in liquid form in large tanks. The The rationale to this is that hydrogen is a very good rocket materials are burned in com-

fuel-it burns relatively slowly to give ahigh thrust. But its In most rockets developed extreme lightness means that large tanks are required to carry through the atmosphere given mass of fuel. This adds tao the weight of the rocket structure, reducing performance.

Kerosene, on the other hand, is heavier and requires smaller tanks. It could be burned during the initial stages of the

ascent when the performance of the fuel is less critical. The difficulty to this approach, which is favoured by some U.S. engineers, is that researchers would have to devise types of rocket engines that equally well using both kinds of fuel.

CRITICAL

In the approach to singlestage space propulsion favoured by British Aerospace, one engine is required first to breathe oxygen from the air and then to switch over to a supply of liquid oxygen. The transfor would take place at about 30 km above the Earth,

Race to develop space-going aircraft VDU screens cleared of threat to health

BY THOMAS LAND VIDEO DISPLAY units, widely

feared to be harmful to pregnant women, pose no threat, according to a study in Sweden. Although the screens can cause eye strain, they do not present any greater risk of miscarriages babies. deformed

The conclusion þу National Board of Occupational Safety and Health and the National Board of Health and Welfare matches earlier find-ings by Britain's Health and Safety Executive and the Canadian Federal Department of

The introduction of computer technology into offices has provoked widespread concern over the health effects of visual display terminals. There have been reports of operators in North American newspaper offices developing cataracts and giving birth to deformed children. But Dr Ricardo Edstrom, one

of women whose exposure to display units was considered to

be low, medium or high. The first group included workers

like bank tellers and librarians

the second group comprised insurance secretaries and the

third employees at travel

agencies and computer centres.

Despite the tremendous

increase in the use of office com

puters in Sweden in the past decade, the study identified no

statistically significant differ

ences in the outcome of the women's pregnancies between

the two periods. The re-searchers were also unable to

chart any significant health differences between the groups.

is greatly reduced, making feasible the idea of a singleof the leaders of the Swedish study, comments: "On the basis stage propulsion system. HOTOL's engine (on which of what we know today, we can Rools-Royce is working in partsee no medical reason for pership with British Aerospace) recommending that pregnant would be radically different from conventional air-breathing ing with visual display units. But if a woman is worried, parmotors, as in ist aircraft. Jet engines supply air to a source ticularly if she has had difficulof ignition with a rotating ties with a previous pregnancy, that alone should justify com-Compressors, however, cannot pliance with her request.

supply air at a fast enough rate to produce velocities of more The study also highlights the frequently acute levels of stress than about Mach 3. This is a function of the physical characat the workplace which contribute to ill health. And it says teristics of air molecules which clog, like ball bearings in a the frequency of smokingknown threat to pregnancy-tends to be higher in the comtube, if they are swept into the engine at above a certain speed. puterised office than elsewhere Research workers studied 10,000 pregnancies in 1976-77 and 1980-81 among three groups

The detailso f Rolls-Royce's new engine are secret. Mr Bond, in a paper to an Online conference on space technology in Geneva this week, sketches out some of the options. The most promising is to use

the principle of the liquid-air cycle engine. In this, incoming air is liquefled by heat exchange with the cold liquid-hydrogen fuel. The liquid air is then numped into a rock combustion chamber and burned with the

According to Mr Bond, an engine of this type could chan-nel air to the combustion chamber at a fast enough rate to reach velocities of about Mach 6, about a fifth of the way into space, at which the supply from the liquid-oxygen tanks would be turned on.

tionnaires returned by the women about their working environments and general health during pregnancy found a link between miscarriages and reports of extremely high exposure to display units—more than 40 hours weekly, which the researchers thought un-likely. They comment: "It is more likely that this is evidence of a psychological mechanism. Women who suffer miscarriages are eager to find a cause for their misfortune and tend to exaggerate their exposure to

presumed risk factors."

In a related study on the effects of exposure to display units, research workers found it difficult to substantiate a conrecommending that pregnant nexion between subjective com-women be exempted from work-plaints and measurable environmental factors or physical symptoms that can be diagnosed by a doctor. One exception is eye strain, which can be remedied by improved light conditions. Another is stress, which may be responsible for a host of imagined ailments hiding very real trouble building up for the future.

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A sporting micro

ITT SEMICONDUCTORS of Surbiton, Surrey, is selling a special microcomputer tailored to the needs of sports

The computer can accep electrical signals from trans-mitters at various parts of the hody and converts readings in to pulse rates. If the pulse exceeds a given level, the device will activate an audible

Spot the blals-up.

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SHOES (men)

SAVOURY SNACKS

SAYE WITH BUILDING

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SHAMPOOS (men)

SHAVERS (electric)

SPARKING PLUGS

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AUTOMATIC WASHING BANK ACCOUNTS (any)

BATH OILS AND LIQUIDS BATHROOM FURNITURE BATH SALTS, CRYSTALS,

BEDROOM FURNITURE (non-fitted) BEDS BEER BISCUITS BITTER LEMON BLEACHES

BRANDY **BREAKFAST CEREALS BUILDING SOCIETY ACCOUNTS** CAMERAS (movie, still)

CAMPING EQUIPMENT

CAR CASSETTE PLAYERS CARDIGANS AND JUMPERS **CAR HIRE** CARPETS **CAR RADIOS** CARS (new) CARS (bought up to twelve months ago) CARS (two)

CARS (three or more) **CASH CARDS** CATS (pets) CENTRAL HEATING (all types) CHEQUE CARDS CHOCOLATES CIDER **CLEANSING CREAMS** COFFEE

COFFEE PERCOLATORS COLA COOKERS (gas) **CREDIT CARDS** CROCKERY (china) **CURTAINS**

COFFEE FILTERS

DEEP FREEZERS **DEODORANTS** (men and women) **DINING ROOM TABLES AND CHAIRS DISHWASHERS** DOUBLE GLAZING **DRIVING LICENCES** (current) DRY GINGER ALE

ELECTRIC DRILLS ELECTRIC HEDGE TRIMMERS ELECTRIC IRONS ELECTRIC KETTLES ELECTRIC OVERBLANKETS ELECTRIC SANDERS

FLECTRIC SAWS **ELECTRIC TOASTERS ENGINE OIL** EYE MAKE-UP

FABRIC CONDITIONERS FERTILIZERS FILM (movie and still cameras) FISH (pets) **FIZZY DRINKS MACHINES** FIZZY MINERALS/MIXERS FOOD MIXERS FRIDGE/FREEZERS

FROZEN CONFECTIONERY FROZEN MEAT **FRUIT JUICES** GARDENS **GARDEN FURNITURE GARDEN SHEDS**

GARDEN TOOLS GLASS OVENWARE (heatproof) **GREENHOUSES GROUND COFFEE**

HAIR BLEACHES, LIGHTENERS HAIR COLOUR RESTORERS HAIR CONDITIONERS HAIR SPRAYS, LACQUERS HAND CREAMS, LOTIONS HARDBACK BOOKS **HEATED ROLLERS (electric)** HEATERS AND FIRES (gas) HI-FI ITEMS HOB UNITS (electric and gas) HOLIDAYS ABROAD HOLIDAYS (self-drive, GB and abroad)

HOLIDAYS (skiing) HOME COMPUTERS INCOME BONDS JEANS (men) JEWELLERY (with diamonds)

JEWELLERY (without diamonds) KITCHEN FURNITURE (inc. fitted units) KNITTING WOOLS, YARNS

LAGER (bottled) LAGER (canned) LAVATORY CLEANERS LAWNMOWERS (power and hand) LEMONADE (mixer)

LIQUIDIZER blenders LOUNGE/LIVING ROOM FURNITURE

MARGARINE MOTOR CYCLES (501 + cc)

PACKET SAUCES

PACKET SOUPS PANTS (men) PAPERBACK BOOKS PARTWORKS PATE PERSONAL HEADPHONES PETROL

PLAYERS/RECORDERS POTATO STICKS

RADIOS (portable transistor)

SAILING BOATS SALAD DRESSINGS SANDWICH MAKERS

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ITV AND CHANNEL 4

MEAT EXTRACTS MICROWAVE OVENS MINERAL WATER MOISTURISING CREAMS MORTGAGES MOTOR CYCLES (51-125cc) MOTOR CYCLES (126-250 cc) MOTOR CYCLES (251-500 cc)

MOTOR SCOOTERS/MOPEDS NAIL VARNISH NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK (investment accounts) NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK (ordinary accounts) NUTS (packeted, tinned)

OVENS (built-in electric) OVERDRAFTS OR LOANS OTHER FORMS OF CREDIT

PERFUMES, TOILET WATERS POCKET-SIZED ELECTRONIC CALCULATORS PORT PORTABLE CASSETTE

POTS AND PANS PREMIUM BONDS PRESERVES PROJECTORS (still) **RACK SYSTEMS**

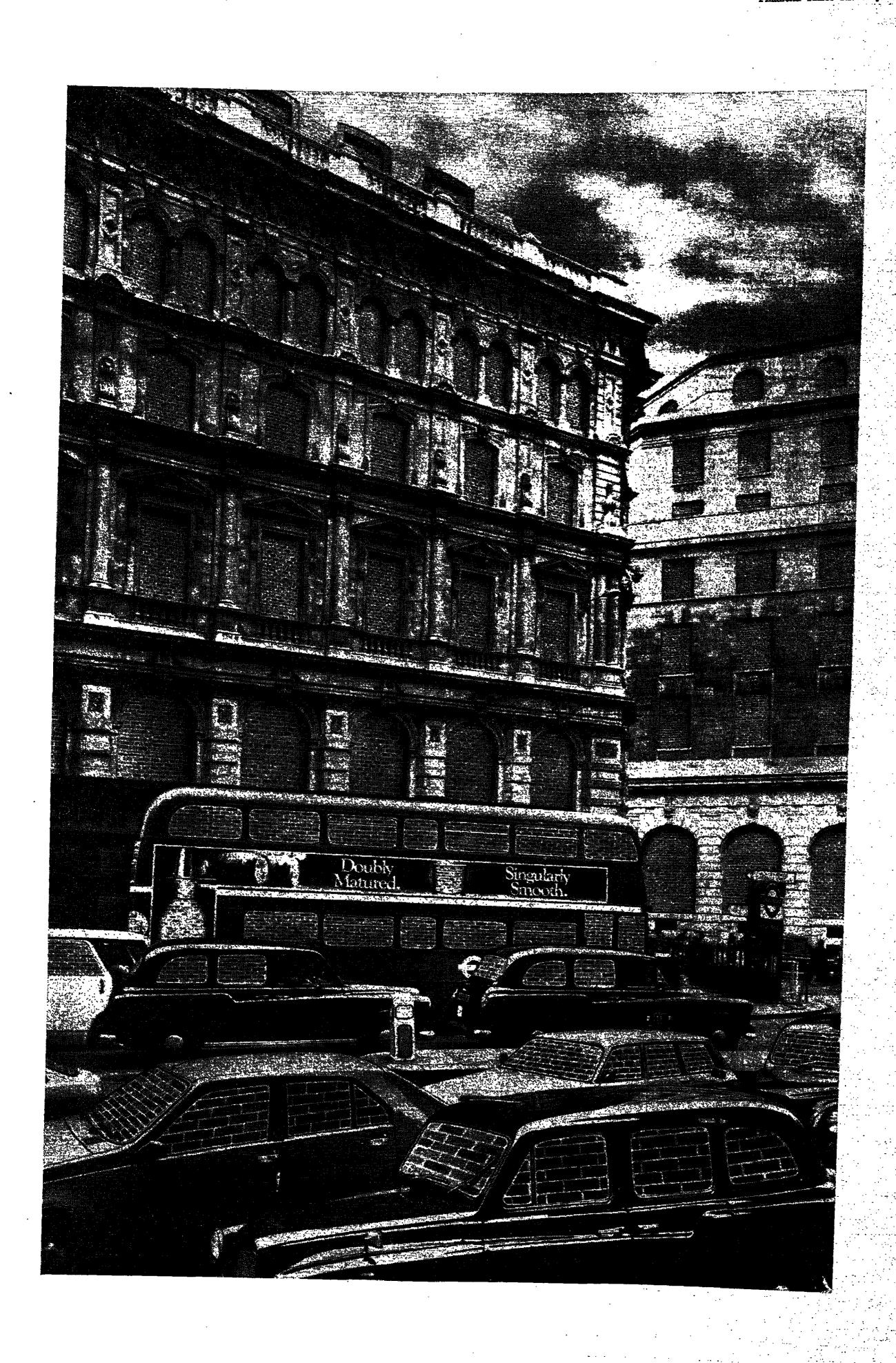
RECORDS (LP's) REFRIGERATORS REPLACEMENT WINDOWS (secondary) RUM (white)

WATER HEATERS (gas) WINDOW BLINDS WINE BOXES

WINE MAKING WINES (British) ZABAGLIONE (desserts,

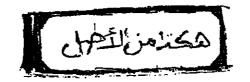
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8

Thursday May 30 ligs



What would the city of london be like without pilkington glass?

From a tiny company in St Helens which started life making windows in the Industrial Revolution, Pilkington has now become the world's largest manufacturer of flat glass.

The benefits of this truly remarkable growth are more far-reaching than just installing a few panes of glass in a few office windows.

Seventy per cent of our income is earned abroad. And flat glass accounts for just a part of it.

Pilkington makes more types of glass than anyone else in the world.

Without Pilkington glass thousands of tourists from Japan would be missing lenses in their cameras.

Without our safety glass thousands of Germans would be driving around with no windscreens.

And without Pilkington insulating glass, hordes of Scandinavians would be left out in the cold.

The past is impressive, but just take a look into the future.

Pilkington has now developed a glass pellet for livestock which dissolves in the stomach, gradually releasing vital trace elements.

Already it is making its impression on the UK animal health market which is just part of a £2,000m.worldwide market.

That's not all. We believe 'controlled release' glass has a huge potential in the drugs industry, in sanitation, shipping, oil, agrochemicals and building.

Other strings to our bow include a product called Cemfil glass fibre, poised to replace asbestos in building.

And Kappafloat high energy glass, an amazing new product which gives double glazing the insulation performance of triple-glazing.

Our worldwide turnover now stands at over £1,200,000,000.

Clearly the city would be a duller place without Pilkington Glass.



lurre

Thorn EMI rentals chief

Mr John Rarnes nas occur appointed managing director of the division of ABC Traver outside the transfer of the largest that t world. He is joining from Ken-tucky Fried Chicken, where he up this post by September, is has been managing director of currently planning manager

NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK USA has appointed Mr William T. Knowles as chairman of the board and Mr Robert F. Wallace as president from June They will continue as chief executive officer and chief operating officer respectively. Dr John T. Fey is retiring as chairman, but remains a director. Mr Knowles joined NatWest USA in 1981 as president and chief oper ating officer. He became chief executive officer in 1982. Prior to joining the bank Mr Knowles to joining the bank Mr Knowles had been executive vice president of Bankers Trust Company. Mr Wallace joined NatWest USA in January, 1982, as senior executive vice president and was named vice chairman and chief operating officer in June of that year. He was previously chairman of Oregon's First Interstate Rank.

Mr Alan Thomas has been elected a vice president of RAY-THEON COMPANY, U.S.-based electronics group, and has been appointed president and chief executive of Raytheon Europe International Company, which includes Cossor Electronics, Sterling Greengate Cables, Tag Semiconductors and Data Logic. Mr conductors and Data Logic. Mr Thomas (previously managing director of Data Logic) succeeds Mr John D. Clare, who is retir-ing. Mr Peter McKee, at present finance director, will succeed Mr Thomas as managing director of Data Logic. Mr Thomas becomes chairman of Data Logic. The appointments are from July 1, when company headquarters will move from Geneva to London.

Rawlinson attorney-general, is to be the chairman of OWL CREEK INVESTMENTS, an oil and gas exploration company drilling in Colorado, U.S., whose issue is being sponsored by Hill Woolgar

of Thomas Nelson and Sons. Mr Sherwen has accepted an appointment as a non-executive member of the board. Thomas Nelson and Sons is a whollyowned subsidiary of the International Thomson Organisation.

the operations in Great Britain and Ireland since 1981.

Reed Publishing, Mr Nigel Ince, ABC's marketing director, bepublishing director at ABC Travel Guidwes, including responsibility for circulation and

distribution management. Mr Ince has also been appointed acting publishing director of ABC's travel trade weekly newspaper. Travel News, following the resignation of Mr Colin Collins. BAIN DAWES has appointed Mr John Sawkins as deputy chairman of its North American

COURTS (FURNISHERS) has appointed Mr Ian A. Horwood a non executive director. He was formerly finance director of Harris Queensway.

non marine division. Mr Sawkins

was previously on the board of

Promotions at Stock Conversion

THE STOCK CONVERSION AND INVESTMENT TRUST has promoted Mr Jonathan Lane to promoted Br Jonathan Lane to joint managing director of the group and Mr Andrew Woods to managing director of Scottish Site Improvements, Stock Con-version's principal Scottish sub-sidiary. Mr Lane joined Stock Conversion in 1972, and became general manager (group) in general manager (group) in 1983. Mr Woods was general manager (Scotland).

HOUSE OF ORANGE has appointed Mr Christopher Hurley joint managing director of the group's main trading companies, House of Orange Developments, and Orange Developments (UK).

The BUILDING EMPLOYERS' nas elected narrowen, manager on Turner as president for 1985-86. He is chairman of E. Turner & Sons, Cardiff. Other resigned to pursue his own business interests in the publishing industry. Mr David Smith, currently managing director of Van Nostrand Reinhold (UK), will be taking over as managing director of Thomas Nelson and Sons, Mr Sherwen has accessed. CONFEDERATION has elected Mr John Turner as president for Cowlin & Son, Bristol; and honorary treasurer, Mr Bruce Chivers, W. E. Chivers & Sons, Devizes. The immediate past-president, Mr Michael Millwood, of John Laing, succeeds Mr of John Laing, succeeds Mr Peter Morley as chairman of the National Joint Council for the Building Industry.

Mr Stanley Booton to its board as a non-executive director. Mr Booton retired last year as finance director of the Swire Group in Hong Kong.

Mr John E. Townend, MP for

Mr Alan Bowers has joined MITSUI FINANCE INTER-NATIONAL as associate director, where he will be responsible for sales. Mr Bowers was previously an assistant director at Standard Chartered Merchant Bank.

Mr John Hackett, director general of the British Insurance general of the British Insurance
Brokers' Association, has been
nominated to join the council
of the CONFEDERATION OF
BRITISH INDUSTRY for a
three year term. BIBA is one
of a group of CBI members
entitled to a "rotating seat" on
the Confederation's governing
body.

COUNTY BANK has appointed Mr R. M. Drummond as director in its finance division. He was with Alta Berkeley Associates and, formerly, a director of ICFC.

Mr Jonathan F. T. Baines has been appointed to the board of MARLAR INTERNATIONAL.

Mr Jeffrey Sanger has resigned from LANCEPACK. The new managing director is Mr Richard E. Lawson, who has been sales director for the past five years. Ms Ruth E. Evans has been elected to the board as commercial director—responsible for administration, accounts and

MUNFORD AND WHITE has appointed Mr John Dodds its managing director. He was managing director in charge of the launch of "The Cambridge Diet" in Britain before moving to the U.S. company as part of its management team primarily responsible for sales and market-

Mr Graham Acres has been appointed sales director of LONDON EUROPEAN AIR-WAYS. He was manager for Belgium and Luxembourg for British Caledonian Airways.

W. GREENWELL & CO. stockbrokers, has appointed Mr Simon Lloyd Greenwell as a partner. PILKINGTON BROTHERS has

appointed Dr Alan Havard as production director of its insula-tion division, based in St Helens.

He was production manager at Ravenhead Works, St Helens.

Stock Exchange's electronic information network, is poised for a major expansion of its service. The Stock Exchange plans to

Bridlington has been appointed vice-chairman of the EAST SUR-REY BUILDING SOCIETY.

add the "real time" prices of 1.500 North American stocks to With 3,000 terminals installed

in the offices of brokers, jobbers, banks and fund managers, Topic, in the eyes of the Stock Exchange, has been a resounding success. It handles 800,000 requests for information on an average day and on one day last January it booked a record 1.25m " page " requests.

It provides a basic service on UK stock prices and company nnouncements and has been adding foreign currency, traded option and money market in-formation to meet the growing interdependence of the securities and other markets.

London is believed to be the only stock exchange in the world to operate its own inhouse information service.
Other exchanges sell the raw trading volumes to commercial information vendors, such as Reuters and Quotron, for them to repackage and sell on to subscribers.

As information provider the Stock Exchange Topic has automatic access to corporate news and prices. But the exchange's price information com-puter (Epic) also provides computer-readable data to outside information vendors.

"We definitely regard people like Reuters as competition," Whether these ambitious been spent on upgrading the aims have been achieved is network. A prime advantage of difficult to measure. What is the viewdata system, in Mr clear is that the service has Miles' view, has been the ease fulfilled a need of the City pro- with which it can be expanded. sald Mr Dudley Miles, marketing manager of the exchange's information services division. "We are not a cosy monopoly."

But Topic's success raises as many problems as it answers. What, for example, is the Stock Exchange doing running an electronic information net-work at a time when the battle for the multi-million dollar information market between the giants of the business information vending industry—Reuters, Quotron and Telerate—is becoming even fiercer?

In July Reuters plans the UK this sort of service. The introlaunch of an electronic share dealing system developed in the U.S. by its American partner, Instinct. This system currently carries only U.S.-listed stocks but Reuters plans to add the does not have the resources of IBM personal computers, which

By Charles Batchelor

anniversary, Topic, the London and on other stock exchanges. This could pose a threat to the Stock Exchange's plans to upgrade the Topic network. The computer programme or carried exchange and the two companies out its own modifications to hope to reach an agreement to

co-operate rather than compete. Topic's network of terminals. the existing UK share price installed for the most part in the Stock Exchange works formation fairly crude graphics service from July 1. And it and around the City of London, coming at the end of next year and an inability to manipulate hopes to add the leading stocks is small fry compared with from Continental bourses later Reuters, which has 53,000 in the year. world, and Quotron, which has 72,000 screens, most of them in the U.S.

So will Topic be able to maintain its initial momentum or will the cost of keeping up stretch the willingness of Stock Exchange member firms to provide the finance? Does Topic have the technical and marketskills to maintain its

Mr Miles sums up the reasons for Topic's existence thus: "We Topic promotes the Stock Exchange. By providing market

encourages more people to use

you are reliant on other

'If you don't do it yourself

The original projections of

demand for the service were blown out of the water inside two years," Mr Miles said. "And

only just over half of the 3,000 installed terminals are with

member firms. The rest are with

merchant banks, insurance com-

pension funds and the media.

investment

there is a place for providing

result of pressure from the

The market has shown

the exchange.

fessionals

market

A WEEK ahead of its fifth leading shares quoted in London or the market to develop its own offer greater flexibility. hardware but its 250-strong information services division has either written all its own

Topic adapts to the City revolution

And with the prospect of fundamental changes in the way electronic information networks information according to the will take on an even greater users' own requirements. significance than they have now.

The Stock Exchange is coy about releasing figures but says Topic makes a profit on supplying information to non-members. This allows it to fund further investment in updating the service.

Topic was launched in June 1980 to replace a fairly primitive price information system known as MPDS. In designing Topic the Stock Exchange opted for the videotex or viewdata system of sending "pages" of information down a telephone line and on to a television

"We feel Topic promotes the Stock Exchange. By providing market

information we increase investor confidence

and this encourages more people to use the exchange"

Topic fills the gap it was created for"

tions typed into a keyboard in

Initial investment in Topic

was £500,000 though several

times that amount has since

Additional terminals and addi-

tional "pages" of information have been added. The system currently carries 22,000 pages of

information but could take up

it was cheap and flexible and the exchange did not expect to

Now that British stockbrokers

with offices in New York and on

the Continent have begun to

It has developed a software

programme to allow its service

take the service Topic is having

Viewdata was chosen because

to 100,000.

duction of new services on to adopt a more internationally

The Stock Exchange clearly to be delivered by means of

Topic has come about as a acceptable technology.

the customer's office.

investor confidence and this monitor in response to instruc-

"There are faster systems and ones with better graphics, but

plant the television monitors currently used for Topic but at the moment most subscribers seem content to live with the limitations of the system.

These are the relatively slow speed of delivery of in-

"We rate Topic reasonably highly," said Mr Stephen Kimsey, joint author of the Financial On-Line Information Report which looked at more than 160 systems. "There are faster systems and ones with better graphics but Topic fills the gap it was created for." .

A major redeeming feature of Topic is its price. It may not the most sophisticated system around but for about £300 a month for the first terminal it provides a comprehensive service more cheaply than its more commercial

minded competitors.

on a cost-plus basis.

Topic's commitment to pro-

vide a service to Stock Ex-

a different approach to pricing.

Members are supplied at cost

Reuters responded to the

Topic challenge with the launch in 1982 of its UK Investment

Service. This costs something

Reuters services but is cheaper

for subscribers already taking

other, more expensive, inter-

national services. The Reuters

service lacks the share and market analysis information

supplied by many stockbrokers

to Topic but Reuters claims to provide a broader range of

international stock prices and

Mr Eli Antar, European

marketing director for Quotron, the leading U.S. securities prices

network, sees Topic as a com-

"budget pound" but does not

market reports.

petitor for the

over £300 for first-time users of

What of the future? The way the Stock Exchange is now moving should allow Topic to make even greater use of its network of terminals around the City and beyond.

expansive."

After the "big bang" of autumn 1986 trading will become increasingly automated. Market makers (combining the present functions of jobbers and brokers) will display the prices at which they are willing to deal on a computer-linked network of terminals known as SEAQ, the Stock Exchange Automated Quotation System. Ultimately SEAQ will be upgraded to allow market makers to deal through their terminais.

regard it as a direct rival.

case because of the UK com-

pany news and other things we

don't carry," he said. "And the smaller user will not use us

because we are too big and too

Topic's limitations have prompted a number of City

stockbroking firms to go ahead

with their own information net-

works. Scrimgeour Kemp-Gee established its Dogfox network

last year and already has 200

screens installed in its own

offices and with clients in the

"Typically a Quotron user in the UK will have Topic in any

With more traders working off the floor of the Stock Exchange and the opening up of Stock Exchange membership to banks and other institutions Topic expects the demand for its services to increase. The existing Topic network will form the basis for distributing the far greater volume of trading information thrown up by SEAQ, though precisely how much information is to be made available on Topic to outsiders has yet to be decided.

The revolutionary changes planned for the exchange : / d the rapid development of new information technology both pose challenges for Topic.

"We can cope with evolu-tion," said Mr Miles. "Re-olution is more difficult. But Topic is flexible and has been very responsive in the past to the market's demands.

"We are conscious we are in a competitive world," he added. "Can we handle it? Our strength is that we are the source of the information. But it would be foolish to describe this as anything but a high-risk

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New Issue

May 30, 1985

This advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

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Cranfield School of Management, widely recognised as one of Europe's principal business schools is now offering a specialist Introduction to Personnel Management course. This practical programme, consisting of an intensive

two-week course, a work-based project and a subsequent three-day workshop; has been designed by distinguished practitioners and will concentrate on the basic areas of employee relations, reward structures, selection, training

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promoted personnel staff, or line managers assuming increased responsibilities in this important area.

customer's

The programme will be held on 17th-29th wember 1985 with the three-day follow-up workshop on 26th-28th February 1986. For further information please return the coupon below or contact: The Course Administrator, Introduction to Personnel Management, Cranfield School of Management, Cranfield, Bedford MK43 0AL. Tel: Bedford (0234) 751122.

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WORLD VALUE OF THE POUND

every Tuesday in the Financial Times

Insurance

brokers

call off

merger

their merger talks.

By Our City Correspondent

C. E. HEATH and Hogg Robinson

Group, respectively the lifth and sixth largest independent insurance brokers in Britain, have broken off

In a brief statement yesterday

announcing the termination of the talks, which would have led to the

biggest domestic realignment of in-surance brokers in Britain since the

late 1970s, both sides said that their

boards "have not been able to reach

agreement on terms of a merger

which could be recommended to

On the London Stock Exchange

the share price of C. E. Heath rose

10p to 620p while Hogg Robinson's share price fell 20p to 260p, valuing the groups respectively at £195.4m and £92m.

both sets of shareholders."

account returns to surplus

By Max Wilkinson

Thursday May 30 las

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Tuesday

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Mr Mile: Ber

BRITAIN'S current account balance of payments moved back into surplus in April, partly as a result of a strong export performance.

The Department of Trade and industry said yesterday that the current account surplus in April was £123m, resulting from a deficit of C277m on visible trade, offset by an estimated surplus of £400m on in-

visible trade. The current surplus in April com-pares with a deficit of £555m in March and re-establishes the pattern of surpluses earned in the months since October. Yesterday's figures showed that the deficit in March was £100m more than officials thought a month ago.

That deficit was the result of a

large increase in oil imports, which now appears to have been even big-ger than first estimated. The main reason was thought to be re-stocking by oil companies after the miners' strike and a period of uncertainly about the dollar.

In April the surplus on oil trade recovered to a more normal level of £884m, while the deficit on trade in non-oil goods fell somewhat to just under £1bn.

Exports of non-oil goods remained at a high in April which was 8% per cent above the average monthly volume last year. Non-oil imports slipped back in April to a level which was only 2% per cent higher than last year's average, in volume terms.

In the latest three months, the volume of non-oil exports was 3 per cent higher than in the previous period and 12 per cent higher than a year earlier. By contrast, imports in the latest three months rose 2 per cent compared with the previous period and 6% per cent compared with a year earlier.

In cash terms, exports were 20 per cent higher than a year earlier and 6% per cent above the level of the previous three months.

The detailed figures show that the fastest increase in exports in the latest three months was of mo-tor cars, for which sales were 10 per cent higher in volume terms.

The rise in exports of manufactured goods was 3% per cent in volume terms over the same period and 6% per cent in value terms.

Imports of manufactured goods also rose - by 4% per cent in volume

terms and 9% per cent in value between the two three month periods. These differences between value and volume partly reflect move-ments of sterling during the period. The currency was falling sharply up

to mid-January but has since recov ered. Prices of exports and imports in sterling terms will have been raised by the fall of the exchange rate, and this is probably still feeding through into the most recent trade statistics. Although the UK's terms of trade

recovered by 1 per cent in April compared with May, the terms of trade in the latest three months was 1% per cent below its level a year earlier. The UK's improved export perfor-

mance reflects a steady increase in world trade. The Treasury is expecting total exports this year will be 6½ per cent higher than the aver-age for 1984, while imports are forecast to rise by only 3% per cent in

Current BNOC reveals £86m loss in oil price support

BY DOMINIC LAWSON

BRITISH National Oil Corporation 1984 results announced yesterday (BNOC) which is being wound up by the Government, revealed yes-terday that it had lost almost £86m in a Government-inspired attempt to shore up the world oil price.

The losses came in the third quarter of last year, and the first quarter of this year when the Government told BNOC that the national interest demanded that the corporation refrained from cutting its official prices while spot prices tumbled. The result was that BNOC lost its

contract customers and was obliged to sell much of its entitlement to 51 per cent of North Sea oil onto a depressed spot market. "Substantial losses, £35.9m in

these decisions," BNOC said yester-

These include a provision for 1985

BNOC's reserves are now down to Cl8m, compared with its officially agreed minimum of C30m. But this is no longer of concern to the Government since the corporation will not exist after October.

Were it not for its oil trading losses, BNOC would have made record profits of £10m last year. Its turnover, which had always been vast, had increased from £7.9bn to

The statement in the annual report by Lord Croham, BNOCs chairman, reveals for the first time the Corporation's resentment at its 1984, and a further £49.8m for the treatment at the hands of the Gov-first quarter of 1985, resulted from erament.

He said the decision to abolish BNOC had come as a "severe blow" The Government twice went to to the corporation's staff. They had the House of Commons to get approval for special grants totalling lish it and develop the organisation 266.5m to cover BNOC's losses, to the point at which it had become Even after those grants BNOC a "major and constructive force in showed a net loss of £12m in its international trading."

European Ferries in £71m rights issue

BY ANDREW FISHER, SHIPPING CORRESPONDENT

Ferry, ports and property group, stores. Woolworth has raised more yesterday launched a £71.8m rights than £100m from property sales in issue to help fund its major spend-ing on new ships and container port facilities. The ferry company, the market leader across the Channel, between

The group, whose share price eas- England and France, is currently ed 3p to 139p on the day, is under-spending £30m on having four ships taking a £150m investment pro-enlarged in West Germany to add to gramme to enlarge its cross-Chan- its freight capacity. A further £45m nel freight and passenger fleet and is being spent at Felixstowe, with expand Felixstowe container port more planned for the late 1980s. in Suffolk, already the UK's largest.

shortly after one of £146m by Wool-ships for £21m.

EUROPEAN PERRIES, the UK worth, which is developing its UK

It bought the loss-making cross-This autumn, its Townsend Tho- Channel operations of Peninsular resen ferry subsidiary is likely to and Oriental Steam Navigation order two big ships for the Dover- (P&O) for £12.5m in January, Calais run, costing a total of £70m, though the Office of Fair Trading though it is also looking at the pos- still has to decide whether the deal sibility of buying three smaller should be referred to the Monopoships for the same money. lies and Mergers Commission. Last European Ferries cash call comes December, it bought two freight

Fiscal expansion call

BY MAX WILKINSON, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

policy in the UK, aimed to cut un suade the policy makers that there employment must guard against is so big a need and so little harm the risk of a collapse of the ex-change rate, Professor Rudiger with another helping in time for Dornbusch, of the Massachusetts their election. Institute of Technology, said in London yesterday.

He was giving the first public lecthe case for a more vigorous attack on unemployment.

Prof Dornbusch argued that an

expansion worth about C5bn a year in the UK should be part of a genpansion is obvious and uncontrover- supply could be tolerated.

A MORE expansionary economic sial. The only problem is to per-

Nevertheless, he said the danger that fiscal expansion could lead to a resurgence of inflation must be takture sponsored by the Employment en seriously and guarded against.

Institute set up this month to argue For the UK in particular this would For the UK in particular this would require fiscal expansion to be accompanied by a tight monetary pol-icy in which interest rates would probably have to be raised to stabi-lise the exchange rate. If the exeral plan to expand borrowing in change rate remained little
Europe while the U.S. cut its deficit.
He said: "The case for fiscal exrather faster growth of the money rate remained little

TOP LEVEL TALKS ON £130M LOSSES AT LLOYD'S

Rescue effort for underwriters

BY JOHN MOORE, CITY CORRESPONDENT

MR GRAHAM WHITE, managing Willis Faber & Dumas (Agencies), director of the stricken Richard Mr Heather Thomas of Willis Faberkett Underwriting Agency in the Lloyd's of London insurance ber, Mr John Donner of Donner Underwrite, has been taking soundings Gordon of Bland Welch Underwriting the market for a possible market "rescue" of the 1,525 underwriting members who are facing £130m of losses.

So far the public attitude by the Lloyd's authorities is that the underwriting members, nearly 300 of which face losses of over £100,000 each, will not receive financial as-

A top level meeting took place last Thursday at Hambros Bankwith various members of the Lloyd's market to discuss a future management problems to emerge in the Lloyd's market in years.

June set

oil round

By Our Energy Staff

Treaty of Rome.

and controlled companies.

in the European Court.

onshore licensing.

The first onshore round will open

Dr Eric Bosshard, the managing

director of Carless Capel &

Leonard, one of the UK's leading

onshore explorers, said yesterday

that there was "not very much of in-terest" available for licensing, and

that the best chances would emerge

in 1986 and 1987, when companies

such as British Petroleum and Con-

oco would have to relinquish some

The Government has appointed

Hoare Govett as its stockbroker for

the sale of its remaining 49 per cent

stake in Britoil, the world's larges

pure oil exploration company. Hoare Govett performed the

same role for the Government in

the initial offering of Britoil shares in November 1982. This was not a

success, with about 75 per cent of the shares being left with the un-

Ms Jill Hawkins, an oil analys

with Hoare Govett, said yesterday

that the current oil market did not

present the best possible backdrop

derwriters.

for the offering.

The meeting, called by Mr White, have felt that there should be a reswas held at Hambros as a neutral cue of some kind. But their was venue for the discussions. Present agreement that nothing should be at the meeting were Mr Stephen done until the agency was provided Merrett, a leading Lloyd's under-writer, Mr Michael Wade of Horace Holman & Co and a stop loss insur-ance specialist, Mr Bill Goodier of surance broker.

THE FIRST onshore oil and gas li-would be "very difficult," Sir Austin

censing round will be launched be Bide, the vehicles group's non-ex-

fore the end of next month. The ecutive chairman, told the annual

round was originally earmarked for a start last September, but it was delayed by the European Commision into a pre-tax loss of just under

sion's complaint that certain condi-tions of the existing UK licensing as a temporary setback in the main-

regulations were in breach of the ly state-owned group's recovery. He

Treaty of Rome. said the "somewhat disappointing"
It is thought that the regulations financial result last year disguised

for the onshore round will not con- very real progress made by its op-

tions, which so aggravated the Results for the first quarter of Commission, of giving research and this year were encouraging. "Overdevelopment work to UK-owned all, we achieved better trading re-

The Commission is believed to year," he said. This was after ad-

have told the UK Department of justment for the sale of Jaguar to

Energy that if this rule applied in the private sector.

the onshore round, then it would Sir Austin said that the Govern-

bring proceedings against the UK ment's review of BL's corporate

up to the international oil industry

all areas of the UK not licensed submission of an independent re-

tain the offshore licensing condi- erating companies.

for onshore year in holding market share

each, will not receive financial assistance to help them meet their losses. But last week's meeting is course of action for the agency and understood to explore what the its underwriting members. The unmarket itself would initiate or recderwriting members are lacing one ommend to help the underwriting of the worst series of trading and members through their financial cirisis.

Those present are understood to

BL WAS facing a challenging year

sults than in the first quarter of last

plan - approval of which has been

delayed for some months - was now

through the older, ad hoc, form of view of the plan's structure by Bar-competition in its car, truck and bus and durable business."

form a new management company for the underwriting members fol-lowing Minet's decision that it intended to close down the agency by the end of the year.

At the meeting the idea of arwould be designed to help the underwriting members pass the Lloy Lloyd's solvency test by the July 31 ers. deadline. In the solvency test underwriting members have to show that they have enough money to meet their insurance liabilities. One of the difficulties with ar-

ranging a letter of credit is the size on it."

on it." manageable bridging financing arrangement could be found.

The other possibilities explored

had carried out business for the were rising again.

BL says group faces difficult

Sir Austin Bide: Warning

of intense competition

ing Brothers, the merchant bank-

He gave no indication, however,

of when the plan might receive final

approval, or under what conditions.

BL's problems to the intense

Sir Austin attributed many of

Lloyd's has said that it intends to eight insurance syndicates into orm a new management company which the members were grouped. or the underwriting members fol-Another plan discussed included the possibility of arranging a fund from contributions from the underwriting members which would attempt to buy stop loss insurance. A ranging a letter of credit provided stop loss would stem the rising tide by a bank was explored, which of insurance claims as the members would lay off their risks in the Lloyd's market or with other insur-

> "We are at a very delicate stage," Mr White said yesterday. We need the continued co-operation of a number of parties to put the new structure in place and then to build

Lloyd's underwriters had "disas-trously underrated" U.S. liability insurance business which had led to were the possibility of a contribu-tion from insurance brokers who

markets. The severe trading condi-

tions across most sectors of our

business, he said, would make

maintaining its positions very diffi-cult - "particularly if our competi-

tors intensify still further their in-

centive programmes, despite al-

ready incurring heavy losses them-

He listed high interest rates as

another source of concern, together

with the substantial overcapacity

existing in the European industry

Although the Austin Rover dis-

pute in November had badly dis-

rupted operations of BL's volume

car subsidiary, he pointed out that

productivity improvements had continued to be made. Austin

Rover's Longbridge plant, for example, was now producing 60 cars per

man each year – well up to best Eu-

He added that the overall posi-

tion "serves to emphasise that fur-

ther improvements are necessary if

BL is to be a competitive, successful

as a whole.

ropean levels.

Mr Peter Presland, finance director at C. E. Heath, which announced the talks with Hogg in April this year, said: "At the end of the day there were half a dozen points which we could not resolve."

He said that Heath were worried

by the relative ratings of the two companies and the effect that any merger would have on earnings For the year ending March 1985 Heath had reported pre-tax profits of £32.6m, before an exceptional item of £2.5m. Hogg Robinson, in its last reported financial year ending in March 1984, declared pre-tax profits of £11.1m.

A big source of Heath's profits, roughly a half, come from underwriting. "Hogg seemed unhappy getting into bed with a broker which had such a high underwriting content, when it had publicly declared that it was not interested in becoming involved in underwrit-ing activities," said Mr Presland. Hogg Robinson derives about 123m of its profits from Lloyd's un-

derwriting agency activities, which it is legally required to sever its links with by mid-1987. Mr Andrew Alers-Hankey,

Hogg Robinson director, said: "Su-perficially it looked a good fit. But we were not so committed to under writing. We have an important travel and transport side which we wanted to expand and they were not so committed."

Lloyds to launch a merchant bank

LLOYDS BANK, the smallest of the big four UK commercial banks and the only one without a

merchant bank, is to launch its own merchant banking venture in July.
It will be called Lloyds Merchant Bank, and have £55m in capital. It will serve as the focus

for activities such as corporate finance, capital markets and investment management which already exist within the Lloyds Bank group. The unit will also be the vehicle for Lloyds' participation in the UK securities markets which are being reshaped by the revolution taking place in the City of London.

The new bank, which will be granted "recognised bank" status by the Bank of England, will be a wholly-owned subsidiary of a

new company, Lloyds Merchant Bank Holdings, whose chairman will be Sir Jeremy Morse, the chairman of Lloyds Bank.

Sir Jeremy said yesterday that the increasingly complex re-quirements of corporate clients in a world where the banking and securities businesses were coming closer together.

The merchant bank's chief executive will be Mr Robert Owen. who joined Lloyds from Morgan Greniell in 1979. He will report directly to Mr Brian Pitman, the Lloyds group chief executive.

ernment securities market, and

Lloyds also announced yesterday that it had applied to the Bank of England to become a primary dealer in the UK gov-

proposed to establish a dealer-

ship with capital of £25m. Unlike other banks, however, Lloyds has not made arrangements to buy a stock exchange firm, and will be building up its

Mr Pitman said yesterday that Lloyds would save itself the considerable cost of acquiring a securities firm, and the "cultural

own securities trading capabili-

hassle" of merging it with the Mr Owen said that Lloyds had been conscious of being the "odd man out" in not having a merchant bank, and felt that its merchant banking activities had now

reached a scale where they should stand on their own two The bank will start with a balance sheet of about £900m and staff of 350, but Mr Owen foresaw rapid growth, and predicated the bank would soon raise its staff to

It will be housed in the build-ing at 40-66 Queen Victoria Street currently occupied by Lloyds Bank International, which is in the process of being merged into the Lloyds Group and many of whose activities will

be transferred to the merchant Both National Westminster Bank and Barclays formed their own merchant banks in the last 15 years (Midland took a short cut and bought Samuel Montagu outright, though it later sold 46 per cent to Aetna Lile and Casualty of the U.S.).

Lex, Page 28

How do Japanese firefighters get to the fire?



They do it with French helicopters. For many years now Aerospatiale has heen supplying Alouettes. Pumas, and just recently Dolphins to the firemen of Tokyo and Yokohama. They are Aerospatiale's best customers in Japan.

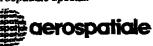
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110.2 111.1 113.6 112.0

122.7 130.1 133.3 164.0 139.9 149.6 194.9

113.5 95.9 106.0 97.2 109.2 97.8 107.0 99.2 106.0 99.0 106.0 99.0 107.0 100.0

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—Indices of industrial production, manu-

facturing output (1980=100); engineering orders (1980=100); facturing output (1980=100); engineering orders (1980=100); retail sales value (1990=100); retail sales value (1990=100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (000s). All seasonally adjusted.

Indl. Mfg. Eng. Retail Retail Unemprod. output order vol values ployed Vacs:

OUTPUT—By market sector; consumer goods, investment goods, intermediate goods (materials and fuels); engineering output, metal manufacture, textiles, leather and clothing (1980=100); housing starts (000s, monthly average).

Consumer Invst. Intmd. Eng. Metal Textile House goods goods goods output mnfg. etc. starts

110.5 105.3 104.6 106.5 106.0 107.0

EXTERNAL TRADE—Indices of export and import (1980=100); viable balance; current balance (200); oil (200); terms of trade (1980=100); excluding reserves.

Export Import Visible Current Oil Term volume volume balance balance balance trade

FINANCIAL-Money supply M0, M1 and sterling M3, advances in sterling to the private sector (three months growth at annual rate); building societies net inflow; HP, new credit; all seasonally adjusted. Clearing Bank base rate (end period).

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112.1 - 57 117.1 -1,228 119.8 -1,643 126.1 -1,327 131.2 -807 120.8 -177 126.2 -344

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96.2 97.9 100.9 99.4 99.0 99.0 100.0

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£m

2,868 2,870 2,809 2,941 891 1,903 967 971

3,146 1,166 1,008

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Indl. Mfg. Eng. Retail prod. output order vol.

100.3 101.0 101.6

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2nd qtr.
3rd qtr.
4th qtr.
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November

ist qtr.

January February

4th etr. October November

1st qtr. January February

October November

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THE GOVERNMENT has appointed a receiver to Lear Fan, the carbonfibre aircraft project, which collapsed last week with the loss of £57m of UK public money.

Dr Rhodes Boyson, the Industry Minister at the Northern Ireland Office, yesterday announced the ap-pointment of Mr Michael Jordan of the London firm of Cork Gully.

Two years ago the Government appointed Sir Kenneth Cork and Mr Paul Shewell, of the same firm, as receivers for the De Lorean Sports Car Company in Belfast.

Dr Boyson said the purpose of the receivership was to secure Lear Fan's assets in Northern Ireland and to represent the Government's interests in the assets and technology in the U.S.

Lear Fan has a well-equipped factor near Belfast, Northern Ireland, as well as a plant at Reno, Nevada, in the U.S., where the test programme of the aircraft was carried

Lear Fan decided to cease trading last Thursday. After meeting offi-cials in Belfast, Dr Boyson blamed the collapse on the state of the executive aircraft market in the U.S. and the technical setbacks suffered by the aircraft in the attempt to win an airworthiness certificate.

He said that as a result of the board's decision, both the Government and the private backers – a Saudi Arabian consortium known as Zoysia - were released from their remaining funding commitments under financial agre signed in 1982 and 1984.

Dr Boyson said he very much re- \$100m in addition to the pu gretted it had not been possible for funds which, had it succeeded the company to bring the project to would have contributed greatly to a successful conclusion and he said that regret was shared by Zoysia.

The failure could not be blamed on the Northern Ireland workforce whose loyalty and contribution was The minister said: "As the compa-

ny's statement this week has pointed out, both the Government and Zoysia have in good faith lived up to their obligations under the 1982 and 1984 agreements. The Government did not assume any further finan-cial obligations after the September

"I must emphasise that from the beginning it was clear that this was a high-risk venture which has involved private investment of about

Challenge

in the Middle East.

The Middle East: a place

where business is fundamental.

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65 countries, opens up a whole

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major countries, in Saudi Arabia,

as well as in Bahrain, Lebanon,

Egypt, United Arab Emirates

and Yemen Arab Republic.

world of opportunities.

employment and to the economy of Northern Ireland."

Dr Boyson added: "It is a great disappointment that the setbacks to the certification programme and the recent steep downturn in the executive turboprop aircraft market the project."

He said the Government was ready to co-operate fully with any investigation which the all-party House of Commons public accounts committee might decide to undertake. The committee chairman has aiready asked the Comptroller and Auditor General for Northern Ireland to prepare a report on the af-

Critical phase for Anglo-Irish talks

BY BRENDAN KEENAN IN DUBLIN

ANGLO-IRISH talks on political Republic should play in Northern and security structures in Northern Ireland affairs. Ireland are now at a critical stage, according to reports in Dublin, but so far there is no sign of agreement

Irish Ministers and officials are encouraged by the commitment shown by the British Government, as evidenced by the strengthening of the Cabinet committee which oversees the discussions. Officials close to the talks are becoming worried, however, at the extent of the gap between the two sides.

The crucial issue all along has been the role of the security forces and the judiciary in Northern Ire-

The Irish Government argues not only that there should be radical changes in the Royal Ulster Constabulary and Ulster Defence Regiment, but that it should have some role in security in order to win the support of Northern Ireland Catholics for the security forces.

This appears to be incompatible with the British Government's insistence that there can be no executive role for the Republic in Northern Ireland. Mr Douglas Hurd, Northern Ireland Secretary, repeated this recently and has said that is sues such as the future of the Ulster Defence Regiment were not the subject of Anglo-Irish discussions.

Cash still preferred payment

CASH REMAINS the most popular method of payment in the UK, de-

Eighty eight per cent of all financial transactions are still in cash, according to a survey" of financial behaviour carried out by Burke Re-

Haif of all consumer payments are for between £1- and £3, the sur-

Although a third of the population now has a credit card, only 2 are made by card. Cards are most

The survey suggests that the conweek, 11 per cent of bank account Station House, Harrow Road, bley HA9 6DE.

NFC launches

(NFC), the employee owned transport and storage group, is to be-come a new force in the UK inland

worldwide oversupply of LPG. We plan to take advantage of that to

method of By George Graham

vey showed. In this category cash accounts for 99 per cent of all transactions. Cash is also used in larger transactions, however. Half of all payments between £25 and £50 are made in cash, compared with 31 per cent by cheque. Cheques are used for 43 per cent of payments over

per cent of all consumer payments commonly used for payments be-tween £10 and £25.

tinued popularity of cash may be linked to the rapid growth in the use of cash machines. In an average holders use a cash machine to withdraw money from their accounts. Purke Research Services Group,

Burke Research Services Group,

Harring Road, Wen

gas subsidiary

By Dominic Lawson

NATIONAL Freight Consortium energy market by becoming a bulk supplier of liquefied petroleum gas (LPG).

Mr Clive Beattie, group manag of NFC, Britannia Gas, said yester day: "We are looking to take 5 per cent of the UK LPG market very quickly and, longer term, we have to be looking for 20 per cent."

Britannia Gas has invested £4.5m in an LPG terminal at Immingham on the east coast of England. This will enable Britannia to import gas from north-west Europe, including the North Sea, in bulk.
Mr Beattie said: There is

the benefit of the UK consumer." grip on the LPG market in the UK held by the Calor Group. Mr Beattle said that Britannia would compet with Calor "on service rather than

Unaudited Results Bardon Bardon Hill Group PLC

INFLATION—Indices of earnings (Jan 1989=100); basic materials and fuels, wholesale prices of materiactured products (1980=100); retail prices and food prices (1974=100); FT commodity index (July 1952=100); trade weighted value of sterling (1975=100).

The Group's activities consist of quarrying and associated activities 28,985 Profit before tax 4,294 3,715 Profit after tax 2,459 2,200 Dividend gross per share 4.03p 3.43p Dividend net per share 2.82p 2.40p Earnings per share-before tax 11.92p 7.06p

Points from the statement by the Chairman, P. W.G. Tom

 Record pre-tax profits of £4,294,000. Dividend increased by 17.5%. Optimistic long term growth prospects. ies of the full Report and Accounts will be available from 14.685, from K. J. Cure. 2011 Hill Group R.C. Bardon Hill, Leicesier LE6.21L. Telephone US30 36226.



As a director of B. W. Mud Ltd., a leading supplier of drilling fluids - or mud as it is called in the industry - Ian Hunter had been a personal tax client of Arthur Young for some years.
He realized that his public quoted parent

company wished to concentrate on oil and gas exploration rather than with the supply and services side of the industry. Ian saw the opportunity for a management buy-out. His next idea was to contact Arthur Young.

Arthur Young prepared a proposal document for submission to potential investors, assisted in the negotiations, advised on the best structuring of share interests and organised the subsequent financial reporting.

A new company was formed to effect the buy-out, involving Ian Hunter, other members of senior management and a leading firm of investment fund managers.

The acquisition was successful.

B. W. Mud Ltd. is now a major independent U.K. force in the supply of drilling fluids with a multi million pound turnover.

Arthur Young is proud to play a part in the

continued growth of the newly independent company as Accountants, Auditors and Corporate

And of course, as personal tax advisors to lan.

Hunter and other members of the management. team. If you mean business, call Andrew Darrill on 01-831 7130.

Your next good idea.



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Management Consultants Tax Advisors

Inquiry into cash loss at Eagle Star

Ses Thursday May 30 les C INDICATOR

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Finds ones.

POLICE ARE investigating the dis-appearance of a large sum of mon-ey, believed to amount to six figures, from the Cheltenham, Glou-cestershire, adminstrative headquarters of Eagle Star Insurance, a member of BAT Industries.

They are working closely with an internal audit team at Eagle Star into alleged irregularities. It could take some time before exact details ne available

Mr Leslie Agius, Eagle Star's assistant general manager for person-nel, said the alleged irregularity had been discovered as a result of the initiative of a junior member of staff. He declined to comment on the amount involved or indicate from which area of the group's operations it had disappeared. The Cheltenham office employ

about 1,000 of Eagle Star's 6,000 UK employees. It is involved mainly in handling the administration of the group's life and pensions business, which is highly computerised. Mr Agius said that relatively small amounts of cash were handled by

He emphasised, however, that the alleged irregularity did not involve unauthorised access to the

Price of digital satellite links reduced by BT

BRITISH TELECOM (BT) is cutting the price of its digital satellite links to North America by up to 20 per cent - one of the few areas where it faces direct competition from Mercury Communications.

Mercury, a wholly owned subsidiary of Cable and Wireless, aunched its digital business service to New York in February and its first customers included Associated Press and the London Stock Exchange. BTs rival service to New York does not begin until next lite service, BT has been providing month, although it has had a simi-video-conference facilities between lar link to Canada since last year.

BT yesterday launched a satellite ervice to Europe. The satellite services being offered by Mercury and BT give business a point-to-point high-speed digital circuit which can be used for sending computer data, high-speed facsimile, video-confer-

The speed at which BT can develop its European business will largely depend on how quickly the local telephone administrations move to adopt the system. The first services computer nor had there been any breach of computer security.

services is expected to be high and the London-New York route will be by far the busiest. BT has an advantage over Mercury because it is in a much better position to provide the local link in the UK to its satellite earth station. Mercury is still build-ing its network in Britain. Any company which had large quantities of data to send would have to have its own satellite dish on its roof or in a

As part of an experimental satelvideo-conference facilities between Ford's various European plants.

Mr Mike Ford, chief executive of siness services at BT International, said yesterday: "We are now poised to provide the U.S. service to a range of customers drawn from banking, international finance, civil engineering and electronics."

• The Telecom Dealers' Association, a trade body for the telecommunications industry, launched yesterday. Although it is aimed at the retailers, distributors and wholesalers of telephone equipment, the organisers hope to attract

Crown Agents profit increases despite reduction of business

CROWN AGENTS, the procure clined considerably after the loss of

ment and fund management agency for developing countries, managed to make bigger operating profits Brunei. last year despite loss of business Mr Pe

the year before, according to the annual report published yesterday. Improved figures owed much to their foreign exchange shortages. rollts on the sale during the year. As well as selling its headquarprofits on the sale during the year As well as selling its headquarters the Crown Agents' headquarters the Crown Agents cut UK staff

the contract to manage funds, for the south-east Asian Sultanate of

Mr Peter Graham, senior Crown Agent, said the marketing effort The operating profit was just had suffered because of uncertainty over £1m, compared with £963,000 during the Government review of the agency, and the business in traditional markets had been hit by

on the river Thames and of another numbers from 1,200 to 860. It office. Pre-tax profits on the sale bought a small office in central London, while the bulk of the business lic works. The result owed more to cost save was moved out to the south Londonings than to revenue, which desuburb of Sutton.

turned into a Crown corporation, is now to become a public limited company with the introduction of private capital. The business con-ducted on behalf of client countries was increasingly dependent on in-ternational aid programmes, said Mr Alan Frood, managing director.

New orders were worth £142m last year, the bulk of them for transport equipment. But the value of goods directly procured through the agency had fallen, as countries changed to open tendering for pub-

Pace of redundancies slows

BY OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

continuing to fall - dropping by as much as 27 per cent in 1984 - according to a study by the Department of Employment published yes-

A survey in the Department of Employment Gazette on recent trends in redundancies shows that during 1984 the level of redundancies was significantly lower than in previous years, continuing a fall which the department says began in mid-1981.

Figures in the survey show a total of 237,800 redundancies across all industries and services in 1984 - a

CONFIRMED redundancies are fall from 326,600 the previous year. manufacturing industry, the north-Redundancies fell least - though west of England suffered the most the numbers were smaller - in the redundancies, losing 26,087 jobs in service industries, and in banking, 1984 out of a total of 150,576. insurance and finance the number In the service industries, the

of redundancies rose from 5,000 to 6,400, and in other services from There were sharp falls in metal north-west with 37,935. goods (down from 123,100 to 88,000),

other manufacturing industries ((62,400 to 48,500), although there were smaller falls in construction (23,800 to 22,800) and the distribu-The number of working days lost tive trades (28,000 to 24,000). ive trades (28,000 to 24,000). through strikes fell sharply in April to 186,000 from 525,000 the previous

south-east of England lost the most (18,387), pushing it to the top of the list at 42,501 overall, followed by the

The rate of redundancy per thou-sand employees fell in manufacturing industry by 30 per cent in 1984

Accountancy bodies seek to clarify duties over fraud

published the first of a series on cussion papers on fraud.

The draft, drawn up by the consultative committee of accountancy sultative committee of accountancy tice and does not seek to extend autresponsibility. However, the

and reporting fraud.

It also includes a 19-point questions are:

What changes could be made to of widening the role of the auditor being changed? in reporting fraud.

Arthur Andersen, the world's larg- public? est accountancy firm, over alleged

from the collapse of the De Lorean sports car venture in Belfast. Several other cases, particularly in the U.S., have served to drive up professional indemnity rates for actempts by the accountancy profes

IN A MOVE aimed at preventing ments and the auditors and auditors public criticism of auditors, the actions' reporting responsibilities public criticism of auditors, the accountancy profession yesterday
published the first of a series of discussion papers on fraud.

This difference in perception
should not be ignored," says the auditing practices committee which

professional accountancy bodies, sets out to clarify auditors' respon-sibilities for preventing, detecting to examine the implication of possi-

sensitive questions for the profes-the auditors' role and responsibili-sion, particularly about the effects ties for detection without the law

In recent months, the profession cable to change auditors' responsib has been shaken by the threat of le-ility for detection without limiting gal action resulting from alleged his liability?
fraud or professional neligence by

Should the auditor be expected to

report fraud and other irregulari Early this year, the UK Govern- ties discovered to shareholders, inment issued a \$270m writ against terested third parties or the general

The questions reflect professions professional negligence arising concern that the tight professional and legal roles make it difficult for auditors to report fraud even if they have succeeded in detecting it. The draft is the first of several at-

countants, by between 100 and 300 sion to tackle the problem of fraud A committee within the Institute of The draft acknowledges that Chartered Accountants in England there is "an expectation gap" be-and Wales is expected to publish its tween the users of financial state-own paper in the next few weeks.

May 23, 1985

Port employers warn of financial failures

BY BRIAN GROOM, LABOUR STAFF THE NATIONAL Association of cial relief, which so far it has re-Port Employers warned yesterday fused to do. The association says of financial collapses among its the surpluses could end up by being members and rising labour sur-higher.

pluses if negotiations with the Govburden of the 38-year-old national dock labour scheme. Nine months of talks have so far produced no Mr Nick Finney, the association's director, said 1,000 of Britain's 12,140 registered dockers were sur-

plus to requirements and another 500 would become so next year,

ures are based on the assumption Bank – and to cancel the £12m-a-that the Government accepts the employers' case for further finan-service the debt.

The Government is taking powers to raise the limit on financial assistance to the Port of London Authority and the Mersey Docks and Harbour Company by £140m to £500m. It will also make up to £40m available to the National Dock Labour Board in grants for redundan-

While this will ease the problem partly because the older ports be- of future severance costs, the Delonging to the statutory scheme had difficulty in competing with growing non-scheme parts. like Felixwrite off the historic debt owed by stowe, on the east coast of England.

The biggest labour surpluses are severance scheme - 244m to the at London and Liverpool. These fig- Government, £12m to Barclays'

The Department has so far said it cently available maximum of requires the levy to continue. Mr £25,000 a head. But employers are Finney said: There will come a point when there will be collapses likely to oppose this without fundamental reform of the system. of employers, and when these occur

abolish the scheme, then it should scheme collectively.

which belong to it. One option for the Government may be to propose another special

The Government argues that it they will be a damn sight more dif- has already gone unusually far in ficult to deal with than anything we contributing to the funding of rehave dealt with in the last three or four years."

dundancies by private employers. It says that the burden of historical The association argues that if the debt means that employers must Government continues to refuse to continue to fund the severance

bear the cost. It says the scheme - a statutory network of boards which under which employers paid £1.8m control the size of workforces and for the first two months of the fimake compulsory redundancy diffi- nancial year expire tomorrow. The cult - distorts competition by add- association's executive will meet on ing 10 to 13 per cent to the payroll June 5 and the statutory National costs of the 76 per cent of UK ports Dock Labour Board on June 13.

Port authorities accuse the Government of not doing enough to improve competitiveness on a range of voluntary severance scheme to deal issues. They are worried about a with the growing labour surplus by likely increase in lighthouse dues offering pay-offs higher than the reThis unnouncement appears as a matter of record only

NEW ISSUE

tern remains roughly the same. In



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Women still small minority of executives

BY ANDREW ARENDS

WOMEN hold a higher proportion of executive positions in European companies compared with Euro-pean subsidiaries of U.S. companies, according to a survey conducted by Management Centre Europe,

management training organisa-The survey - of nearly 500 women executives in European comparopean countries - shows that women still constitute a small propor-tion of company executives. in her present position for three years. If she is with an American

Of those surveyed, 13 per cent of

women held over 20 per cent of ex- in a European company, although For U.S. subsidiaries, barely 7 per cent responded similarly.
In 80 per cent of the U.S. subsidi-

aries and 70 per cent of European companies, women constitute 10 per cent or less of the executives. According to the survey, the average woman executive in Europe has been working for her present company for nine years, and has been years. If she is with an American

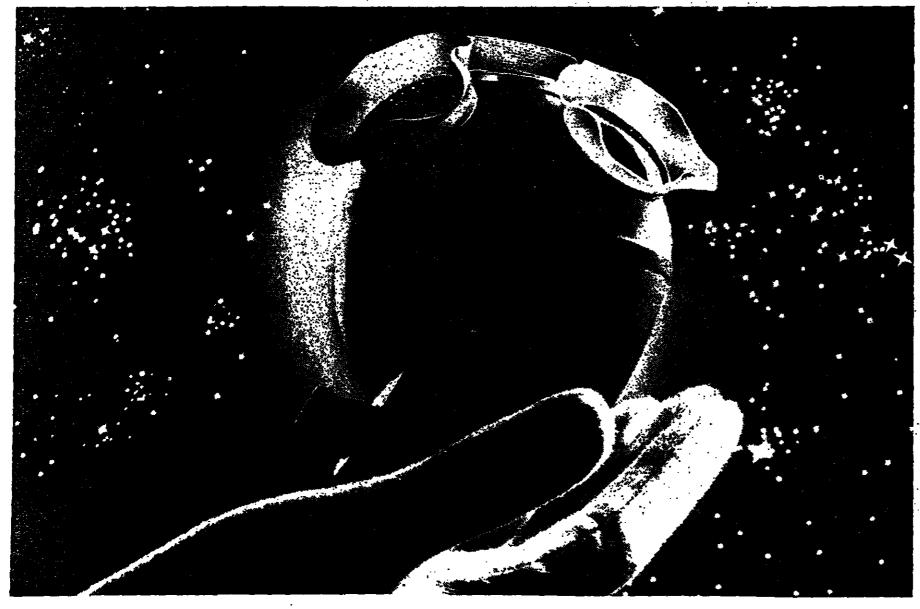
ecutive positions in their company. she is also more likely to be promotent attitudes towards women execued on merit alone.

that they had not advanced as far in their business career as they would have liked. Of this group, British women executives were among the least happy, with over 70 per cent claiming they had not succeeded to the degree they wanted, compared with 34 per cent of West German company, she is more likely to work European women reported that longer hours than her counterpart

The survey also shows the differtives in European countries. Overall, 58 per cent responded that they were treated similarly to male colleagues. But nearly 80 per cent of Belgian and West German women felt they were treated as equals, compared with a significantly lower proportion of Swedish and Dutch women executives who felt the

Women executives in Europe, free from Management Centre Europe, 15 rue Caroly, 1040 Brussels, Bel-

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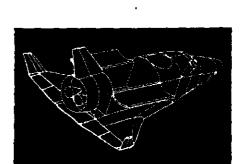


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JOBS COLUMN

'All these guys have done is lose their job'

BY MICHAEL DIXON

society?" asked an American years. The youngest was 31." voice over the telephone. The caller was Jane Walmsley whose television report on executive unemployment was shown on Britain's Channel 4 Business Programme last Sunday.

The events she was calling about did not get into the programme. But they upset as well as surprised her enough to bring them angrily to the Jobs

When she started setting up the TV report she had two expectations. The first was that it would be easy to find a pair of out-of-work managers willing to talk to camera about their predicament and the usefulness or otherwise of redundancy counsellors who prefer to be called outplacement consultants.

The second was that the said managers would have glaring faults. 'I figured they'd be too old or dim to keep up with the pace of business today, grue-some personalities or obvious losers in some other way," she

"But I was wrong. I've interviewed a lot of successful business people. The unemployed characters were some of the most presentable, personable and—from their records— They weren't all old either. It's ashamed of being out of work. not long since several would have been thought of as in the a time to come out with it. I

While the facts instantly disproved M_S Walmsley's second expectation, she initially seemed confirmed in her other belief that it would be easy to sign up a couple of jobless managers to make a fully frontal appearance

days each telephoned to anpounce a change of mind. Pre-cisely the same happened with the next four invited. They at first said yes and later with-

Crazy

eighth we asked went through with it," the TV reporter said. "But in between times things looked sticky. We were thinking we'd have to interview them back to camera or with their faces shaded out. And I thought to myself: 'This is crazy. The only people you have to do that with are child-molesters, terror-ists or fugitives from the Mafia. But all these guys have done is lose their jobs '."

Even so, from her discussions with the half-dozen who backed out she swiftly divined that their prime reason for doing so

"WHAT'S WRONG with this middle of their most productive particularly remember one who hummed and hawed for a good 20 minutes before saying: Look, it's like this. My wife knows I'm unemployed, but the rest of her family don't." Even the ones who were out of a job through no fault of their own -company had been taken over on the screen. The first two she or something—seemed to feel asked readily agreed. or something—seemed to feel they'd committed some social

> They occasionally had an air of being fugitives from the Mafia too. Witness the man who explained: "Getting out of unemployment can be a long haul. Let's say this programme goes out with me in it and three months later I'm asked for interview by somebody who saw it. They'll know then that Pve not had a job for a long time and I'll be stumped."

> Jane Walmsley, used to the less guilt-besmutted attitudes to executive firing and hiring in the United States, could hardly comprehend the British discards' evident view of themselves as being somehow deservedly pariahs of society. So she checked up on employers' attitudes to considering jobless candidates for

higher-grade posts. Sure enough, the checks supported the unemployed executives' constant refrain that nobody wants you, not just when, but simply because you're down and out. A typical em-

ployer's comment-was that while having no objection in principle to taking on jobless candidates, he regarded their applications with great suspicion and examined their every claim at least three times.

"It's as though people who once fall out of work instantly have their whole previous career record erased. They become non-persons," Ms Walms-ley added. "What's wrong with a society so set on denying such keen and impressive people a

As well as being an important question, it is an uncomfort-

able one particularly to this column. During the years of worsening depression facts about rising executive un-employment came in so often that reporting them gave me a hint of what it must have been like to write about the casualty lists of the 1914-18 war. It was not something I wanted to go on doing once recovery started and there were cheery things to report. But the fact is that executives and skilled specialists are still being thrown out of work and, on the evidence of my own checks in addition to Jane Walmsley's, are finding it no easier to get back in. Despite employers' laments about shortages of able people, it seems that the prime qualifi-cation for being offered a new job is having an old one to leave

As of yore also, the people who seem to be doing best out of the situation are the selfstyled outplacement consultants. That is not to say their unfortunate clients mostly, let alone always, do badly out of the deal. Consultants claim, for instance, that only about 6 per cent of their chentele are still jobhunting after 12 months on their books. Moreover, the Business Programme's report found that the out-of-work executives undergoing counselling believe that they are gaining from it.

Exploited

But there is evidence too that a good many of the counsellors' past clients feel that they re-ceived nothing of value. Some who on losing their job paid for counselling services out of their own pockets believe that they were cynically exploited.

Take for example the executive insisting on anonymity what the counsellor will do whose letter arrived coincident for your money before you ally a few days: before Ms hand any over.

Walmsley's telephone call. He "In any case remember: points out that the "failure Most job losers can get access rates" of 6 per cent or so to a personnel specialist who'll quoted by the consultancies do help to produce a cv. Headnot always include clients who despairing of the counsellors' service gave up job-hunting and settled for part-time self em-ployment or otherwise muddling

He chose his particular con-sultancy (which he also insists goes unidentified) mainly be-cause it hinted in its advertising of having access to large numbers of well paid openings which are not advertised. But that was the last he heard of any such jobs. After 12 months he abandoned the counsellor in

"I still find it hard to believe that all I received essentially for my £2,500 outlay was a glossy curriculum vitae that was circulated to about 100 headhunters," he writes.

"My advice would be as follows. By all means use counselling services if the company firing you pays their fees and won't give you the option of having a higger handshake instead. That way

you can't get something worse than nothing.
"If you feel you must pay for them on your own account, examine the small print carefully and get it put in writing

hunters' names and addresses can be found in reference books. And you can get career records and so en typed and copied for far less than the £20 each that I was stung for."



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10 years ago.

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Please contact Jill Backhouse or Brian Gooch.

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A Major Banking Group seeks a highly professional Chartered Accountant, aged 27-30 years, with a minimum of 2 years UK corporate raxation experience, gained within the specialist division of a "top 8" accounting firm, or a banking environment. This position represents a genuine opportunity for personal development, and candidates should possess strong communicative skills and a creative approach to taxation problems.

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All applications will be treated in strict confidence.

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The Greater London Enlargness Board is an equal oppozurity employer, and applications are welcome trom candidates regardless of sex, race, nationality, age, or manual status and from registered disabled persons,

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A progressive bond and securities trading business based in London is about to embark on a period of controlled expansion.

The company which has offices in London, New York and Hong Kong intends doubling the size of their business over the next two years. They are currently seeking to employ

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Assistant Manager **Securities Department**

We are seeking an Assistant Manager to act as No. 2 in our Securities Department

the successful candidate will be over 30 and have 10 years' Securities experience gained in a banking and/ or stockbroking environment.

in addition to a thorough working knowledge of U.K. and Foreign Securities (including contracts, settle-ments/dividends/capital issues) you must be able to demonstrate proven leadership and management skills. We offer an attractive salary plus the usual banking ringe benefits including mortgage subsidy scheme, private medical cover, pension and life assurance, seson ticket loan, flexible working hours and free staff

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Please send full details of career to date to H.W. FitzHugh. Male or female candidates should telephone in confidence for a Personal History Form 01-734 6852, 6th Floor, Sutherland House, 5/6 Argyll Street, LONDON, W1V 1AD. Ref: 20275/FT.

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Coopers & Lybrand Associates, one of the largest and fastest-growing firms of management and economic consultants in the UK, is experiencing a growing demand for its specialist consultancy services in the financial sector. In response to this demand, we are rapidly expanding our Financial Services Group, and are currently seeking experienced individuals to assist us in that expansion.

The Financial Services Group provides a range of assistance to clients in areas such as Corporate Banking, Insurance, Investment, Treasury and Retail Finance. Our assignments require us to draw upon our wide spectrum of analytical and practical skills on our clients' behalf, we undertake strategic business planning and economic market analysis; we provide specific diagnostic recommendations on current financial systems, and are involved in the implementation of improved computer systems and the development of long-term information technology strategy. Moreover, although based in London and the UK, we are also extensively called upon to advise clients throughout Europe, as well as Africa and the Middle East.

We require outstanding individuals capable of embracing a wide range of disciplines with the initiative to be able to adapt to a variety of demanding situations. We are looking for people with at least 3 years' experience in the financial sector, preferably in the Insurance, Investment or Building Society fields. You should be aged 27-35, ideally a graduate, with a relevant professional qualification. As a consultant or senior consultant, you will be London based with a salary of up to £30,000.

If you feel you have the right response to our demand, please send a résumé, including daytime telephone number, to Murray MacFarlane, Coopers & Lybrand Associates, Fleetway House, 25 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4AQ, quoting ref. F01/7.

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who, after a period of a Priodse from any, will be confipered if and our finding and occurring with executives which the challenging City environment.

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A leading international bank requires the above position to be filled by somebody who already has some experience in O.T.C. Options. The ideal candidate should be in his/her early twenties and have a degree in a business-related subject. A very competitive remuneration will be offered to the right candidate.

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The Pension Department of the Electricity Council manages the investments of the Electricity Supply Industry's Pension Scheme. The value of these funds is now in excess of £4bn. You will assist in the management of the Scheme's holdings of stocks and shares worldwide. The overseas research emphasis is directed primarily towards the American markets, although there are also interests in Europe and the Pacific Basin. You will produce specific recommendations for the purchase and sale of quoted securities based on analytical research and occasional visits to company managements. There will be scope to influence

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You should have a sound knowledge of economic and investment principles and techniques, and will already have wide practical experience of overseas investment research within the Investment Industry, with particular reference to the U.S.A.

An appropriate qualification is desirable. Please write in confidence with CV and current salary quoting ref. 49/FT to:

David Webb, Recruitment Officer,-The Electricity Council, 30 Millbank, London SW1P 4RD.

The Council is an Equal Opportunity Employ

Eurobond Dealers

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited in London is seeking experienced Eurobond Dealers to complement its existing trading team. Candidates should be in their mid-late twenties and have at least three years' experience of trading in international fixed-income securities preferably with an active market maker.

Although fluency in English is essential, a sound command of German and/or French would be an advantage.

Remuneration will be competitive and related primarily to experience.

Full career and personal details should accompany a hand written application and be addressed in confidence to Mrs Lyn Usher at:

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c £23,000

Our client, one of the leading Investment Banks, is looking for a dynamic, qualified accountant to fill a demanding role. A considerable amount of the banking transactions are handled in

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Write in complete confidence to A. Longland as adviser to the company.



10 Hallam Street, London, WIN 6DJ. Telephone: 01-580 2924

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Benefits include a minimum of 5 weeks holiday and a contributory index-linked pension scheme.

Please reply in writing, outlining career and salary progression with details of your experience and qualifications to: Pater Famer, Head of Management Development, National Girobank, 10 Milk Street, LONDON, EC2V 8JH.

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use of the cable facility and to represent the company in the

Candidates will probably have strong marketing skills developed in consumer-related fields. They will have successfully led a team of diverse skills. The age bracket is 32-45. The reward package is in the range

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Send brief CV AND also 350-400 word article to: Box A9021, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT **MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

Due to increased market activity, International Investment Management Company located in West End seeks the following:

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A young economist, preferably with a financial background, is needed to assist our Investment Department. The successful applicant will need to be ambitious and a self-starter. Junior Dealer

A Junior Dealer is required to assist the Fund Managers. Ideally he or she will have some financial market experience. However, this will not exclude

school leavers with aptitude. Assistant to Settlements Manager

A young person with financial settlements back-ground is required to fill this vacancy. All salaries are negotiable according to age and

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Director of Administration

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A comprehensive remuneration ' package will include a salary of c.£40,000 and normal financial sector fringe benefits. Assistance will be offered, if appropriate, in relocating to the Cardiff area which offers an excellent choice of coastal, rural and city locations.

Please write in strict confidence, reference 1008, to David Thompson, Managing Director, Bull Thompson and Associates, 63 St. Martin's Lane. London, W.C.2, who is advising on this appointment.

Bull Thompson

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Director of Operations Europe

Our Client is an American owned Group in the travel and leisure industry with a European head office based in London W1. A trebling of activities is expected in the near future.

Reporting to the USA based Managing Director the appointee will be responsible for the growth and financial management of the European

Candidates, ideally in their thirties, must be qualified accountants who have gained some general experience in the travel, leisure or related business. The ability to motivate and expand the existing team is essential. The basic salary will be more than £20,000 and there are excellent benefits.

Please apply in writing to Peter Barnett, FTPM, MIMC, quoting reference 8451, Barnett Consulting Group Limited, Providence House, River Street, Windsor, Berkshire, SL4 lQT. Tel. Windsor 58868.

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RENCE NATIONAL, wise experience or top financial management of U.S. corps., looking for commensurate position or possibility to act as broker, agent, con-sultant for U.S. corp. in France. Write Box A9017, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street. London ECAP 48Y.

Appointments ... Wanted

MANAGING DIRECTOR Write Box A9010, Financial Times

10 Cannon St, London EC4P 4BY

INTERNATIONAL DEALING

Assistant required for expanding International Dealing Department.

Experience of overseas dealing and a knowledge of settlement procedures an advantage; However a high degree of self-motivation and an ability to work within a small group

Attractive remuneration package to suitable candidate.

Please reply with full C.V.

To Barry Collins

James Capel & Co. 100 Old Broad Street London EC2N 1BQ

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Finance Director Framlington Group plc

City c£35.000

Framlington Group pic is a rapidly growing fund management group which includes a unit trust which includes a unit trust
management company with about
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insurance company, an offshore fund
management company and a
computer software company. The
group is a public company listed on the
Stock Exchange with a market
capitalisation of £14 million.

The group now seeks a successor
to the Financial Director who retires at
the end of the year. The position will
have responsibility for all the
accounting, administrative and
company secretarial functions within
the group, and carries with it

the group, and carries with it appointment to the main board. The FD will be expected to evaluate all new financial propositions and to provide creative advice on the Group's future strateov.

chartered accountants will be a chartered accountant in his or her mid 30's. He or she will be a graduate with a good honours degree, should have experience of working in a linancial services company, and will preferably have some knowledge of unit trust management and/or life insurance companies. Personal qualities of integrity, flexibility and commitment are required, as is the ability to motivate and not on well with a pmall learn of and get on well with a small team of people.
Please reply in strictest

The ideal candidate will be a

confidence, giving concise career, personal and salary details, quoting Ref: ER780 to Peg Eva, Executive Rolls House, 7 Rolls Buildings, Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1NH.

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The rapid growth of Prolific Unit Trusts, and other funds within the Provincial Insurance Group, has created the need for an experienced Office Manager to take responsibility for Investment Department administration. Group investments are in excess of

The ideal candidate will have had several years' experience of investment accounting procedures and knowledge of computerised systems.

A competitive salary will be paid to the right individual and company benefits include subsidised mortgage facilities.



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Investment Director Provincial Insurance

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CITY OF LONDON

Required for trade and technical magazine publishing company—a subsidiary of the Ladbroke Group Plc. The company is expanding dramatically—turnover £2½ million to £8 million since 1982—both organically and by acquisition. The need now is for a flexibile but disciplined, experience accountant to help account for future growth. The post would suit either a younger qualified accountant with at least 2 years PQE or a more experienced but nonetheless ambitious person. Salary and benefits negotiable. Please send a comprehensive C.V. with salary history to Liam Dexter, Finance Director, United Trade Press Ltd., 33/35 Bowling Green Lane, London, EC1R ODA.

Financial Controller Insurance

Essex

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Owing to promotion, a financial controller is sought to head up a small, lively and enthusiastic team. Broad-ranging duties include the management of the accounting function, establishing budgets, analysing and interpreting results as well as assisting in the development of the business.

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The successful applicant for this demanding role will be aged 35 to 45 with either an accounting or company secretarial qualification. Similar experience in administering the affairs of a professional organisation using computerised systems, though not necessarily a firm of chartered accountants,

Please write in the first instance submitting a concise curriculum vitae and quoting reference 0587 to : Peter Childs, Pannell Kerr Forster Associates,

New Garden House, 78 Hatton Garden, LONDON, ECIN 8JA. Pannell Kerr Forster **Associates**

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Accountancy Appointments

c£35-40,000 + generous share options

Group Finance Director

top level appointment

Our client is a highly successful and fast-expanding publicly-quoted industrial group of autonomous companies with exciting growth prospects both in the UK and overseas, particularly in North America. The entrepreneurial flair and strength of the Board is reflected by recent record profits and turnover forecast to reach \$2500 million within the next three years.

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The requirement is for a high calibre executive who is currently heading-up the financial function in a substantial UK group, preferably operating internationally. Experience must include the operation of strong financial management and controls and the ability to deal at a high level with financial institutions.

Candidates should write in strict confidence enclosing a full CV and salary details quoting MCS/2010 to Milton Ives,
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Price Waterhouse, Southwark Towers.
32 London Bridge Street,
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Business Needs Experts.

Young Accountant

c. £15,000

My clients are a £multi-million fmcg company with well developed

Key tasks will be the evaluation of strategies and investment pro-

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Candidates should be gualified accountants in their mid 20's with at least

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The company turnover is in excess of £10 million this year and plans to

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launch on the U.S.M. within three years. The newly-created vacancy is likely to gain Financial Controller status within twelve months and is perceived as

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ment, good benefits, etc.

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This is a challenging appointment and will not suit those seeking a passive role.

Surrey

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The requirement is for a qualified accountant with at least 2 years relevant experience. In addition to accounting expertise, the role calls for an effective manager and administrator who is able to interact effectively with senior management within the Group.

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In addition to a competitive salary, we offer a substantial range of benefits, which includes a Company car, mortgage subsidy, non-contributory pension scheme, and comprehensive relocation assistance.

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GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

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Management Accountant

South West London

Our client, H Randell & Son Limited, is a small, profitable property development and construction company operating in the London area. The company has recently been acquired by a major construction and engineering group which intends to allow considerable autonomy in the company's day to day operations and is looking for rapid growth over the next few years.

Reporting to the Managing Director, the management accountent will lead a small department and be responsible for all aspects of accounting and financial control. This will include computer systems development, cash control and management reporting both within the company and to

The requirement is for a qualified accountant, aged around 30-35, with extensive experience gained in the construction industry, using computerised accounting systems and preferably including some knowledge of company

Remuneration: around £15,000 plus significant benefits. Please write in confidence to A.J Walker (Ref 104).

KMG Thomson McLintock_ Management Consultants 15 Pembroke Road Bristol BSS 38G

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to £12,000

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There are definite opportunities for carear progression which will be strongly influenced by your enthusiasm and determination to succeed. For a detailed and confidential discussion contect:

Paul Goodman, Consultant to the Company, on 01-387 5400 (or out of hours on 01-508 1057) or write to him at: Financial Selection Services

Drayton House, Gordon Street, London WC1H OAN

Probably around 30 years of age, you should

Thornton Baker is a leading chartered account-

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abilities will be a considerable advantage to

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be working at manager level with extensive

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UK, and as wide a diversity of clients as locations. international firm. Prospects for professional advancement with We are now seeking to appoint two Managers Thornton Baker are excellent, as we always look within our Business Services Group, based in London. These are senior positions within this 50-strong group, and proven man-management

for men and women with ultimate partnership We offer competitive salaries, reflecting your

qualifications and experience, and a full range of large company benefits including ear. If you are ready to make a decisive move in our accountancy career, please write to Liz Richards, Personnel Manager, Thornton Baker, Fairfax House, Fulwood Place, London WCIV 6DW.

D

Financial controller

N. London, up to £23,000 + car



Our client, the UK operating company of a major, American, high technology corporation, seeks to appoint an experienced financial executive to take overall responsibility for the financial and administrative functions of the company, with initial emphasis on upgrading existing financial information system

The requirement is for a graduate Chartered Accountant in his or her 30's with several years commercial experience in a sales/marketing environment, including at least three years in a management capacity.

Resumés, including a day time telephone number, to: M C Ward, Executive Selection Division, Ref: R404,

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and objective judgement. An open, jackets off environment where the atmosphere is charged, bureaucracy is absent, Tel: 01-656 8323 (day).

further enhance the élitist appeal of the job.

So, if you're a mature and experienced qualified business executive, aged under 35, with a good first degree and appropriate professional qualification; the very first problem we ask you to solve is simply whether to contact us or not. We would strongly recommend that you do.

Kindly write (in strict confidence) with full cv/ earnings progression and outline why you think you're worth around £30,000 plus a car, to: John L. Thompson,

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Finance Director Designate

International Manufacturing PLC up to £30,000 + Car

Our client is a large, long-established manufacturing organisation, an international leader in its field. It supplies its customers through a world-wide

As part of management succession planning, a Finance Director-Designate is being recruited, to take over when the present job holder retires. As familiarity with the world-wide business is key to success, you will initially be appointed for a limited period as Finance Director of a major overseas subsidiary, before returning to the UK to a senior post prior to joining the main board, productive to the UK to a senior post prior to joining the main board, productive to the UK to a senior post prior to joining the main board, productive to the UK to a senior post prior to joining the substantial world with

about 3 years time. The Finance Director role involves substantial world-wide travel from a Southern Home Counties base and represents a chance to play a key role in the future development of a successful business. Probably in your mid thirties, you must be a chartered accountant and have substantial experience in a manufacturing organisation with computerised accounting systems, preferably involving international operations.

Benefits are those associated with an appointment of this seniority. Please write - in confidence - with full details to B. G. Woodrow ref. B.73290.

This appointment is open to men and women. **HAY-MSL Selection and Advertising Limited** 52 Grosvenor Gardens, London SW1W 0AW.

Offices in Europe, the Amen

MANAGEMENT SELECTION

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR DESIGNATE

LONDON

COMPUTER GAMES

The United Kingdom's most successful computer games company exporting world-wide, wishes to appoint a Figancial Director to work closely with the Managing Director and to play an important role in the development of the company both in the U.K. and throughout the world. Condidates should be qualified secondants who can demonstrate a successful exteer to date in financial management together with a high degree of business atomen. Experience in computer management will be an advantage. Age is not relevant. An appropriately attractive salary pockage will be offered.

applications enclosing detailed C.V. should be sent, in strictest confidence, tro:-Managing Director, MASTERTRONIC LTD.,

· Park Lorne, 111 Park Road, London, NW8 7/L.

Thornton Baker Associates

Nobody gets closer to clients

September 1

Accountancy Appointments

Innovative International Tax Expert A Challenge for Entrepreneurs

Creativity and the ability to make an individual contribution characterises the people you will work with at this highly successful and forward thinking corporate finance unit of a London based merchant bank. Operating on a truly international scale this subsidiary of one of the world's leading US banks is well placed to take advantage of future changes both in the UK and abroad.

Established as a market leader it provides a wide range of merchant and investment banking services to an impressive number of global corporations. During the last year the merchant bank has developed its taxed based product line and to progress this expansion now needs to recruit a further international tax specialist.

You will be encouraged to operate independently giving full vent to your entrepreneurial talents. Reporting to the Head of Tax Based Financing your main tasks will be to design and sell tax efficient products to international corporations. An important aspect of your job will be to

identify new business opportunities and interface with relationship managers in the corporate bank.

In your 30's you are a qualified accountant or lawyer with a reputation for creativity and initiative. You have an excellent grounding in tax and for the last few years have focused on solving international tax problems in a multi-national environment. Highly successful and profit conscious you are a good communicator and are seeking the chance to fully realise your potential.

There will be some travel mainly to Europe and the US. Excellent opportunities exist to advance your career in this expanding and dynamic merchant bank. Remuneration is entirely negotiable and will include a competitive salary, bonus, subsidised mortgage, company car and non contributory pension scheme. Please phone or write in complete confidence to Barbara Lord, Senior Consultant, Cripps, Sears & Assoc. I.td., 88/89 High Holborn, London WCIV 6LH. Tel: (II-404 570).



Nottingham

c £ 22,500 + car

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£20-25

The Corners

Rejob

Candidates

Chiel

Our client is a leading UK distributor of agricultural machinery and equipment with a number of trading outlets. A new phase of expansion has now created an exceptional opportunity for a Group Financial Controller at Corporate

Reporting directly to the Group Managing Director, this role entails substantial systems development as well as complete control of all financial and administrative functions within the group. Unlikely to be aged under 40, you will be a qualified accountant and must have:

- ★ Diverse and extensive accounting experience, ideally gained within a distribution or service-related
- ★ Strong personal drive, self motivation and commitment.
- ★ Well developed interpersonal skills and proven business acumen.

Applicants capable of meeting these exacting requirements will be offered an excellent salary and benefits package to include a fully expensed company car.

Interested candidates should write to Nigel Hopkins FCA, Executive Division, enclosing a comprehensive c.v., quoting ref. 259, at 31 Southampton Row, London WC1B 5HY.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants

Special Project Controller c £ 27,500 + car

London

Heron International plc is one of the UK's largest privately owned groups with diverse interests in trade. financial services and property throughout the UK, USA and Europe. An entrepreneurial management philosophy and strong asset base form the basis for their ambitious future expansion.

Extensive internal restructuring has created an opportunity for a highly motivated accountant to undertake a vital project role based at the group's corporate headquarters. Reporting to the Finance Director, and working closely with key senior management, this one-to-two year assignment will take total responsibility for the evaluation and development of financial management

information systems throughout the organisation. Candidates, aged late 20's/early 30's will be qualified accountants (ideally MBA's) with relevant experience gained in a large company environment. The ability to liaise with all disciplines within the group and communicate effectively at board level are essential

For applicants with the potential to succeed in a young, high profile organisation, the scope for career progression. is unlimited both at head office and operational level. Applicants should write to Philip Cartwright ACMA, Executive Division, enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae, quoting ref. 258, at

31 Southampton Row, London WC1B5HY.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow Brussels New York Sydney

Financial Controller

Growth Opportunity In High Technology

Off M3 Motorway c. £20,000

The underlying strength of the microcomputer market continues unabated but today only those companies which can satisfy the demands of more discerning business equipment buyers will reap the rewards. Our client

Formed only three years ago it is already well established as a distributor of this equipment, its long-term strategy is geared to becoming a market leader. its range of products includes most of the top name manufacturers and its policy is to provide the fullest pre and post sales support to meet clients'

Stringent financial control will however be critical to the company's successful growth. They therefore wish to appoint an enthusiastic and able Financial Controller to be responsible to the Managing Director for all financial and administrative aspects of the business.

Applicants must be Qualified Accountants, ideally aged around 27-30, with sound business acumen and at least two years commercial experience, involving budgetary control and computer based systems.

An attractive remuneration package will be offered and there are excellent prospects of a Board appointment in the short term.

Please send concise details, including current salary and daytime telephone number, quoting reference F2011, to W.S. Gilliland, Executive Selection

Thornton Baker Associates Limited, Fairfax House, Fulwood Place, London WC1V 6DW.

Management Training Morgan Stanley International

London Subsidiary of Leading Wall Street Investment Banking Firm Controllers Department

CAREER DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME FOR OUTSTANDING UNIVERSITY GRADUATES We are searching for a select few who have the intelligence, discipline and initiative to dedicate all of their skills and energy to pursuing a unique career in the

international securities industry.

The role of the Controllers' Department is to provide timely and accurate information for monitoring the firm's financial performance and making important business decisions. The department is organised into business unit controllerships which maintain close, daily contact with each of the firm's major trading areas.

OUR PROGRAMME OFFERS:

- R PROGRAMME OFFERS:

 An outstanding compensation programme. We offer a starting salary significantly above that which most graduates can obtain in other entry level positions. Thereafter we reward staff strictly according to performance and their ability to take on increasingly complex responsibilities.
 A means of establishing a high growth career in a challenging industry. We offer a significant amount of training in both accounting and in the securities industry, plus the ability to work with exceptionally talented securities industry and accounting professionals.
 The objective of the three year training programme is to produce professionals who not only have practical accounting skills, but also know how to use accounting as a tool to approach business problems.

 OUIREMENTS:

Individuals selected for this programme will have recently earned an excellent university degree and performed with distinction during their academic careers.

Analytic and numerate skills are essential. We require your curriculum vitae and a cover letter in which you develop your qualifications to enter this programme. In addition to presenting your objectives and accomplishments, please provide us with complete details of your academic qualifications.

Please write to: Mrs Mary Wood, Morgan Stanley International Commercial Union Building, 1 Undershaft, Leadenhall Street, London EC3

capital funds in excess of £25m and a member

enclosing a CV, to

Mr. J. A. G. Wilson, CHIEF EXECUTIVE

International House,

1 St Katharine's Way, London E1 9UN.

ANDOVER

The TSB Trust Company is the insurance and investment arm of the TSB Group. We have a highly successful portfolio of Unit Trust, General and Life insurance products and have expanded very quickly over our short history. At our headquarters in Andover we employ appoximately 850 staff (plus a Sales Force of 380) and have £1 bn funds under control.

As part of our investment operations we have a range of unitised funds linked to our Life Fund and Pension Company. The value of the funds' investments has already reached £180m and they are expanding rapidly.

As a result of promotion, we wish to recruit an investment Accountant to take charge of the Section within our investment Accounting Department, responsible for the accounting of our internal funds. Key responsibilities will

accounts. The post will also involve ilaison with Property and other Investment Managers, Stockbrokers etc.

c£14K PACKAGE

For this demanding post we are ideally looking for a qualified accountant with experience in a similar role with another insurance/Financial Services Company. Consideration will be given to part qualified candidates who would need to demonstrate several years' experience of investment and Property Accounting routines.

In return we offer in the region of a £14k package which includes a mortgage subsidy scheme, bonoses, non-contributory pension scheme and full relocation expenses where

Please telephone or write for an application form to Bill Brewer, Personnel Department on Andover (0264) 58740, TSB Trust Company Ltd., Keens House, Andover, Hants SP10 1PG.



Newly-qualified? THE CHALLENGE OF **MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING** WITH AN INDUSTRY LEADER MAINTENANCE AND BUILDING WORKS DEPARTMENT

PolyGram Record Operations is part of the world-famous multi-million pound PolyGram Leisure Group, manufacturing and distributing a best-selling range of records and pre-recorded tapes on labels which are established household.

We now wish to appoint to our Manufacturing Plant at Walthamstow a young newly-qualified Accountant, who, working closely with our Management Accountant, at the head of a staff of 10 people, will take special responsibility for the day-to-day allocation and control of the team's work load and will assist with the preparation of budgets, statutory accounts and ad hoc projects. It is therefore essential that the quality of your technical expertise is complemented by strong interpersonal skills, while a background in manufacturing will obviously be the

The remuneration package features a starting salary c. £11,500 and the full range of benefits you would expect from a major international organisation of our standing.

For more information, please forward a copy of your CV to: J. Lawrence, Assistant Personnel Manager. PolyGram Record Operations Limited, Record Works, Walthamstow Avenue.

London E4 8SZ. Telephone: 01-527 2300.

Accountant (Payments) Oil Industry c. £16,000 p.a.

We are a successful oil service company with the responsibility of servicing the needs of our many clients who comprise the majority of leading Libyan oil concerns. We now have a vacancy for an Accountant to be based at our Central London offices.

The person appointed, reporting to the Chief Accountant, will be required to ensure that approved suppliers invoices are paid in accordance with company policy. This will involve purchase ledger control, funds management, letters of credit/guarantee

To apply, you should preferably hold associate membership of ICA, ICMA or ICCA and have spent at least five years at senior accounts level of which at least two years have been in a Management Post. You must also have a knowledge of computerised accounting and have experience of supervising other staff.

We are offering an excellent salary package as well as a superb working environment.

Please send comprehensive c.v. together with daytime telephone number to: J. Black, Personnel Co-ordinator, Umm Al Jawaby Oil Service Co. Ltd., 33 Cavendish Square, London W1M9HF.

AVANICATION CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE



JAWABY OIL SERVICE

SALARY C. £22000 p.a.

An expanding export finance house with of the Exco Group of Companies seeks a recently qualified chartered accountant, preferably with bank auditing experience, for a new and challenging position.

The excellent remuneration package will appeal to those who consider themselves to be in the upper quartile of their profession.

Please reply in confidence,

London Forfaiting Company Limited.

Applications are invited for a post of

FINANCE OFFICER £18,750-£19,875

The Finance Officer will be responsible to the Director for the provision of an efficient finance, budgetary control and costing service for the Department, having regard perticularly to the provision of the Local Government Planning and Land Act, 1990, With the increase in importance of commercialism in local authorities there is a need to employ either a young qualified accountant or someone with wide relevant experience at senior level in either the Public or the Private Sector.

Removal expenses to a maximum of £1,250 and temporary lodging allowance will be paid in appropriate cases. Application forms, returnable by 17th June, 1985, and further details may be obtained from: The Director of Personnel and Management Services, PO Box 88 Municipal Buildings, Dale Street, Liverpool L69 20H Tel: (051-227 3911 Ext 706).



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Accountancy Appointments

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

Valuable Share Oution Preparing for Public Flotation

The company comprises an independent group of profit centres manufacturing sophisticated products for the aerospace, defence and civil manufacturing industries. It has a history of profits and is now preparing for a public flotation in a few years. The company has funding from major institutional investors. Location: West Country.

You would be joining at a crucial stage in the company's development and your task would be key to its success. You would have to manage rigorous financial and budgeting control. You would be involved in tendering procedures and also participate in the strategy of the company to prepare it for flotation. It is a full group financial director's role in a medium size

You need to be a CA under 45 whose experience has included responsibility for the financial management of a sophisticated manufacturing unit. A salary of c£25,000 will be offered with a car. A share allocation will be made prior to flotation. Relocation costs will be met.

Your name will not be released until we have briefed you and you have given your consent. Please write to me, Terence Hart Dyke, Consultant to the Company.

siness Development Consultants (International) Ltd 63 Mansell Street London E1 8AN



Corporate Financial Services

London £20-25,000+car

Cable and Wireless is a profitable and growing force in the world telecommunications market with a clear communication to technological

To reinforce its search for still further opportunities it has established a small team. within the central finance function, to provide specialist advice to the Group and its operating companies. Tasks will include acquisition proposals, capital structure and funding strategies, and ad hoc financial studies.

The need is for a graduate Accountant, aged 26-30, with recent experience of Corporate finance, perhaps gained with an international accounting firm, a City Organisation or a major corporation. Qualities will include professionalism, a persuasive and diplomatic personality, good

communication skills and the ability to work with all levels of management. Overseas travel is likely to be required.

Please reply to Martin Manning, in strict confidence, with details of age, career and salary progression, education and qualifications, quoting reference 1470/FT on both envelope and letter.

Deloitte **Haskins+Sells**

Management Consultants

INTERNATIONAL GROUP OF COMPANIES

Seek fully qualitied Chartered Accountant to supervise the running of their London Head Office and grapare monthly and quarterly accounts. This is a responsible position reporting directly to the Chairman and Managing Director. Salary negotiable, according to experience.

Write Box A9018, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street London EC4 P4BY

Finance Director **Designate**

London

c£26,000+car, profit share etc

nited City Merchants PLC is a well established and profitable international trading and financial services group. Due to retirement there is a need to appoint a dynamic and commercially orientated professional to the position of Finance Director, UCM Timber PLC which is one of the largest timber import agencies in the UK. Working closely with the Managing Director, UCM Timber PLC to whom the successful applicant will report, he/she will be responsible for all financial aspects of the business and participate in the development and implementation of present and future business

Suitable applicants will be those aged 27—45, Chartered Accountants with at least 5 years in a senior financial appointment preferably from within an expanding environment. In addition they must possess a keen intellect and marked leadership qualities with personality commitment and ambition in order to contribute to the

continuing success of the company.

In addition to salary and full benefits there are realistic opportunities to progress within the Group. A designatory period of not more than 6 months will apply although this condition may be waived dependent upon the suitability of the successful candidate.

Candidates should apply in confidence enclosing a full cv including present salary and quoting reference MCS/7163 to Michael R. Andrews,

Executive Selection Division,

Price Waterhouse, Southwark Towers,

221 Lender Bridge Street



ACCOUNTANCY

APPOINTMENTS

APPEAR EVERY

THURSDAY

Financial Analysis and Management in a highgrowth, high-technology environment

Data General is one of the world's foremost names in the minicomputer business and has expanded consistently and dramatically throughout the last decade to achieve a current annual turnover in excess of one billion dollars. The company's commercial success has been achieved through the introduction of innovative new high-performance products to meet market demands plus a commitment to firstclass financial and business management.

As a direct result of the expansion of our customer base in the UK, we now need several key finance professionals who have the ability to contribute to our business success:

FINANCIAL MANAGER

You will be the financial specialist working closely with the first-line Customer Service management team. Our post-sales business is a critical area and its effective management directly determines both customer satisfaction and field productivity which are key to the profitability of the total company.

Our need is for a qualified accountant (preferably ACMA) who has good experience

of budgeting, forecasting and costing as well as a high degree of commercial acumen. Good communicative and personal skills are

essential in this dynamic and fast-moving environment, but primarily your business skills and financial professionalism will be crucial to your success in this highly-visible role.

FINANCIAL ANALYSTS (SENIOR)

The two most visible functions within Data General (Sales/Marketing and Customer Service) each need a Senior Financial Analyst to provide the respective management teams with information and financial support. This will involve contributing to the development of budgets and forecasts and analysing financial data to compare actual performance against

We are looking for qualified Accountants who have the ambition to take on early responsibility and make a valuable contribution to a high-growth and demanding business.

Salaries will be negotiable up to £15,000 pa, plus the comprehensive range of benefits you would expect from a profitable, successful, international company. Future career prospects are genuinely outstanding, both in the UK and internationally.

Please telephone or write to: Gina Richards, Data General Limited, Hounslow House, 724-734 London Road Hounslow, Middlesex TW3 1PD.

Data General a Generation ahead

FINANCE DIRECTOR

E PERSONNEL CONSULTANTS

Devon, Circa £14,500 plus fully expensed car

This is a key position within a £25M turnover subsidiary of a national engineering group. Following re-structuring and very substantial investment, the company now has all the facilities to exploit its markets.

Candidates, preferably qualified, must have a computer based management accounting background in an engineering industry involving contracting, project

accounting background in an engineering industry involving contracting, projection in the cost of the objective is to get involved in the total business and complement the new production facilities by establishing improved systems for productivity and profitability. Shopfloor involvement is also essential and personal abilities of

persistence, persuasiveness and a desire to develop working relationships are

J.H.E. Davies, Ref: 37410/FT. Male or female candidates should telephone in confidence for a Personal History Form 0222 700633, 3a Hickman Road, Penarth, CARDIFF, CF8 2AJ.

paramount.

The company is situated in a very attractive area with many recreational amenities and an excellent relocation package is available.

32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY.

£20-25,000 + bonus, car and other benefits

The Company

ACCOUNTANCY

APPOINTMENTS

APPEAR EVERY

THURSDAY

Rate £37.00

per single

column centimetre

Plus V.A.T.

A long-established private company with a successful record in retailing, operating a chain of shops in Southern England. A strong asser-based company which is now actively pursuing a programme of expansion.

The Job

Reporting to the Chief Executive, the main responsibilities are: to take charge of all financial and Secretarial functions; to develop and implement a corporate plan; to manage the company's assets including its property; to contribute to the general management of the business and its development.

Candidates

Qualified accountants, preferably chartered, probably aged 30-40, with management experience in a substantial organisation and familiar with the application of computers to business. Some knowledge of retailing would be useful. In addition to leadership and technical skills, the company is looking for particular personal qualities: business flair and ambition, presence, sensitivity in relationships and a commitment to the practice of Christian ethics in business. Applicants of any racial group may apply.

Please apply to Sir Timothy Hoare. Chichester House, Chichester Rents.

Chief Accountant

areer London WC2A 1EG. Tel: 01-242 5775 plan

Divisional Accountant London

c£16,000+Car

A major trading division of one of the country's leading housebuilders has three distinct Regional areas of operation. Following reorganisation they now require a young qualified accountant to be based in West London who will control and supervise the divisional accounting function. Closely involved with the installation and development of micro computer based systems, you will be responsible for the production and review of financial, management and board reports, quarterly profit and cash forecasts, annual budgets, land purchase appraisals using DCF techniques and the control and reporting of cash flow

Probably aged 26/32, you will be a qualified Accountant with sound accounting skills and relevant experience gained ideally in property development, housebuilding or similar spheres. With a mature but outgoing personality, you must have management ability and a flair for communication with operational managers and

Please telephone or write quoting reference BH 713 to: Mann Management, 160 New Bond Street, London W1Y 0HR. Telephone: 01-629 4226.



Group Accountant

We seek a young Chartered Accountant to develop and run the diverse accounting arrangements of a small, well-established and growing financial services group. Experience of stockbroking audits is essential, and of banking audits helpful. The candidate should be ambitious but tactful, and able to integrate well with a small management team. It is likely that the successful candidate will be drawn from a company in a similar field or direct from an accounting firm. Salary depends on qualifications and experience, and prospects are excellent. Please write with detailed cv to:

Box A9004, Financial Times, Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

Group financial controller

W. Surrey, to £19,000



Our client, an international market leader in its specialist field of engineering contracting with a turnover in excess of £40m and part of a major British engineering group, seeks to appoint a Financial Controller to replace the current jobholder who is being promoted within the parent group. Reporting to the Financial Director you will be directly responsible for the financial management and accounting functions in the UK companies, with a co-ordinating role in respect of a number of overseas subsidiaries.

The successful candidate is likely to be a Chartered Accountant in his early 30's with several years post-qualification experience in a strongly commercial environment who is now seeking his first controllership, or alternatively, an experienced financial manager in a smaller company who is attracted by the long term career possibilities of working within a larger organisation.

Please write, enclosing a c.y., to M C Ward, Executive Selection Division, Ref: 406,

Coopers &Lybrand associates

Coopers & Lybrand Associates Limited management consultants

32 Farringdon Street London EC4 4AQ

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

LONDON W1

£15.000+

Expanding private Textile Company with manufacturing and distribution centres in Scotland offers an excellent opportunity in its Head Office.

Candidates should be qualified Accountants with two to three years' experience in a manufacturing/commercial environment. Experience of computer system is essential as the company is in the process of computerising.

The successful candidate will play an important role in the development of management information systems, budgeting and assist the Company in its expansion plans.

Please apply with full c.v. to Box A9022 Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4RY



International Appointments

CHEMICALBANK FOREIGN EXCHANGE

International

SENIOR DEALERS Chemical Bank currently seeks to appoint a number of Senior Foreign Exchange Dealers to enhance the development of our overseas operations.

> Successful applicants should be able to display an outstanding track record as market makers in a major spot currency; a second language would be a distinct advantage.

An exceptional compensation package including bonus scheme will be offered to individuals who are highly performanceoriented and who have the necessary motivation and initiative to make a major contribution within these roles.

Please write enclosing details of experience and qualifications to:

Stuart Main UK Personnel Manager Chemical Bank 180 Strand London WC2R 1ET

INTERNATIONALE REVISION UND BERATUNG

Mülheim, West-Deutschland

ca DM 60.000+Nebenleistungen

Unsere Auftraggeberin ist die Firma Stinnes AG, eine große Tochtergesellschaft der Veba AG, die mit ihren sehr vielseitigen weliweiten Geschäftsinteressen zu den bedeutendsten internationalen Unternehmen Europas zählt.

Die Firma, die in Mülheim in der Nähe von Düsseldorf ansässig ist, möchte jetzt ihr internationales Revisions/Beratungsteam durch die Einstellung eines britischen Chartered Accountant verstärken, der bei einem großen internationalen Wirtschaftprüfer-Unternehmen ausgebildet wurde. Der erfolgreiche Bewerber muß unbedingt in der Lage sein, sich sowohl mündlich als auch schriftlich fließend in deutscher Sprache auszudrücken.

Einem jungen Chartered Accountant im Alter zwischen 26 und 30 Jahren bietet sich bier eine außergewöhnliche Gelegenheit, für eine sehr erfolgreiche internationale Gruppe zu arbeiten, die auf internationaler Ebene hervorragende Beförderungsaussichten bieten kann.

Schriftliche Bewerbungen sind unter Beifügung eines vollständigen Lebenslaufes in englischer Sprache unter der Kennziffer 5268 an Robert N. Collier oder Neil Gillespie an unserem Geschäftssitz in London zu richten.

410 Strand, London WC2R ONS, Tel: 01-836 950 26 West Nile Street, Glasgow Gl 2PF Tel: 041-226 3101 113/115 George Street, Edinburgh EH2 4IN. Tel: 031-225 7744 Brook House, 77 Fountain Street



The Court of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC), Paris, the world's most widely used arbitration centre, is seeking a

LEGAL COUNSEL

to join the Court's Secretariat

Jonathan Wren International Limited

is pleased to announce the opening of an office in

Hong Kong

at the following address: JONATHAN WREN INTERNATIONAL (ASIA) LTD 901 Diamond Exchange Building 8 Duddell Street on

3rd June 1985

For further information please contact: Roy Webb, Managing Director JONATHAN WREN INTERNATIONAL LTD 170 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 4LX Tel: 01-623 1266 Telex: 8954673 WRENCO



NEW YORK

Mid-town Manhattan prestige retail unit requires dynamic Manager able to develop business both in the premises and marketing the services to neighbourhood businesses and individuals. Applicants who must be qualified to work in the U.S. should have enthusiasm, a determination to succeed and the ability to recruit and motivate staff. An excellent package will be tallored to the right individual.

> Reply to Box A9024, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY. Ref. SG.

AMSTERDAM

NATIONAL MANAGEP

An international retail business with multiple outlets in Amsterdam invites applications from persons able to take overall responsibility for our Dutch operations. The position calls for shrewd business acumen, the ability to manage and motivate staff and to take responsibility for profitability. A unique package will be structured for the person able to demonstrate their ability to fill this very important management role.

> Write to Box A9026, Financial Times 10 Cannon Sereet, London EC4P 4BY. Ref. GS.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

PRINCIPAL POLICY ANALYST

POLICY DIVISION DEVELOPMENT

SALARY: \$A46,256-\$A51,356 per annum according to qualifications

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policy measures od the Western Australian aconomy.

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE: Appointment will be for a Jerm of five years. Prior to the date of europy consideration may be given to an extension of the large general service for service for weeks armust leave plus ten Statutory Public Holidays, generous curmulative sick leave entitlements, superannuation benefits and other general conditions: applicable to permanent officers employed under the provisions of the Public Service Act, 1978.

THANSPORT AND PREMOTAL ASSISTANCE: The cost of first class-air lares incurred by the appointee, spouse and dependent children-under the age of stateen years (where applicable), plus a reasonable amount for removal of essential personal and household effects, subject to the appointee entering into an agreement to remain in the employ of the State for one or two years, according to assistance

LOCATION: Perth. Western Australia is a modern city of approxi-mately 1 million people in a beautiful location on the coast and the banks of the Swan River with a warm, surmy climate. ENQUIRIES: Further information may be obtained from Mr K. Wilett, Deputy Co-ordinator, Department of Resources Development, Telephone: 61 9 327 5454.

Office of the Agent General, Government of Western Australia, 115
The Strand, London WC 2R DAJ, United Kingdom.
Telephone: (01) 240 2881
APPLICATIONS: To APPLICATIONS: To state age, citizenship, qualifications and experience, with the names of two referees to the:

Closing: 2.00 pm Thursday, June 20, 1985. ALL PUBLIC SERVICE APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS ARE BASED EXCLUSIVELY ON MERIT TO ENSURE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL.

Financial Controller **Paris c230,000** FF

A new post has been created in the expanding French subsidiary of a major UK Engineering

Based in suburban Paris, responsibilities will include the production of regular management information for both the Managing Director and UK Head Office, organisation and control of a small staff, cash control, the development of facilities based on a multi-user micro computer system and supervision of audit and taxation returns. Additionally, a requirement to monitor the financial affairs of a small Spanish property company, will entail a periodic but non-arduous visit schedule. A qualified accountant is required, ideally aged 28-32 who must not only be bilingual in French/English, but also have had exposure to French commercial and business practices. Some experience in the construction, housebuilding or related industries is also desirable. Please telephone or write to I.M.G. O'Hare, Mann Management, 160 New Bond Street, London W1Y 0HR. Telephone: 01-629 4226.



EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS ABROAD LIMITED

An international Association of Employers providing confidential information to its member companie relating to employment of expatriates and nationals worldwide TEL: 01-637 7604

The Bank of Bermuda Limited

INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES

IN BERMUDA

INVESTMENT

ACCOUNT

ADMINISTRATORS

The Bank of Bermuda, an integrated international Bank, Trust and Investment Company with assets

exceeding \$2.7 billion reques experienced Investment Account Administrators. These individuals will administer trust, agency or discretionary investment accounts for both local and international

Applicants should have at least three years' experi-

ence in investment account administration or sales

preferably with an investment brokerage house or

trust company. We are looking for individuals with excellent customer skills and a proven sales record. Preference will be given to applicants with a

A competitive tax-free salary and comprehensive

To be considered for these positions please contact our London Office, 01-623 5551, by Monday, 10th

benefit package is provided for these positions.

university degree.

June, 1985.

Company Notices



U.S.\$ 300,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1995 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period from May 29, 1985 to November 29, 1985 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 8 % % p.a.

The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, November 29, 1985 against coupon n°5 will be U.S.\$ 440.83 per Note.



The Fiscal Agent KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE



JUGOBANKA United Bank

U.S. \$50,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1989 For the six months to 29th November, 1985 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 91/8% per annum. Coupon values will be:

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Clubs

Terry Dodsworth in New York on the background to the rapid progress of DBL in U.S. investment banking

Drexel Burnham rides the wave of 'junk' bond sales

THE PERFORMANCE of U.S. investment banks is intrinsically volatile, but one of last year's statistics was unusual even by Wall Street standards. It showed that Drexel Burnham It showed that Drexel Burnham Lambert, the company in which Compagnie Bruxelles Lambert of Belgium has a 28 per cent stake, had catapulted from number 51x in the securities underwriting tables to number two, ranking second only to the giant Salomon Brothers.

Imes Thursday May &

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Behind the figures lies a story of growth to match anything that the New York investment banking community can offer. Only nine years ago, just after Wall Street was plueged into upheaval by the abolition of fixed commissions, the present constitutents of BBL came together with a capital of came together with a capital of only \$67m. Since then, it has transformed fiself into the sixth transformed tiself into the sixth or seventh largest group in the securities industry, with a capital base of \$725m, also becoming one of the two largest of the privately-owned firms, second only to Goldman Sachs. But there is another side to the group's rapid progress. The recent surge in DBL's activity. and particularly its jet propelied progress up the under-writing tables, has been tuelled by its role in the controversial business of "junk" bonds. It was the first investment bank to seize on the possibilities of junk bond financing in the late 1970s. Since then, it has developed the market aggressively, establishing a dominant position—last year it was sole or investment banks have establead manager for over 70 per lished their own junk bond cent of new issues of high departments, including, reyield U.S. debt. It has also grasped the chance to use junk bonds as a leading financing with traditional standards.



Mr Robert Linton: architect of expansion

The criticism has undoubtedly

hurt. Senior executives have

spent a great deal of time down

in Washington recently trying to deflect criticism of the activity, and it is said that the company remonstrated bitterly

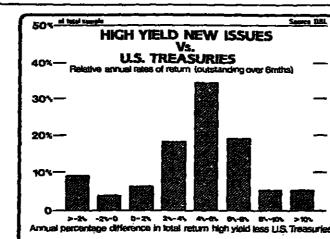
with a senior banker in one of the more aristocratic Wall Street houses, after he had pub-licly lambasted the "junk"

Yet Wall Street has also

flattered DBL with imitation.

Today, 17 of the leading 21 U.S.

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Mr Linton, 60, who became chairman and chief executive in

over, the company had largely taken its present form, follow-

ing a series of mergers. In the process of growth, DBL has prospered he says, by achieving a reasonable balance between a

broad spread of activities, from retail and institutional broking.

to market making municipal finance and commodity trading

The junk bond activity grew

Mr Frederick Joseph: coy about future

best quality investment ratings, has been one of the problems tion by saying that there were many companies that could never qualify for "investment grade " ratings, but were not on the scrap heap either. 1977, is generally regarded as the main architect of DBL's expansion. By the time he took These corporate issuers are

companies starting at the bottom of the Fortune 500 list and going on down to about the 1500 level in the rankings of the largest U.S. companies. Businesses of their size typically do not attract the "investment grade" classification of the rating agencies (anything above BBB at Standard and Poor's and over BAA at Moody's), so their paper inevitably has to be priced for a higher yield: many large U.S. institutions are pro-hibited from investing in non-

lead manager for over 70 per cent of new issues of high yield U.S. debt. It has also grasped the chance to use Junk bonds as a leading financing instrument in the merger boom of the last two years.

DBL is sneakily admired and widely criticised for its role in promoting "junk"—high yield-ing, low-priced paper from companies that cannot attract the inthe bonds. Lack of liquidity of the last cannot attract the inthe bonds. Lack of liquidity

The junk bond activity grew paper inevitably has to be out of the realisation that there were a lot of U.S. companies which found it difficult to raise which found it difficult to raise which found it difficult to raise debt, but were not necessarily dangerous credit risks. Junk is a clearly pejorative term, having this increased compoting his increased compoting a secondary market to have others in it and making a secondary market in the bonds. Lack of liquidity to realisation that there out of the realisation that there were a lot of U.S. companies which found it difficult to raise debt, but were not necessarily dangerous credit risks. Junk is a clearly pejorative term. In support of its high yield bonds, DBL argues that their own junk bond activity grew out of the realisation that there were a lot of U.S. companies which found it difficult to raise debt, but were not necessarily dangerous credit risks. Junk is a clearly pejorative term, having the market to have others in it and arguerous credit risks. Junk is a clearly pejorative term, having the market to have others in it and arguerous credit risks. Junk is a clearly pejorative term, having the market to have others in it and arguerous credit risks. Junk is a clearly pejorative term. In support of its high yield bonds, bight has to be departments, including, recurly de

it calculates that there are about \$60bn worth of straight industrial and finance junk bonds in the U.S. market today, or about 14 per cent of the total corporate bond sector of \$425bn,

Where does DBL go from here? Mr Frederick Joseph, who has just taken over the chief executive title from Mr Linton is extremely coy about future direction, on the grounds that it is foolish to signal your strategy to competitors. Never-

this element in the last two

of 1981-82, without an undue level of default. DBL also points to the need for finance. suggesting that many corporate treasurers have found they are taking reasonable risks with these issues. And junk bonds financing for takeovers, it says, accounts for only about 4 per accounts for only about 4 per cent of the total - although there has been a clear surge in

theless, the company has given a few clues over the past couple

mean much in terms of operating style, because Mr Linton remains as chairman, and both men insist that DBL's "coffee committee," the informal morncommittee." the informal morning meeting of top executives which co-ordinates management thinking, will remain. But it hands down the mantle to the company's top corporate financeman with a record of innovation. It was Mr Joseph, along with DBL's leading bond trader, Mr Michael Milken (reported). Mr Michael Milken (reportedly the best-paid trader in the U.S.), who was behind the drive into high yield bonds.

Joseph is clearly meant to sig-nal action on the succession to Mr Linton. The change may not

Second, there seems to be no intention, or need, for DBL to go public at present. The com-pany has chosen so far to avoid the capital intensive sector of the capital intensive sector of the securities business, such as massive securities trading a la Salomon Brothers, and sees no need to diverify into these areas at present. At the same time, says Mr Linton, the system of capital sharing incentives available in a minute sector. able in a private concern is a "powerful weapon" in attracting and keeping top class stall.
With the frenzied activity in junk bond-financed take-overs now under pressure, it will be up to Mr Joseph to find an alternative use for the corporate finance department's talents. He himself has no doubt that the defeat of Mr T. Boone Pickens's take-over bid for Unocal, which was backed by DBL, means that similar take-over activity will

slow.
One area the bank has a particular eye on, he says, is the UK corporate bond market—or rather the lack of it. He attri-butes the refuctance of British finance directors to issue debt as a rather bizarre sign of embarrassment over raising long-term money at present rates. The mysteries of the Bank of England's infamous queue seem to bother him not at all.

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES June Events

Foreign **Exchange Risk** in 1985

Hotel Inter-Continental, London 3 & 4 June 1985

This year's conference comes at a most interesting time on the foreign exchange markets. Corporate treasurers and finance directors will explain their strategies and tactics, bankers will discuss their techniques and, in particular, the new ones now available and torecasters will look at the currency

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This top-level meeting on paper and pulp, the and investment conditions. The problems of

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11 & 12 June, 1985

Financial Times World Gold conferences have established a reputation for topicality, authority and lively presentation and are always strongly supported. This year's programme, to be chaired by Mr Robert Guy and Mr Robert Strebel, will include two major forum sessions — one looking at the world's major gold centres and the other assessing the main areas of investor interest.

Hotel Inter-Continental, London

sixth to be organised by the Financial Times, will examine the industry's prospects and problems in coming years and assess how companies can best adjust to changing market pricing and fluctuating currencies, the strong move into new technologies, and the publishing and office markets will also be

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– Global Market Approach Hotel Inter-Continental, London 18 & 19 June 1985

This year's major forum on World Electronics will be the eighth to be arranged by the Financial Times. A most distinguished panel of industry and government speakers will give their views on the key issues and trends in the industry in the US, Japan and Western Europe. The electronics industry in the information age, the global challenges and the strategies for success, why some countries innovate more than others, will be among the themes

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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MANAGEMENT: Marketing and Advertising

WHEN computerspeak meets marketing-talk the results can be a trifle taxing. Pity the poor grapples with the latest load of sales rapping from a young computer company explaining its important advances—in this case in the direct marketing field—on "converting data into actionable information."

" A 'geodemographic' classifier, whether ACORN or PiN, is derived from addresses of consumers. . . . If these addresses are wrongly allocated to an ACORN or PiN type then the profile is wrong . . . a 'fuzzy' profile will lead to a targeting discriminator that falls very short of optimising its discrimination — its targeting

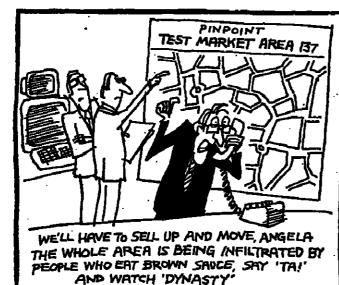
power."
Throw in "enumeration district centroids," "digitising of postal code boundaries" and principal component analysis of census variables" and the fog becomes positively dense. If this is direct marketing, albeit at its most sophisticated end, it less direct, to its practitioners

This week a new consumer target marketing system is launched called PiN (which stands for Pinpoint Identified Neighbourhoods) and for all its language hurdles, this highly sophisticated electronic census-based technique looks like being an important advance. Put in simple English, PiN promises to identify and locate a company's potential customers in a more discerning and accurate way, according to its developers, than

anything currently available.
The implications of PiN,
brainchild of the two-year-old UK-based computer company Pinpoint, if its claims and confidence are vindicated, will be to beef up a marketer's targeting muscle. By pinpointing prime audiences for a company's message or action, the idea is to minimise wastage and maximise cost-efficiency. This will mollify advertisers, who find direct mail not always able to compete efficiently with other media nationally, as well as retailers (which use the system to locate new sites, for instance).

So how does Pinpoint pinpoint customers? It's all done by computers, of course. They trans-late the raw ingredients of census data and postal codes (by way of the ordnance survey grid references) into a revealing map of any given neighbour-hood complete with a profile of the inhabitants.

Add to this a company's own customer database (list of addresses, for instance) and Pinpoint can locate them geographically and then find more of the same; or it can compute geographical distance between consumers and, say, a retail store or hospital or gar-



Muscle for marketeers

Feona McEwan on customer profiling systems

ties of rival companies; or it by U.S.-based computer services can analyse distribution of customers for scheduling routes supercede in many instances the and planning distribution.

What census figures reveal is the age, sex, employment, home/ car ownership, housing/family size, social class and occupa-tion of every adult in the UK. These are broken down into the smallest possible areas known as enumeration dis-

Data is not released on an individual basis to protect personal privacy. Each ED averages 150 households and the total of 130,000 EDs in the UK forms the

"building blocks" for the Pinpoint system. re are 1.5m postcodes in the UK, each one averaging 15

Census-based market analysis is nothing new. The best known Financial Times, drinks wine, and most widely-used system is and eats yoghurt.

ACORN (which stands for A Main users of the ACORN Classification of Residential Neighbourhoods) which set the pace back in the mid-1970s. ACORN works by segmenting the country street by street into 11 housing groups divided into 38 different sociodemographic

For instance, J36 refers to affluent detached housing in exclusive suburbs and is, not surprisingly, the direct marketeers favourite on account of the occupants' disposable in-

age; or it can compare proximi- Richard Webber and developed

socioeconomic dfinitions of old. An off-licence chain, for example, might use ACORN to identify different consumer groups in order to address or service them appropriately. Residents in a depressed council estate are more likely to buy beer/tobacco/confectionery sive home-owned region who would tend to favour spirits and

Used in combination with the Target Group Index (a survey of product purchasing patterns defined by factors such as age, sex, socioeconomic grouping) it then becomes possible to assess who in areas embracing as little as 150 households travels abroad most, reads the

system have traditionally been the mail order giants such as Great Universal Stores, Empire stores and Grattans; financial organisations which hold addresses on all account holders; gas and electricity companies and TV rental companies; retailers (Debenhams, House of Fraser) which operat credit cards; motor appliance and furniture manufacturers which retain addresses for

maps are able to define postal SW18 or SE1) of which there are 120 and 2,700 in the UK respectively, Pinpoint focuses even more finely on individual postal sectors such as SW18 5 or SE1 8—there are 8,900 of these in the UK representing 2,500 households. It uses 104 census variables to allow for more specific "discriminators," as it calls them.

Where ACORN was launched point has launched itself straight at the marketing community. Users to date include retailers, banks, building socie ties, mail order companies. health insurance, travel, as well as central and local government and the Sports Council. " Anysays founder Gurmukh Singh, "with a large customer

One of the earliest users has been Grattan, the mail order group, which also uses ACORN to locate its target group of customers (primarily 24 to 35 year old families with young children). "It's similar to ACORN but gives a greater discrimination grapher crimination, enables you more accurately to pinpoint potential customers," says John Whit-marsh, computer and warehouse director, "although there will be another six months of tests before we can know the full extent of its function. But we're already finding a higher response to our mailings in certain areas."

Accuracy is Pinpoint's trump "we now believe that we have the most accurate data system around," says h confidently. Behind Singh confidently. Behind his claim lies a revelation that could turn out to be the company's most important contri bution to the target marketing business.

When it came to compute the geographical boundaries of the country. Pinpoint exposed major inconsistencies. It found the problem twofold—many of the ordnance survey grid references of post codes were found to fall in the wrong post code sector; and when it drew the computer boundary maps of EDs it found a large number of ED points (centroids) fell outside the relevant boundary. On average 55 per cent of these were wrong in the GLC area, which could have had serious implications for direct mailers. In Camden, for example, almost 70 per cent of EDs within the borough had no ED point at all which means that some neighbourhoods were falling through

the marketeer's net. "At first we thought it must be our mistake," says Singh.
"So we spent a long time checkguarantee purposes, charities ing and cross-checking the soft-and political parties. ware. Now we know even more ware. Now we know even more Where ACORN's computer than the census collectors do." Italian agency

Riding high on a television boom

Alan Friedman, in Milan, reports on the mass marketing strategy of Robert Lasagna

initially as a means of defining MVL Partners advertising agency is rapidly climbing through the ranks of Italian companies, that was a long time ago-1955 to be precise.

Today Lasagna has a Milanbased agency which has not only gone from zero billings to nearly Lire 40bn (£16m) in six years, but which is the target of at least two international agencies seeking to bolster their position in the Italian market through a merger or acquisi-

tion. Lasagna's strategy—to focus almost exclusively on the mass marketing of low-cost and high consumer through television advertising -has coincided with more than a little good fortune. Italian television has been revolutionised over the past few years by



the enormous success of Silvio Berlusconi's commercial television empire, which has overtaken the state television networks in terms of annual advertising. At the same time, and in part thanks to the growth of television in Italy, the Italian retail market has been changing, from the small "Mama and Pappa" shop format to a much bigger mass market increasingly reliant on supermarkets and hypermarkets.

Lasagna and his two creative partners at MVL (Mauro Mazzon and Silvana Vercelli) have been riding on the back of the boom in Italian commercial television, which last year saw a 76 per cent jump in corporate spending on advertising, to Lire 2,597bn (£1bn) (Nielsen estimates). That figure for com-mercial television represents more than three quarters of total television advertising expenditure by Italian companies, As a result of the Lasagna strategy. MVL is set to move

of the top five agencies, not bad going for a company which employs only 20 people on two Lasagna. floors of a building in central Milan and only started operating in 1979.

The Lasagna story (the name does not quite fit with the blazer-wearing and whiskered gentleman who this month spent five days with Prince Philip and other executives of his beloved World Wildlife Fund) is more than anything else an illustration of the growth of Italian television advertising. MVL is by no means the only agency to have zoomed in on the market, but it is among the more succes

comparable with the best.

The client list at MVL, which includes Beecham, Cinzano, Clark Gum, ICI, Kawasaki, Seat Auto and the Irish Dairy Board, shows a fair mix of products, ranging from hand-cream and shampoos to chewing gum and

this year managing a billings-to-employee ratio which at one

million dollars a head (includ-

ing directors and secretaries) is

Who, then, is Robert Lasagna, and how has he created a com-pany which is now being wooed from abroad? Born in La Spezia on the Ligurian coast, he did his "A" levels in the he did his "A" levels in the UK, spent a year as a trainee product manager with Unilever. Italy and in 1955 went to work in London for Masius and Ferguson. "The first thing they did was to send me to Classey as a assistant to the Glasgow as an assistant to the local Colgate toothpaste sales rep." he recalls with a smile.

In 1965, he returned to Italy, where he opened the Milan branch of what was then Mather and Crowther. After the take-over by David Ogilvy, Lasagna served for 10 years as general manager in Italy. By 1977 he had built up Lire 7bn of bill-ings and a staff of 34 in a market which compared with today's was practically the Italian advertising market grew by around 40 per cent in total billings—last year alone it grew by 41 per cent (accord-

ing to Nielsen). In 1978, together with two television experience, Lasagna formed MVL Partners. "I had from being the 28th largest formed MVL Partners. "I had housewife goes to the super-company in terms of billings turned 40 and wanted to start market and buys the goods she for 1984, with Lire 26bn, to a my own company. If you don't has seen on television. Either spot close to 21 or 22 this year. do it at 40 you never do." MVL she recognises the brand name

"We began with no clients, with zero business, but

The first major client to of billings for selected 30-second Today Beecham is one of MVL's largest clients, with annual billings of more than L7bn and nine products ranging from Badedas soap to Macleans toothpaste.

Lasagna says that his company has never borrowed from a bank, but he admits that MVL did not break into profit until 1981. This was just around the time that Berlusconi's private television stations were coming into prominence. Berlusconi, formerly a property developer, is today Italy's unchallenged television mogul, with three national networks which last year attracted L680bn advertising.

The Lasagna formula was to devote 90 per cent of company resources to television, abolishing the concept of account executives and providing executives and providing personal service by himself or his two partners. The bulk of "media executives" whose iob is to "haggle" for air space and take care of administrative matters.

Lasagna reckons that three key changes have conditioned the Italian advertising business in the past five years; there has been a dramatic change in proselling organisations and in types of advertising.

"We are a television agency and we are only income."

supermarkets really, in consumer goods. Italy is changing from corner shops to a huge mass market. Today my target is the Sicilian factory worker who has moved to Turin or Milan, has a wife and a sister who both work and they all go to the supermarket every Satur day morning to buy all the week's goods. No longer do most Italian housewives go to a local shop where the proprietor says: 'Oh, Signora Bianchi, why don't you try this new egg shampoo?' In today's Italy the

HE USED to sell toothpaste in And if merger talks come to was formed with Lire 20m immediately or you are dead."

Glasgow. But for Robert fruition MVL could be cata(£8,000 at today's exchange The change in marketing and
Lasagna, an Anglo-Italian whose pulted this year into the ranks rates) of capital and one secredistribution is clear: whereas in The change in marketing and distribution is clear: whereas in 1975 supermarkets accounted for 0.4 per cent of 172,447 retail with many friends," recounts outlets and 17 per cent of consumer sales, supermarkets (ie shops over 400 sq metres) now come along was Beecham's represent 0.7 per cent of 157,153
Italian subsidiary, with L150m outlets, but 28.6 per cent of sales. When hypermarkets and other large multi-product outtelevision spots, mostly for the other large multi-product out-Glysolid hand-cream product lets are added, Italy's small retailers today end up with 73.6-per cent of the outlets, but just

48.1 per cent of the trade. The old pattern of a consumer company employing 306 salesmen to travel round the country (as in Britain in the 1960s and early 1970s) has only recently shifted to a new structure whereby a few salesmen sell to around 20 major buying groups which account for more than half of the retail market.

Italy's television revolution means that whereas before a



it is a brunded salami. As a result, Lasagna says: "The buyers for large groups must have the top four or five nationally advertised products— we are establishing demand brands."

This is the logic which many Italian agencies, from McCann Erickson and J. W. Thompson on down, are applying. Lasagna says his agency has never employed print specialists, but was conceived for television.

Lasagna reckons that his business has now reached a point where he must double the he grow with a tightly woven staff of 20 people. But he does not wish to borrow from banks to finance the growth and does not wish to be taken over. Therefore he is actively pursuing takeover offers from two large European agencies, hoping to retain management control following a merger.

Who are the mystery bidders? The ebullient Robert Lasagna strokes his Edwardian whiskers. Watch this space." and says. "



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s Thursday May 30 lkg

Opera/Max Loppert

A dismal loan disappoints

The Change in markets for of the change in the company undertakes is usually understand to mark its coming of age. No operation of age.

trai whereas briss ing failure.

The production (sponsored by the Kenneth Hargreaves Charitable Trust) is of Czech origin—sets (Vladimir Nyvit) and costumes (by Josef Jelinek) were made by the workshops of the National Theatre of Prague. That Opera North decided on a loan production of this kind, rather than on germinating a lively, thought-provoking work of its own,

The first Meistersinger that a must no doubt be explained company undertakes is usually in hard budgetary terms. For understood to mark its coming on any other kind of reckoning of age. No operative organisation attempts to tackle the singer to have taken on: largest item in the regular rootedly conventional without repertory without some confidence that it possesses the resources and above all, the sights on genteel romp and, maturity of insight worthy of the most part, leaves them the glorious work. Opera

there. The problem starts with the ghastly sets and costumes — a vision of The Mastersingers of Toylorn that achieves its apotheosis in the finale: a medieval illumination out of Hallmark cards brought to life in gruesome fine detail. The action is of a piece with its decor: apprentices prance and bounce, the midnight rumpus is a quaint piece of hand-waving, the identity of guild waving, the identity of guild members (apart from Glenville Hargreaves' pleasantly pompous Kothner) is based on collective grouping, not on individual focussing.

In general, the producer, Ladislav Stros, appears to have

experience as consistently as Mr Stros has done amounts to a failure of imagination.

So the pleasures of the per formance, such as they are, are fitful. The strong singing of Nicholas Folwell's first Beck-messer is one of them, even if left characterisation entirely to the powers of his principals. The most experienced member, Della Jones, can safely be messer is one of them, even if trusted this way—though per-haps her Magdalene is even too high-octane caricature from the

WNO's admirable Alberich. The sound technique of Marie Slorach's Eva (not flattered by in the too-perky style decreed by the production, from Bons-ventura Boltone, always a vivid presence on the opera her robes) is another—the part was intended for a soprano of more expansive vocal character, but only tonal sweetness is really missed. John Tranter is really missed, John Trainer is already almost a good Pogner. The production introduces us to the Sachs of Michael Burt, an English bass-baritone little known in his native land.

THE ARTS

The tone is warm (though on The lone is warm (inough on Tuesday uncertain support sometimes robbed it of power) and the manner sympathetic; no doubt he will go on to dig into the great part far more deeply than he managed to on this procession.

this occasion.

David Lloyd-Jones's spacious unforced conducting of the opera is warmly remembered from his Coliseum performances nine years ago. The young Opera North orchestra, though bursting out of the pit, is on the small side, and a corporate legato style is still just beyond its grasp. The chorus is excellent. I take no pleasure in writing about an Opera North performance this way; but the filment here was too wide for comfort or concealment.

Tomorrow's Architecture/Warwick Arts Trust

Gillian Darley

It is a pity that the Warwick to be overcome. It may be that Arts Trust (33 Warwick Square, some of those in the show who London, SW1) does not shout a bit louder to the public. Its good exhibitions do not, I sus-The second of the second of th pect, reach as many people as they might — and ought. There are so few exhibitions of contemporary architecture around. A centre that deals with this subject frequently is especially welcome.

In the exhibition Tomorrow's Architecture (May 15-June 16, 10 am-5 pm, closed Mondays and Tuesdays) a selection of ten architectural practices has been made by the FT critic. Colin Amery, with Mary Hawke. His introduction emphasises that it is a catholic choice. "Hightec" is excluded; dismissed as "an enormous confidence trick." Architecture is full of such tricks. A few are to be found in this exhibition, too, though the trickers is the sleight of hand in which timber-framed, cut-price housing, or steel-framed standard industrial sheds, are dressed scantily, as Georgian or Grecian. Let us worry less about labels, more

about the end result.
Although some of the practices chosen have already gained considerable reputations, others are beginners. One or two seem to fall below the standards set but in such anthologies the stronger show up the weaker. It is healthy to find that the practices are by no means exlusively London-based.

Predictably, that inventive practice, Campbell Zogolovitch Wilkinson and Gough, rise bes to the actual business of dis-playing their work. The same old problem — how to illus-trate the complexity and diversity of even the smallest building, in one dimension — has

have not displayed their wares very well causes the apparent unevenness. A couple of prac-tices respond in more fine art' fashion, showing series of photographs more about light and mood than the rather sterile approach of the architectural photographer.

We are in a period of eclecticism. From a number of the scheme seen here it harburs.

CZWG refurbishments in Gresse Street, behind the Tot-tenham Court Road, a simple flourish in the flooring adds enormous enjoyment to a little entrance lobby.)
Receptivity by architects to

distinguished for the length and prominence of the part. There is also a vigorous David.

stage. But the method works less

well elsewhere. In the case of a flaccid, vocally strained Wather, it works particularly

badly, and as a way of suggest-ing the rich tracery of emotional involvement in the

opera's foreground it is an abnegation. It is possible to over-emphasise the streaks of pain bitterness, and disappoint-

ment that run through the

thematic workings: this is, after

all. Wagner's opéra comique (as

he called it), and a sensation of harmony and happiness is what should last longest in the audience's memory. But to devalue the darker side of the

welcome, but it has to be re-membered that behind the clear-headed leaders in design follow a motiey flock of sheep.

cost or space: in one of the CZWG and John Outram; the care and understanding of de-tail of Sidell Gibson and Brock Carmichael (in neither case do their displays do them justice), and the flexibility of those like Powell-Tuck Connor and Receptivity by architects to Orefelt, who step outside the interesting materials, to colour and ornament in its place, is welcome, but it has to be re-

seeds of its own destruction, Too much worry about style,



"Chess 1985" by John Simpson & Partners, London, shown at the Warwick Arts Trust

Royal Philharmonic Orchestra/Festival Hall

Richard Fairman

Several unlikely works found from 1968. their way into Tuesday night's concert in the American Festival. The United States has produced a number of composer conductors and Antal Dorati might not seem foremost among them; but the Hungarian-born Dorati is now a naturalised American (like Mitropoulos and Previn) and possibly that was excuse enough for including in the programme the first British performance of his Night Music, the shadows of Mahler and Bar-an attractive composition dating tok, both experts in night music monic Orchestra played with

This piece presents five night scenes in a loosely descriptive style. A solo flute, nimbly played by Jean-Pierre Rampal, takes a major role, suggesting insects fluttering round a candle. or early morning birds. But the most memorable feature of the music is the nocturnal shades of the accompaniment, subtly drawn from the small orchestra. Foreign influences abound:

score. And neither Dorati nor his music, after all, does seem truly American. For the real thing one must turn to a com-poser like William Schuman, whose New England Triptych takes tunes in the nationalist vein and dresses them up in brash American colours, using the most striking techniques of block orchestration.

In this the Royal Philhar-

themselves, fall long across the first-rate ensemble. Dorati made the music seem less sheerly the orchestral showpiece that it has done on some recordings. but he brought a fine swagger to the final "Chester" marching song. Samuel Barber's Adagio for strings opened the concert, and the other item was Bach's Fourth Brandenburg Concerto (a most improbable choice) in which flaurists Ramagainst a four-square, very untidy orchestral backing.

oneself. An enjoyable or stimu-lating show is quite likely to be followed by another, and only the most certain of critics would expect readers to wait upon exclusive definition and judgment. Here is a simple look at some of the current runners - I mark the card, as it were, and nothing more.

leries, there is no reason not to welcome another. The Fabian Carlsson Gallery, which opened earlier this month at 160, New Bond Street, W1, gives us an excellent new space and its in-tentions seem honourable and serious. Carlsson, already well established in America and Europe, admits to a comparative inocence about contempo-rary British art. He intends to take his time, looking carefully about him to repair the deficiency. It suggests an interest-ing public course over the next vear or two.

With Malcolm Morley (until June 15) who (you will remem-ber) carried off the inaugural Tate Prize last autumn amid some controversy, he has made a strong start. Though Morley has made his adult career in New York, his work is hardly unfamiliar after the White-chapel retrospective of two years ago. Even so, this is his

A Gallery Notebook

William Packer

There are always more galleries showing more art than can ever be reviewed. Nor should they be reviewed. For if the business of reviewing is of any use at all, it is in the gallery round; regularly, to see for oneself. An enjoyable or stimulating show is quite likely to be followed by another, and only the most certain of critics.

The recent drawings are in his reference than before, if hardly specific. The decorative devices are taken from natural forms that lie flat and rich upon the surface, reading now as active fashioned mainstream expressionism, Gaudier-Brzeska out of the most certain of critics.

There are quite a few British There are quite a lew British expressionists of one kind or another currently on show. John Selway, at Christopher Hull in Moteomb Street (until June 8) is perhaps the most interesting, if only for being a talented and mature painter in the largest who has shown in full career who has shown in London too seldom, and too long ago.

These are big, open-surfaced paintings, freely drawn and boldly set out. I should say brazenly rather than boldly, for his subject is the demi-monde of cafe, bar and drinking club; half-lit interiors full of louche figures, and show-girls undress-ing and half-dressed. The tone is dark, the colour hot, the composition variously contrived: elegant drawing, brisk painting and elements of the canvas cut and stuck back onto the surface. with, always, a very clever shift between the formal modelling and description of figure and space and the flat, colleged, matter-of-fact silhouette.

Norman Adams, at Gallery 10 in Grosvenor Street (until June 13), is more benign; less glee-fully sinister in general mood, rather more ambiguous in his imagery and space. Even so, in

taken from natural forms that lie dat and rich upon the surface, reading now as active agents in the landscape, figures that inhabit a sun-lit, arcadian, southern world. Adams is the most brilliant of water-colourists, a virtuoso.

Jenifer Durrant is the only abstract painter I shall mention abstract painter I shall mention here. Her new paintings, at Nicola Jacobs in Cork Street (until June 22) are as free, light and energetic in their composition as ever: deceptively easy in their accomplishment; beautifully carried off.

They take their amorphous

They take their amorphous imagery from natural and or-ganic forms; inevitably, they are ganic forms; mevitably, they are fraught with landscape association and suggestion, as why should they not be? They have something of the quality we associate particularly with the post-war Cornish painting—latter-day St Ives (which I mean as rather more than a backas rather more than a bock-handed compliment). For at its best, and not always at the same time, the work of painters such as Terry Frost, Patrick Heron, and most of all. Peter Lanyon. reached a pitch of romantic in-sight and sensation that took it agent and sensation that took it quite beyond local importance, as we saw at the Tate this spring. Miss Durrant is not alone, in her generation, in engaging with the same ambition, on the same scale. But she 't rare in her consistent, high and

Anthony Eyton, at Browse & Darby (until June 22), a melange of recent paintings, with the emphasis upon his recent journey to the Sudan; and Glyn Williams, at Bernard Jacobson (until June 22), one of the leaders in the new wave of figurative sculpture in England, as much by his teaching at Wimbledon as by the direct example of his work.

Williams is also showing a number of his larger pieces in the churchyard of St James's, Piccadilly. These certainly celebrate the physical labour of carving on such a scale; but the smaller works in the gallery—in which the difficulties and the technical skill by which they are overcome are transcended and thus escaped—are infinitely the more touching, simple and unaffected in their imagery; admirably straightmelange of recent painting

Street that should be seen:

qualities also come through in much of Williams's drawing. Eyton is always interesting, sometimes uncritical in his insistence upon showing too much of the work, for every-thing is worked on the surface, and if it goes wrong it goes wrong, to be put right as may be. But he, too, is prepared to engage on the grand scale: the vast spaces and skies that were once beaches and sea with a flicker of bathers across them that then became pilgrims across the Ganges, are now the Arabs of North Africa come together in the desert, as the lone and level sands stretch special achievement. lone and Two more shows in Cork far away.

imagery; admirably straight-forward in their making. These

Michelangeli/Barbican Hall

David Murray

Confounding expectations. Arturo Benediti Michelangeli did appear on Sunday, and played the programme originally announced. He played superbly—rather in the old sense: he is a saturnine presence, guarded and rather forbidding, given to few ges-tures except a trick of drawing out a plangent chord visually with a lifted quivering hand.

He displayed superb tolerance in the face of the Barbican backers, too, who were there in full crepitatious force. There was an unconstrained swampchorus between each pair of the dozen Debussy preludes, in hideous sterophony, like answer-ing calls among a moribuid

There was Chopin before Debussy, and Michelangeli's

pianism throughout was aweinspiring. It is perfected to a supererogatory degree, consciously conceived to the last nuance and flawlessly executed: I do not doubt that his control of fine graduations of tone exceeds the limits of human hear-ing. His temperamental limits are not so broad. He can light up some pieces from within, as he did with Chopin's grand but elusive Fantaisie and the B-flat minor Scherzo, here treated with a knife-edged wit that for once made sense of the label "scherzo." When his sympathies are less engaged, his pieces become aesthetic sound-events, like Faberge eggs magically

suspended in the air.

The first Ballade, for example, did not have the thrust of a dramatic narrative, beautiful though its various

sequence, not a tale. The Andante spianato was marvellously simple and direct, and it led to a Grande Polonaise of unheard-of delicacy and softness-but where was the strong, arched-back polonaise-beat? The Polonaise is a cornucopia of brilliant effects strung over an extrovert dancing pulse: it was strange to hear it rendered as etchings on glass.

Anything Michelangeli does in public has been long and deeply rasse des audiences du cl studied, and the second book of lune") got sharp graf Debussy preludes that he played here was committed to record several years ago. Then, I thought it frigid and brittle. Heard live, much of it seemed magisterially wrought; but they warmer; some of it still over- vanished when they stopped, loud and under-suggestive. His leaving no speaking echoes "Général Lavine" was

parts were; it seemed a mere delicious, his "Hommage à S. sequence, not a tale. The Pickwick Esq"—a difficult caricature, requiring some empathy with a French sense of British quirks—neat and subtle. Where animal energy should

break through-cheerful Scots al fresco in "Bruyères," fretful and violent in "La Puerta del vino "-it was compromised by languid rubato. The deliberately evocative preludes ("Ondine, "Les Fées sont d'exquises dan-seuses," the sumptuous "Terrasse des audiences du clair de lune") got sharp gratuitous accents, mezzo forte instead of

Breaking the Silence/Mermaid Theatre, Puddle Dock

Martin Hoyle

Blues marked the transfer of Stephen Poliakoff's play from the Barbican to a relatively westish end at Puddle Dock.

Seen last year at The Pit, Ron Daniels's production has undergone some cast changes. Alan Howard returns to the RSC. the company that has witnessed some of his greatest triumphs, as the impossible Nikolai Pesiakoff. Airily superior to the new order in the ferment of post-Revolutionary Russia, immaculate in English shoes and exotic fur coat, contemptu-ously dismissive of his government post, he pursues his scientific researches in the rail-

way carriage that now serves as his family's home.

This thinly disguised slice of the author's family history

hints at a time of fascinating social change. The Soviet system was young and flexible enough to accommodate such

cover up for her impervious busband.

Nikolai should be the linchpin; but the character is more talked about than talking, his foibles described by the others rather than illustrated. A fairly predictable eccentric emerges, predictable eccentric emerges, casually dividing the carriage into quarters for the family as if still in his palatial Moscow apartments, or refusing to leave the dinner-table to take cover a battle rages round the train.

What finally comes through is a combination of our friendly stereotypes the unflappable English centleman (the family eventually escape, we are led to believe to England) and the maddeningly impractical but brilliant boffin.

Mr Howard's rasping yap of

May 24-30

The rumoured presence in the audience of a Hollywood star and the actual materialisation of an actor from Hill Street donically aware that it is the River marked the transfer of the former of the fo desperate Eugenia who forges ficial sense, the part nowhere reports and cooks the books to convinces as either a Jewish cover up for her impervious intellectual or unsung inventor; ficial sense, the part nowhere towards an expression of love convinces as either a Jewish intellectual or unsung inventor; and is not helped by the writing's recourse to sub-Wilde-isms. Echoing Gwendolen's ignorance of a spade, Nikolai observes, "I have never felt a kettle" and "I have never been in a depot" to diminishing returns. Once might be witty, Mr P: twice looks like tirednass.

in apprehension at the new Rus- background's great events.

towards an expression of love

trap as its characters when they The play's true protagonist is ask who the funeral march is Gemma Jones's Eugenia. Initi- for. Lenin's death is noted only ally terrified of taking her stock- as an irritation; and the figures ings off in hot weather for fear in the foreground are not of her husband's displeasure, a interesting enough to prevent helpless high bourgeoise frozen one longing for more of the

Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft Batting record

The cricket bat used by Jack per cent unsold. Koopman, the Hobbs in the match when he London dealer, paid £9,936 for beat W. G. Grace's aggregate a set of four Queen Anne record of runs of 54,896, sold candlesticks made in 1711 by for £1,320 at Phillip's yesterday Thomas Merry, and £7,566 for A Victorian Gilman Ellips (1) Cohurc

and other sporting items did well. Wisdens remain much sought after. Simmons, a dealer, paid £4,800 for \$4 volumes, and £950 for just one, the Wisden's Cricketers' Almanack for 1868. Cricketers: Almanack for 1808,
"a good clean copy." Apter
acquired 29 "Vanity Fair"
cricketing cartoons for £1,000
(as against a £850 top estimate),
while Wallace paid £280 for a
1939 Olympic Winter Sports
Gold Medal awarded to Sandy Archer of the UK.
A cast-iron table, used in a

a cast-iron tanie, used in a pub, with the three legs moulded with portraits of W. G. Grace, went for £420 to Gill, while Mann paid £400 for a bronze head of W. G., by Colin Miller, dated 1973: it has been exhibited at the Tate Gallery and Lords.

tor Ed Pollack. Made in the mid-19th century in bronze, it shows putti sporting around a vine, and was made in the UK. Christie's held a modest sale

Thomas Merry, and £7,560 for a Victorian silver-gilt Coburg

to a private buyer.

It was in 1930 that Hobbs, playing for Surrey against Middlesex, topped the bearded Titan's total, and he authenticated the bat in his excitement.

Phillips had placed a modest Manager of William III surregit four George III silver-gilt candlesticks made £6,480. Kooppellings had placed a modest man paid £7,020 for six George III candlesticks made by William Sothebys' evening sale in New

York on Tuesday, of Latin American pictures, totalled \$3,043,645 (£2,396,571), with 27 per cent unsold. Top prices were the \$330,000 paid for "La ofrenda en Janitzio" by the Mexican artist Diego Rivera; \$176,000 for Nina bonita by another Mexican artist. other Mexican painter, Rufing Tamayo, and \$170,500 for "La Toussaint -- All Saints Day " by Wilfredo Lam.

At Agnew's from June 5 until July 19, the public will be able to view the south front of Warwick Castle as painted by Canaletto. Once the property of Lord Astor at Hever Castle, it was bought by Agnew's, who then sold it, along with many other Old Masters, to the Oklahoma oil man, S. T. Fee. He, pressed for cash, tried to Sotheby's also managed a sell his newly acquired collecterord price: £4,620 paid for a tinn through Christie's earlier corkscrew. It was bought by the American dealer and collected with many others, failed to find

of silver and objects of vertu vately after the auction and are which totalled £225,115, with 11 now selling it—for \$2m.

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuesday. Theatre/Wednes-day. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts appears each Friday.

phy with a small but representative group of his monotypes. For so pro-lific an artist, his output as printmaker was extremely small and his

The gallery is open on Fridays and Saturdays between 12 and 6, or by appointment, (6248299).

The Hayward Gallery: Degas: The Painter as Printmaker - an Arts Council exhibition of the complete ocuvre of his etching and lithogra-

practice intermittent. This was a private and experimental aspect of his work, hardly known beyond his immediate circle. By it we catch an intimate glimpse of the artist most un selconsciously teasing and pushing his ideas under no more pressure than his inventiveness and judgment could exert.

WETHERLANDS

Paul Rice at the Commanderic van Sint-Jan Museum in Nijmegen. 60 paintings, watercolours and draw-ings covering the years 1906-39 on loan from the holdings of the Kunst-samming Nordrhein-Westfalen, Ends. 1 up. 23. BRUSSELS

Hotel Metropole is celebrating its 90th year and in its splendid fin de siècle public areas, worth a visit in themselves, they are exhibiting glass and objets d'art from the Belle Epoque to Art Neuveau including states by Wauters. including works by Wouters, Gallé and Daum. Also on show are a collection of illustrated menu cards including a Press Banquet in 1893, Congo in 1898 and Sarab Bernhardt in 1896. Ends

WEST GERMANY

Cologue, Kupsthalle, Josef-Haubrich-Hof I: "Ornamenta Ecclesine." To underline the importance of the

romanesque entirches, the cologie Scholitteen museum has organised an exhibition of roughly 890 reli-gious works ranging from 11th to 13th century including illuminated manuscripts and gold artifacts. Ends June 9.

Thyssen-Bornemisza, are on show. Works by Manet, Gaugnin, Bonnard, Mondrian, Picasso, van Gogh, Schwitters as well as Russian Kon-struktivista. Ends Jun 6.

ry. These are illuminated manu-scripts and gold artifacts from nu-seums and collections from all over he world, Ends Jun 9.

Jade, paintings, porcelain, musical instruments and calligraphs. Ends

Jace, paintings, porcessin, musical instruments and calligraphs. Ends August 18.

Frankfart, Museum für Kunsthandwerk, Schaumainkai 17: The new misseum opens with an exhibition of Turkish eniture and art from the Ostantial Schaumarks are on han man empire. 500 works are on loan, ranging from 15th-19th century. The

ics, miniatures and weapons. Ends June 30. ics, minjatures and weapons. Labs June 30. adwigstation. Wilbelm-Hack-Mu-seum, Berliner Strasse 22: A retro-spective of Rupprecht Geiger with 130 pointings and 50 drawings from

litical transformations (the emergesos of municipal socialism on the ruins of Baroque splendour) is ambitious and only partly successful. The complex tension between autocratic and censored reality on the one hand and the illusions or fautasies of individual artists on the other is hinted at but not fully explored. A high point of the show is a reconstruction of Hofman's room at the secession exhibition of 1002. Here specially of normals from at the special exhibition of 1902. Here, triumphently restored, is Klimt's fifty-foot Beethoven frieze depicting humanity's progress through suffering to joy on the theme of the Ninth. Symphony. Displayed exactly as in-tended, this alone is worth a special visit. Kunstlerhaus. Ends October 6.

1900 World Fair in Paris demon-strate the show's theme of Revivals and Explorations in European de-corative arts. Ends Sept 5. Museum of Modern Art. The first comchensive retrospective of Henri susseau including 60 works from as far away as Frague, show the masterful playfulness of the Paris toll collector who brought together

WASHINGTON National Gallery. Ancient Art of the American Woodland Indians in-cludes 151 pieces covering 5,000 years of sculpture, ceramics, copper and shell objects of the native Americans who lived in what is now

man and nature at their most benign and intriguing. Ends June 4.

Ang 4.

National Gallery (West Bidg): 36 old master paintings from the Dulwich Picture Gallery are exhibited under the title Callection for a King, including warks by Rembrandt, Van Dyck, Canaletto and Gainsborough. Ends Sept 2.

the eastern half of the U.S. Ends

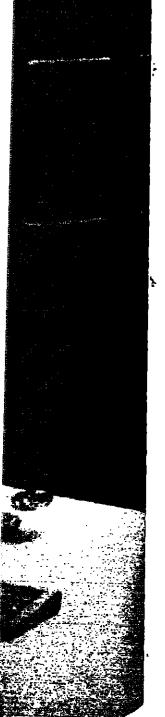
Art Institute: Though Edouard Manet made etchings primarily to reproduce and publicize his paintings, he developed a unique style at shown in the 27 etchings in this special exhibit of more than a third of his total output of 75 etchings. Ends Sept 2.

Art Institute: With 200 of Marc Charalles works on paper dating from ari messure: with 200 of Marc Cha-gall's works on paper dating from 1907 to 1983, this show from the Centre Pompidos in Paris makes a good study of Chagall the draugh-teman. Ends into 7

an auction record for a cricket bat.
Phillip's sale of cricketana

and Lords.

a buyer. It carried a very high \$3m estimate, excessive for a picture which had been on the market so recently. Agnew's bought it again pri-



Arts Guide Exhibitions

agles: Capodimonte Museum: The Age of Caravaggio: This huge and highly successful exhibition moves highly successful exhibition moves this month from the Metropolitan in New York to Neples. Michelangelo Merisi, better known as Caravaggio (the name of the town near Milan where he was born four centuries ago) led an anguished life: a born outsider, licentious, violent and al-ways in trouble with the authorities. His property and superposition His powerful and super-realistic paintings offended the conventionpaintings offended the convenient ally pious. That they survived is banks only to a handful of rich and discriminating patrons, Until End of

Venice, Palazzo Fortuny: Toys for the ence, relazio foruny, bys he de science-fiction era, showing how vastly more apphisticated robots have become, since first produced in the 1950s, Ends Jul 14.

Renelr: An important exhibition of the most sensuous of the impressionist painters, who never then of glorify-ing the nude feminine body capturing the light, comes to Paris from the Hayward Gallery, London, it consists of some 125 paintings and 50 Drawings, including Le Bal du Moulin de la Galette and La Danse à Bougival, Grand Palais, Closed Tue. Ends Sept 2 (2815410)

James Tissor: A nostalgie evocation of the charms of Edwardian life, with his fashion-plate perfection in ren-

beautiful hats, surrounded by attentive dandles at various social occasions. This show arrives in Paris from the Barbican, London Petit Palais. Closed Mon. Ends Jun 30.

Maîtres Impressionnistes et Mo-dernes: Art dealer Daniel Malingue has an exhibition of which Renoir, with 15 paintings, is the glowing with 15 paintings, is the glowing star. Yet there are other great names present - Gauguin, Signae, Kandinsky, Chagall being eternally Chagall, an unusually structured black and orange Leger, a Magritte, amazingly sinister. Galerie Daniel Malingue, 28 Ave Matignon, Ends Jun 15.

FONDON

The Saatchi Collection: Charles and Doris Saatchi have been collectors of contemporary art since 1970. The catalogue of their collection, The Art Of Our Time, is being published vol-ums by volume, and a gallery estab-lished to make it available to a widlished to make it available to a wid-er public. The gallery is an astonish-ing converted paint warehouse at 98a Boundary Road. NW8, that of-fers more exhibition space for tem-porary shows than any other gallery in London, except perhaps the Tate. There are to be three or four shows a year, of a few artists at a time. Those new being shown are Cv Those now being shown are Cy Twombly, Brice Marden, Andy War-hol, Don Judd, and Richard Serra.

nesque churches, the Cologne

Disselderi, Städtische Kunsthalle, Grebbeplatz 4: Mesterpieces of the 20th century, from the private col-lection of the German industrialist

Cologue, Kunsthalle, Josef-Haubrich-Hof 1: Ornamenta Ecclesiae.' To underline the importance of the roma-nesque churches, the Cologne Schnüttgen museum has organised an exhibition of roughly 600 reli-gious works from 11th to 18th centu-

the world, Ends Jun 9.

Berlin, Gropius Bau, Stresemannstr.

119 Berlin 61: Treasures of the Forbidden Cities. Timed to coincide with this year's Berlin Horizon 85, the Peking Palace museum is coming to Europe for the first time, with roughly 120 works covering 3500 years of Chinese history. The exhibition in Berlin includes gold, and Jade, paintings, porcelain, musical

between 1945 and 1984. Ends June 2.

na 1870–1930: Dream and Reality: The greatest names of the Viennese fin-de-siècle – Klimt, Otto Wagner, Schiele, Kokoshka, Aldolf Loos, Jo-Schiese, Notosnaa, Attout Loos, Jo-sef Hoffman – in a dazzling display of Jugendstil creative genius. The attempt to integrate the artistic achievements of this era with phl-nsophical developments (notably Wittgenstein but also Freud) and po-litical transformations (the sense.

FINANCIAL TIMES

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some disgruntled critics are now claiming; and its effect on the underlying fiscal deficit is still

more problematic. It is presented as revenue-neutral, and so it would be in the early years;

but in the longer run, as com-mercial taxpayers worked their way out of windfall tax and

built up their depreciation off-

sets, the rise in corporate tax would be much less than the fall

in personal liability. The Treasury seems to be treating

this as a problem for some future administration (or per-

haps hoping that higher real growth will provide a solution) but financial markets have a habit of discounting visible

The loss of any clear under-

The loss of any clear underlying principle is also likely to be a source of trouble. Concessions to special industrial interests, on capital gains tax, and the abandonment of indexation, reduce the package to a set of numbers, generally designed to broaden the tax base and cut rates. The trouble is that

and cut rates. The trouble is that other would-be reformers can propose other numbers, and

have already started.

Representative Jack Kemp, the Republican advocate of a flat-rate tax with no exemptions, has not waited to wade through

400 pages of small print (a rather laborious kind of simpli-

fication) to denounce the whole

proposal as inadequate. With his eye on the Republican

nomination, he promises much lower rates. It seems unlikely

that the Democratic sponsors of the Bradley-Gephardt Bill, with

President's proposal as that proposal is from Treasury I. The prospect, then, is more

confusing and less exciting than once seemed possible. All the same, a British newspaper har

very little right to carp. The sight of a president banging the

drum for substantial even if less

than radical reform looks enviable from a country where

the path of the tax reformer seems to stretch no further than

future problems today.

Small print

Mr Reagan's half loaf

reform package, presented persuasively on television as the most radical assault on bad taxes since the Boston tea party, appears at first sight to be a good deal less dramatic than that would suggest. It is drastic, especially in its implications for corporate tax payments in the near term; but compared with the original U.S. Treasury proposals, it cannot be called radical. This dilution is clearly intended to improve its political chances on Capitol Hill; but the loss of a clear underlying principle must also make it more vulnerable to wrecking amendments—whether they are intended to be damag-ing or not. Realistically, there is probably now a better political chance than before of some fairly striking changes for U.S. taxpayers; but there will be much less international

what has been lost, probably beyond recall, is the chance to base tax on a realitic defintion of a capital income—and with it, the chance to provoke a substantial fall in real interest rates in the U.S. market. Treasury I as it is already known to its academic mourners, did try to get to the root of the problem of defining income to provide not only a broad but an economically neutral tax base.

Realistic fall

Its prposals to index capital values, and to base tax col-lection and tax reliefs on real rather than nominal interest rates, would have produced a very sharp fall—as much as 400 basis points, according to some well-researched estimates — in the nominal rates which borrowers would have felt able to pay and which savers would have been willing to accept. This fail in market-clearing rates would have had two effects of the greatest internat-ional importance: it would, over two or three years, have re-duced the structural deficit which so plagues U.S. policy by the order of \$100bn, simply through lower debt service payments; and it would have made it much easier to get a realistic fall in the exchange value of the U.S. dollar.

The watered-down proposals, the corridor from No 11 Down by contrast, will have only a modest effect on market clearing dreams his not so radical modest effect on market clearing dreams his not so radical rates, though almost certainly dreams, to the Cabinet room more than the zero effect which next door at No 10.

show today help explain why one of the widest-ranging armaments projects yet con-ceived in Europe may be in danger of aborting before take-The delta-winged models one built by France's Dassault-Breguet, the other by British

NWO aircraft mock-ups on

display at the Paris air

Aerospace—represent the two companies' rival concepts of the European fighter aircraft (EFA) which five countries are discussing building for the

The defence ministries of Britain, France, West Germany, Italy and Spain have spent around two years trying to establish a political, military and industrial basis for constructing the supersonic plane.

The project would represent a giant step foward in standardising Europe's defence equipment to meet the threat of high technology warfare. It could add up to a life-or-death chance for the continent's aerospace industry to pool resources to stand up to increasingly muscular U.S. competition in weapons development, But, in the past few weeks,

the long-term prizes have started to recede from view as the obstacles loom larger. With Ministers coming under

increasing pressure to defend national interests, and competitive tensions rising between Europe's two main aerospace powers, Britain and France, the essential compromises needed to underwrite a five-nation EFA are becoming perceptibly more difficult to achieve.
Unless governments in the next few weeks can show fresh

ability to bury differences, the search for alternatives to fivenation co-operation — already being pursued ostentatiously in Paris, less so in London and Bonn—will start to take precedence over the search for common ground. And there is a clear risk that

the project, its self-generated strains finally overpowering the cohesive forces pulling it together, could split off into two or three smaller programmes— making the probable overall winner the U.S. aerospace industry.

The stakes associated with EFA are high precisely because the project tries to combine national objectives, in the aim maximising economic and military efficiency, on a scale not previously attempted in broadly-Gephardt Bill, with broadly similar aims, will allow Mr Kemp to claim low rates as a Republican copyright. In short what, if anything, emerges from Congress seems likely to be as different from the European weapons co-operation.
The problem is that reconciling this profusion of objectives —which would require, crucially, the signing by Dassault of its first genuinely equitable international planepartnership — may turn out to be simply to impossible.

The project has been put forward to take account of the need, more or less simultaneously in the five countries in the mid-1990s, to replace ageing Anglo-French Jaguars, McDonnell Douglas F14 Phantoms-and Lockheed F-104 Starfighters. British officials underline that the window will not be pen again for the next 15 to Aerospace, Dassault, Messer-20 years, if ever.

assuring long U.S. style production runs for 800 to 1.000 planes Ministerial meeting planned for plus exports) could cut unit June 17 and 18 in London. A negotiations on the EFA to win plus exports) could cut unit June 17 and 18 in London. A roduction costs by up to 20 per similar task has been allocated ent, on the crucial condition of to the aero-engine makerswell-managed industrial Rolls-Royce, Snecma, Motoren-being ordered only sluggishly reganisation, according to und-Turbinen-Union (MTU), by the French air force because reach estimates. A crucial Fiat Aviazone and Sener—which of budgetary cuts, has already rench estimates. A crucial Fiat Aviazone and Sener—which of budgetary cuts, has already eature of successful U.S. fighter are substantially closer together proved a success on export mar-

the end of 1983, armaments directors from the five countries have narrowed some of the differing national ideas on the drawn up over the winter, is priority over other consideraaircraft's specifications.

France wants a lighter fighter in the 9 tonne bracket to fulfil a ground attack role. Britain, like the other three countries, favours a heavier aircraft for air defence pur-At their meeting in Rome on

May 16—which for some weary officials added up to a solid 18 hours of wrangling—the five Defence Ministers reached a

Potential discord over transfers of know-how

compromise built around a basic weight target of 9.5 to 9.75 tonnes, a figure which fits in best of all with West Germany's requirements. A narrowing of views was also achieved over engine Air - frame manufacturers

schmitt-Boelkow-Blohm, Aerit-O years, if ever.

A co-operative programme, by alia and Casa—have been asked to refine existing feasibility

split four to one over specifica-tions, with Dassault providing the dissenting voice. In practice, the new report, intended to give Ministers a clearer picture of how aircraft with certain weight and thrust characteristics would perform in relation to military requirements, is not likely to bring ideas much further together.

Behind the lack of agreement over harmonising require-ments ahead of the project definition stage lies still greater discord over carving up design and production work on the

"It's not just a question of British Aerospace versus Dassault," says Gen Jacques Mitterrand, the former chairman of Aerospatiale and head of France's aerospace industry association, who will be accompanying his brother, the French president, at the formal air show opening tomorrow. "We've had a lot of satisfactory cooperation in the aerospace field, but nothing can be done unless the fundamental interests of the participants are pre-served."

These interests go well beyond the immediate industrial ques-tions. British officials, on both industry and government time in marketing its Mirage 2000 interceptor. The new plane,

tions. France in particular has edged ahead of competition with the Anglo-German-Italian Tornado fighter-bomber in chalking up Mirage 2000 sales to Greece, and looks like doing the same in an even more contentional deal with Saudi troversial deal with Saudi French officials, on the other

EUROPE'S FIGHTER PROJECT

Past, present—and future? The existing Phantom, Starfighter and Jaguar, plus the Tornado now in service —and BAe's concept of how the EFA would look.

Why the obstacles are

looming even larger

By David Marsh in Paris

hand, are wary that Britain is seeking to gain negotiating strength from its 16-year-old link-ups over the Tornado. The project, now estimated to have cost close to £20bn, condemned in France because of its budgetary over-runs, unwieldly organisation and generation of new, potentially competitive air-

frame and engine production capacity in Germany and Italy. There is also still more fundamental potential for discord over transfers of know-how in sensitive areas like radar-beat-ing Stealth technology, composite materials and engines. The French Defence Ministry, believes that Britain is trying to place on to the EFA a deriva-

tive of the tri-national RB-199 engine built for the Tornado in preference to the M-88, a new, lower-powered engine developed Both the British Government and Rolls-Royce say they want a brand-new engine for EFA,

pooling the best of European technology, But a RB-199 deriva-tive is being developed anyway to fit to the RAF's air defence version of the Tornado from about 1992 onwards. Britain says it would make economic and technological sense to use the same engine at least for the production programmes is that in their industrial approaches, kets, in keeping with French development stage of the EFA sold so well abroad partly nothing do Brit hey can run for 10 to 15 years. The airframe manufacturers' military aircraft traditions. The most visible differences because Britain—not present in at the Germans In 11 different meetings since 6-inch-thick feasibility study where foreign sales tend to take however clearly concern the a new middle-of-the-market jet the EFA pack.

manufacturers. Dassault, in the manufacturers. Dassault, in the shape of its crusty 74-year-old chairman. M Benno-Claude Vallieres, is sticking uncompromisingly to its demand for design leadership and 46 per cent of the work—the latter line going signally beyond the Defence Ministry's. M Vallieres, a long-time associate of the legendary M Marcel Dassault who built up the company before and after the war and is still, at 95, its main shareholder still, at 95, its main shareholder (in spite of the state's taking a 46 per cent stake under the

per cent stake under the

tussle between the air-frame

Bonn may have casting vote in the dispute

Socialists) says leadership should flow naturally from Dassault's 30 years of experi-ence in making and selling

Dassault is advancing as fast as possible towards the proto-type stage of its own version of the EFA, the former Avion de Combat Experimental, now code-named Rafale ("gust of wind"). The 8.5 tome basic weight fighter, powered by two General Electric 404 e will make its first test flight

Sir Raymond Lygo, the British

fighter project since the 1950sfighter project since the 1930s—has not provided competition.

And he believes that export opportunities in the next decade will be concentrated on heavier, superior-technology planes rather than the "chesp and cheerful" range advocated by the French. Sir Raymond, who reckous odds on agreeing 2 five reckons odds on agreeing a fivenation EFA are just about even, says British Aerospace "will not settle for less than 23 per cent of the programme a position backed up by the Germans.

To drive home the point British Aerospace is stepping up lobbying of Mr Michael Hesel-tine, the Defence Minister, and other key members of the British Government to "stillen resolve " against making conces-

The company's work on an all-British EFA design, the P-120—due to result in a demonstrator aircraft flying next year—as well as studies on a possible three-nation grouping to build the plane along the lines of the Tornado organisation, are designed to show that other options are available. The French aerospace indus-try, meanwhile, grouping the

avionics and equipment makers (which represent 50 per cent of the cost of a new plane) as well

the cost of a new plane) as well as Dassault and Snecma, have been mounting a similar lobbying campaign—strongly backed by the pro-Communist CGT trade union.

There are also signs that the pressure—as well as the bask disagreements with Britain—is beginning to have an effect on M Charles Hernu, the Defence Minister. Up to now he has been the staunchest advecate af co-operation on an "equitable" basis—whereby France would have a share of about one-third of the work

nave a snare of about one-third of the work.

In the present jostling for positions, potentially the most significant moves may be taking place, out of the public eye, in Bonn. Both the German government, and MBB say they are fully committed at present to a live

nation solution which gives domestic industry a fair stare-out. But, given the firm desire of Herr Manfred Woerner, the Defence Minister, for a deal to be agreed this summer, alterna-tives are already being quietly considered in the event that the European impasse remains As well as the possibilities of deals with either France or Britain, the alternatives include a co-operative agreement with the U.S. As for Britain (where Mr Heseltine has admitted that a U.S. purchase would be the cheapest short run solution), the American options centre broadly on the F15, F16 and F18 ranges made by General Dynamics and McDonnell Donglas, as well as the Advanced Tactical Fighter being worked on by seven U.S. aero-

space groups.

To help develop a "fall back" position in case of lack of a European solution, the Bonn Defence Ministry is putting pressure on the Bundestag defence committee to release DM 120m in funds frezen last year for aerospace research. The funds are needed to boost German industry's own technological competence on parts of

Future

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Table 1

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from Mr J. Si

seeking a chance to rebuild bridges with Paris after differences over the response to the U.S. Star Wars initiative, a Aerospace managing director, German decision in favour of rejects Dassault's argument of the U.S. seems an unlikely out superior competence in supersonic aircraft as "bogus" He
says the Mirage fighters have
sold so well abroad partly
because Britain—not present in
a new middle of the market int
the C.S. seems an unintery-our
may have the moment. But Bome
may have the casting vote in the
Franco-British dispute; not for
nothing do British officials look
at the Germans as the fokers in
the EFA nack

Britain and the **European Court**

THOSE who are appalled that be compatible the British Government has lost supremacy of parliament, at yet another case in the European Court of Human Rights in Strasbourg should be comforted Scarman, do not seem to enterby the thought that Britain, un-like some other countries, was urgent might be the establish-in the dock not for refusing to ment of an administrative court let people go, but for not let-ting them come, hat so many people seek residence, work or merely a safe haven in the British Isles is the best proof that their inhabitants enjoy a better protection of their human rights than can be obtained in many other countries.

If this is so, one can ask why Britain tops the list of the Human Rights Court when it has so far lost 12 and won only two out of the 20 cases brought against it, keeping busy a court which, from its establishment, has heard altogether 91 cases. The explanation is simple. First, some countries do not allow their citizens direct access to the court; France has allowed it only since 1981 and, therefore, appears on the bot-tom of the court's list with only one complaint. Second, the Strasbourg Commission and Court admit only plaintiffs who have exhausted all domestic judicial Tremedies, he UK differs from other countries in that it has neither a written Bill of Rights, nor special administrative courts, nor a constitutional court which could check whether legislation conforms with fundamental rules adopted by a qualified majority of the legislature.

Bill of Rights

his does not mean that in the UK there is no judicial pro-tection of human rights. Judges can and do apply fundamental principles of English law protecting individual freedom, though they do occasionally forget about these principles as the judicial review of government acts has been developed only

For this reason, and not only in the treatment of both sexes to avoid complaints going can be achieved only if each straight to Strasbourg, it would case is considered on its merits. be a good thing if the UK made its fundamental rights visible by authorities should treat men adopting a Bill of Rights, using and women in the same way, the opportunity to fill in any taking into account their family gaps laid bare by social and and unemployment circumgans lain oure by social and and unemployment circum-economic change. Although Mrs stances, but also guarding Margaret Thatcher, the Prime against "paper" marriages de-Minister, once expressed doubts whether a Bill of Rights would tion rules.

AUTOLOGUESPEC OF THE TOURSE

made necessary even more by ness than by such problems as immigration.

Problems with immigration

are a mixture of economics and strong emotions. This makes clear thinking all the more necessary. One should strive to make a distinction between those who seek permanent residence in the UK for family or other reasons, those who come to the UK to work for a limited period of time, and those who seek asylum from oppression and intend to return to their home countries when conditions allow. The distinctions which the laws of some other counforeign migrant workers and refugees is useful not only for the purposes of immigration control but also for making clear to the individuals concerned where they stand.

tion of which the British Government has now been found guilty in Strasbourg, in refusing women residents the same right of bringing into the country their marriage partners as is granted to men, is part and parcel of the complex legal and moral problems of the equality of the sexes in a modern industrial society. Even the purely national conflicts and aspiraions generated in this remain largely unsolved—equal pay and equal taxation for example. Such problems are even more intricate when it comes to the movement of

relative position of men and women in society greatly differ. For that reason real equality

The particular infringement of the Human Rights Conven-

people between countries where family relationships and the



Peter Walker, Energy Secretary, is attaching great importance to the setting up of two new branches in his depart ment. So much so, in fact, that he is putting in his own Civil Service private secretary as the head of one of them.

There are no prizes for guessing that the two new branches will deal with legislation for the privatisation of British Gas, and with the sale arrangements and

subsequent regulatory framework for the business.
Civil servants have harboured a suspicion that Walker is not over-fond of their breed. But the abrasive Michael Reidy, who was brought back from a civil service secondment at Kleinwort Benson, the merchant bank, to run Walker's private office, appears to have broken through his minister's confidence benefits.

lence barrier.

Perhaps it is his commercial approach that appeals to Walker. Rumour has it that Reidy has turned down at least one lucrative offer from the

In his new job he will be responsible for setting up a regulatory system to prevent



being asked 'when did

Men and Matters

Decisions on the regulatory

framework are regarded as crucial—not least by Sir Denis Rooke, the chairman of British Gas, and a man who has built a close relationship with Walker. Rooke has said he does not mind whether British Gas is in the private or public sector—just so long as the government gets the new regu-

latory system "right," Walker's new principal private secretary is to be Geoff Dart, who has just returned from a stint on loan to the Cabinet Office, where he worked for Peter Gregson.

Gregson, in turn, takes over from Sir Kenneth Couzens as the new permanent secretary of the Department of Energy next

Name swapping

There is a hint that the government has a new name in mind for the privatised gas industry. How does National Gas sound?
Yesterday the National
Freight Consortium launched a new subsidiary called Britannia Gas—its vehicle to enter the British liquefied petroleum gas

The company was to have been called National Gas but, as Clive Beattie, managing director, explained, "At the eleventh hour after all the printing had taken place, we were ordered from on high (in the government) to change the

Beattle added wistfully,
"National Gas had begun to
grow on me. The idea of
Britannia Gas was thought up

British Gas from unfairly they do as well out of their exploiting its monopoly position after being sold to the private sector.

Decisions on the regulatory their company from the government in 1982.

Independent auditors estimate that the shares are now worth over 12 times the selling price three years ago.

Labour days

As a kind of sober postscript to the recent VE Day celebra-tions, the Department of Employment's Gazette takes a look back this week at the labour front in the early summer of 1945.

The Gazette's headlines in those days were even staider than now: "Revocation of Certain Defence Regulations" and Factories (Glass Protection) (Revocation) Order,

But the measures were more far-reaching than the titles suggested. The first, for instance, revoked "the prohi-bition of strikes and lockouts, likely to interfere with essential services"-at a point of some interest to today's DE officials who have long been in anguish over a consultative Green Paper on just this issue.

As now, the Gazette expressed in formal terms many of the Government's key pronouncements—that conscription would still continue, and that essential work orders, directing people to specific jobs, would remain in force. Detailed guidance was issued to employers about timeoff for VE Day itself. There were more strikes in

April 1945, than in April 1985: 198 compared with 49. But fewer days were lost: 100,000 then, against 166,000 last month. in the five minutes after we were blocked."

Employees of the British Gas Corporation will be hoping that

Beaths at work were high:

145 in April, including 42 in the mines, 25 on the railways and 78 in factories.

Rationing was still gripping Britain. The weekly allowance of bacon was cut from four to three ounces, but everyone got an extra half pound of sugar.

Unemployment is not mentioned in yesterday's Gazette article. But in January, 1945, it stood at 111,000. And, shades of today's faith in the future of service industries, the Gazette was then reporting on Government schemes for the post-war organisation of private domestic employment.

Bide's bliss

Just for a moment, it looked as if BL's arch-critic, Noel Falconer, had mellowed.

BL "is not a lare duck," said the opening statement of his BLISS (BL Individual Shareholders Society) report handed around at the company's annual meeting in London yesterday.

Then, it thundered: "It is a stranded whale..." Falconer, who claims to represent many of the 65,000 private shareholders who hold a two per cent stake in BL, wasted no time wading into the attack after Sir Austin Bide, BL's £65,000-a-year chairman, spoke of "a temporary set-back . ." "a difficult year" ahead . . but "real progress"

in productivity and quality.

Bide's figures were challenged by Falconer, who produced his own to suggest that BL last year had been £102m short of target on its corporate plan and that productivity had actually fallen.

"At stake is your credibility

or mine," he asserted—to which Bide mildly agreed before moving on to other matters. Falconer returned to demand the reason for the rejection of his candidature against directors up for re-election.

He was not eligible unless a director was standing down, "Astounding." "Too bad," Bide replied. cried Falconer. growled Bide. Exit Falconer, in anything but a state of bliss.

Observer

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It does not mention the greatest injustice of all: that of preventing someone from taking a job at a wage he regards as preferable to the dole or the black economy, because it contravenes some official norm.

of the poorest 10 per cent of families are in the bottom 10 per cent of the earnings range— because factors such as family size or numbers of earners per

household are more important.
The dissenting note by Peter
Thurnham (which should have
been printed with the main

Committee report) does not merely recommend abolition of

Wages Councils, but a suffi-ciently comphehensive Family

Credit scheme after the social security review to permit ade-quate minimum incomes (which

are not the same as minimum

urging it to do more it is absurd to say that the Govern-

ment has done nothing to weaken the monopoly power of

labour higher up the pay scale. What has been the purpose of

the whole series of controversial

The point about "destabilis-ing competition" embodies the

fear of price-cutting by those employers who favour Wages

Councils, and has been the cry of every price ring throughout the ages. The Committee ignores the observations of the official

Employment Research Unit, that

if lower pay leads to competi-

tive price reductions, it will automatically produce more jobs overall under the Medium Term Financial Strategy.

The Committee could reason-

ably have insisted that abolition

But although I am always

Atlantic Institute poll

Unemployment matters most

By Malcolm Rutherford

THE main concerns of the peoples of the industrial democracies are unemployment with nuclear weapons, and social injustice—in that order, Unemployment comes way out on top, with the exception of

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Cermin one.

Since a present a common of the common of the

Inflation is much less of a worry than it used to be. So is concern about excessive government spending. Fears about inadequate defence scarcely figure on the list.

scarcely figure on the list.

There are also some surprising divisions between the countries when it comes to attitudes towards information technology. West Germany and Japan are among the lowest lusers of the new systems and exhibit some of the greatest hostility to applying them because they think that they will be destructive to jobs.

British and France are among

Britain and France are among the highest users of computers and word processing systems, and appear to have much more enthaulasm for them than either the Germans or the Japanese.

The United States is in a class of its own. Not only have more Americans used the new information technology than in any other country polled. More of them would like to undergo special training to understand the new systems and 50 per cent of Americans believe that computers and word processors will help to create jobs rather

than destroy them.

No other country comes anywhere near that approach, though it is striking that even in the U.S. as many as 43 per cent of those polled said that they thought that the new technologies would tend to worsen unemployment.

Those are some of the main findings fo the latest Atlantic Institute for International Affairs-Louis Harris Inter-national Poll*, which is backed by a number of western media including the Financial Times. The polls have now been single issue, apparently going on intermittently since out the western world. September 1982 and the field—There may be a coroll

meter question shown in the injustice rose from 12 to 28, accompanying table 1; which In the U.S. it rose from 13 to are your greatest concerns for 22. Oddly enough in Britain it yourself and your country to-fell from 23 to 16.

One of the most notable changes over time is the way worsies about inflation have steadily dropped down the line. steadily dropped down the list. In France in 1982, 50 per cent of those polled put it as a prime concern. The figure is now down to 28 per cent.

The figures for West Germany

Concern about social injustice has been rising

spondents put it as a main con-cern. By May last year the figure had dropped to 18 per cent. It rest. The majority of Americans like information technology and think that it is job-creating. No other country polled has this has now risen to 22 per cent. Quite the biggest and still in-creasing anxiety, however, is about unemployment. This vision of the future. applies even to the U.S. where it was named by 45 per cent of American respondents as against cans are remarkably dissatisfied with their school system as a 36 per cent a year ago.

In France, unemployment was listed by 80 per cent of respondents. In both West Germany and Britain the figures were 66 per cent. In Italy the figure was 70 per cent and in Spain 89 per cent. All of those are up—and in West Germany up sharply in West Germany up sharply— Another finding which de-serves political attention is the concern about crime in all the countries polled. After unem-ployment it is now the biggest single issue, apparently through-

There may be a corollary: conwork is timed to the run-up to cern about social injustice has the economic summit meetings been rising, too. In West Gerthe economic summit meetings of the seven major industrial democracies, the most recent of which was held in Bonn this markably contented country the samples of people eligible to month.

There is always a key baro-

Which of the following are your greatest concerns for yourself and your country today?

THE KEY FINDINGS

	rance (ismany	y Britain	ftaly	Norwa	y Spain	U.S.	Japan
Threat of war	36	14	25	47.	33	44	32	36
Energy crisis	7	9_	8	_16	4	16	12	29
Inflation	28	14	22,	36	7	32	29	21
Inadequate defence	4	4	7	4	4	. 8	14	10
Unemployment	80	66	66	70	59	89	45	16
Social Injustice Crime	30 29	28 33	16 42	26 55	26 18	36 38	22 42	74 33
Nuclear weapons	28	25	32	37	26	42	31	38
Excessive govt. spendin	g 15	17	11	19	7	17	35	21
Poor political leadershi	19 م	17	22	24	13	7	24	12
No answer	1		3	3		\equiv	<u> </u>	

ginning to show more concern about those out of work and the socio-economic conditions which allow unemployment on such a scale. In which of these categories would you place your-The more detailed questions self? about attitudes to information technology, however, show an unexpected breakdown between countries. In all places it is the young who have used the new

,	technology, however, show an unexpected breakdown between	Fran	nce C	iermahy	Britain	Italy	Norway	Spain	U.S.	Japan
	countries. In all places it is the young who have used the new systems most and who most want to do so. Yet in Japan, as table 2 shows, only a total of	I have already used an information-processing system such as a computer or word processor	26	11	28	7	21	12	37	14
l	14 per cent have done so and in West Germany only 11 per cent. Morcover, more than 50	but it would interest	37	23	22	29	29	41_	32	41
•	per cent of West German respondents said that they had no interest in trying. Perhaps	i have never used one, and it doesn't interest me	36	51	49	48	50	43	29	40
	the French are more tech- nologically attuned than the Germans after all.	No opinion/not sure	1	15	1	16	D	4	2	5

The British figures show a split down the middle: one half of those polled having used the new technology or wanting to, and the other half refusing to

	France	Germany	Britzin	Italy	Norway	Spain	U.S.	Japan
increased use of information-process systems, such as a computer or word processors, will worsen unemployment	ing		63	48	45_	63	43	47
Wider usage of these systems will help to create jobs	23	112	_22_	19	25	13_	50	24
Neither one nor the other	22	17	9	13	15	19	3	13
No opinion/not sure		18	6	20	15		4	16

Among the obstacles to the development of new technologies in a country such as ours, which of these seem to you to be the most important?

	France	Germany	Britain	Italy	Morway	Spain	U.S.	Japan
Our school system	36	10	19	24	15	37	- 44	25
Our political leaders	14	20	21	37	12	12	35	76
Popular prejudices	47	28	33	32	31	37	17	21
Labour Unions	21	14	43	21	6	6	25	14
Employers	*		9	9	3	12	25	7
No opinion/not sure	18	38	10	25	39	27	4	40
Totals over 1	DD. bec	ause of th	o DOSSÍ	bility s	d the mu	itiple a	ın Swar	s. ·

Lombard

Jobless hit by two 'establishments'

By Samuel Brittan

European countries, is afflicted with two economic establish-

The first is recognised as such. It consists of the macroeconomists who constantly fret for a "fiscal stimulus"—jargon for a high Budget deficit. This establishment was be-hind the famous protest against the Government's Finan-

cial Strategy signed by 364 economists in 1981. The Charter for Jobs campaign is its direct The Charter's Employment

Institute yesterday organised a public lecture for Professor Rudiger Dornbusch, in which the latter called for a UK fiscal stimulus of 3 per cent of GDP. Professor Dornbusch also mentions suggestions by Weitzman and Meade for making the labour market more responsive to market forces, but in a throw-away final two paragraphs, as if these matters were optional extras rather than the heart of any long-term jobs strategy.

This has the effect of leavnig the determination of pay to the second of the two establishments, the industrial relations one, which has more long-term impact on job prospects than any of the policy options dis-cussed by the economic establishment proper.

The industrial relations establishment has been overjoyed that the Commons "Employment" Committee has recommended that Wages Councils should not be abolished.

The Committee's report, which is both physically and intellectually extremely thin, contained nothing to undermine the connection between pay and jobs or the arguments for abolition which were given in detail in Economic Vierpoint on May 13, followed by an extensive correspondence in the Financial The Committee's impartiality,

or lack of it, can be seen from the fact that apart from the Employment Minister, the only people from whom it took oral evidence were the Low Pay Unit and-wait for it-the West Midlands Low Pay Unit.

A body entitled the Low Pay Unit, which exists to campaign for higher pay, is no more free to follow the argument and

de Contra de Late

evidence on pay and jobs wherever they lead, than the brewers' organisations can assess the teetotal case or the Masters of the Hounds the case against blood sports.

The Secretary of State, Tom King, sat on the fence on the issue of total abolition, but gave issue of total abolition, but gave much evidence on the deleterious effect on training as well as jobs of artificially high pay for young people. His department's evidence cited several quantitative studies which were brushed aside by the Committee.

Travenes some official norm. There is an unavoidable conflict between the low paid with jobs and those without. But the evidence does not support any simple equation of low pay with poverty. It was Richard Layard, the founder of the Jobs Charter, who showed that only one in five of the propert 10 per cent of

One new piece of evidence, since my original Economic Viewpoint, reported in the Committee's evidence, is by Dr Stanley Slebert, which estimates that the 10 per cent increase in youth earnings relative to adults in the course of the 1970s, cost the young over 200,000 jobs.

Conflict between low paid with jobs and those without

The Committee's handling of economic issues was depressingly familiar. It brushed aside the general economic relation between price and quantity demanded and it was unimpressed by specific casessuch as that of a farmer and landowner I met who was employing as many people as possible as a matter of social conscience, but found his efforts hamstrung at every turn by the Agriculture Wages Board, which for instance, insisted that any dwelling he provided should not be valued at more than £1.50 per week, even though rates alone came to far

When in response to the quest for "hard evidence" it was offered econometric esti-mates, the Committee dismissed these because of the inevitable uncertainties and hazards in any such calculations. I win, heads you lose." The Committee lists injustice,

of Wages Councils should be part of a more comprehensive programme. In simply dismissing the idea out of hand even for the young, without any major alternative suggestions, it was simply opting out of the poverty, industrial relations and "destabilising" product competijobs debate. It deserves further attention.

pay).

Future of the Stock Exchange

From Mr Rik Edwards Sir.—The debate on the future of the Stock Exchange has not so far touched on the plight of the "second-class members." The council of the Stock Exchange stopped the issue of shares to new members from January 10 this year. This arbitrary decision, for which it had no mandate from its membership, means that some 140 members will not be able to attend or vote at the crucial extraordinary general

speculative distortions in the changes, for the one reason pattern of applications for that, if passed, the proposals membership." It is clear that will mean that individual mempelications are no higher than bers will not be asked again to at this stage in 1984, and the way is now open for the council to issue shares to its newest

members.
Wherether it will do so is doubtful. The council has shown that it is prepared to be share-owning membership, as we saw in its abolition of the "tap" price of shares. How-"tap" price of shares. How-ever, it has been able to com-pletely ignore the views of its most recent members, because it has first disenfranchised

It is absurd that the newest members, by definition those with the longest interest in the future of the Stock Exchange, should be denied any part in deciding that future. Rik Edwards.

Flat 4, David Court, 200 Lansdowne Road, London, N17 9XW.

Better protection for the public

From Mr Hugh J. L. Marsden Sir,—I write to you as an in-dividual Stock Exchange mem-ber of some 20 years standing. I have been an associate mem-ber in this period and consider volves commercially unproven that the market is best served by technology.

get things done.
This deterioration, percept-

as an individual is directly responsible to the Council and market authorities—and his client.

recrucial extraordinary general I shall be voting against the meeting on June 4.

The decision was "to avoid am not against the spirit of the vote on any matter of importance.

I am concerned that markets are not fragmented which could lead to more difficulties for the regulating authorities. I feel that the Bank of England should use its influence more widely to consolidate the changes into our system in the London Stock Exchange which is well proven on its efficiency and honesty of operation.

Hugh J. L. Marsden. 29, Abbotsbury Road, London, W.14.

Fast-breeder programme From I. Leveson

Sir,-The U.S. Congress has refused to continue funding the U.S. fast-breeder nuclear reactor at Clinch River on the grounds that it is "commercially un-viable," I am astounded that viable." I am astounded that our Government, for all its avident concern to close purpor-tedly uneconomic coalmines, should give its backing so readily to a plutonium repro-cessing plant at Dounreay—as part of a European collaborative fast-breeder project which in-

The capacity for getting things done

more "rascally financiers," and fewer accountants and pension

From Mr J. Stansby.

Sir. — Anatole Kaletsky. heropos the years it now takes London Underground to replace escalators and lifts, is right to remind us of the extraordinary deterioration in our capacity to get things done.

the value judgment which simbly says we want our cities to work and we are prepared to will the means to achieve the end.

Certainly, the involvement of more "rascally financiers," and fewer accountants and fewer accountants.

get things done.

This deterioration, perceptible in most aspects of the fashionable in the right direction. But how do we get direction. But how do we get the fashionable intellectual baggage that allows us, to paraphrase Wilde, to know the price of everything and the value of structure builders — got things done because they were not hampered by any of the ideological obsessions so prevalent today; these focus on cost benefit criteria to the exclusion of

individuals rather than faceless It is remarkable that this with responsibility for agreeing Consequent on this the investing public is better protected from the uranium nuclear fuel from the uranium nuclear fuel cycle centred on Seliafield, should be agreed to without cent of those reparliamentary or public debate. 2 to 7 per cent. I hope that the Government will be questioned very closely on the costs of this project and on the small net gains in jobs which may follow it. These

Germans, after all..

have anything to do with it.

Yet the biggest split of all is between the Americans and the

There remain a few oddities shown in table 4. The Ameri-

block to technological process.

So are the French to some extent, but their system is being

reformed in the autumn. A large number of the British (43

per cent) still seem to blame their problems on the trades

unions, and only 19 per cent on

discontented with their political

leaders, though the Americans run them close. Britain does not come out too badly in this respect, and President Mitter-

The fieldwork was conducted

rand of France rather well.

It is the Italians who are most

the schools

Letters to the Editor

must be set against the vast financial and environmental risks incurred. Surely the con-tinuing cost over-runs and difficulties experienced with the uranium fuel-cycle should be solved before there is any expansion into the use of plutonium fuel? Indeed, given the glut of uranium supplies, to which the

Government itself has admitted, the need for a fast-breeder programme should be questioned before any planning application is made by BNFL and URAEA to the Highland Regional Council for the Dounreay plutonium reprocessing plant. There needs to be a full public inquiry into the need for any commercial fast-breeder programme as well as into the local planning issues.

Dept of Geography, Durham University.

Directors and

Sir,-Recent surveys of direc-

cent.
In Directors' Rewards, pub- Stone, Staffs.

have gone broke in the process

lished last December and based on a really representative sample of large and small companies, we showed that full-time executive directors enjoyed salary increases of 3.5 per cent and total earnings increases of coverage was muted.

members, half our total sample what increases they expected in base salaries this year: 68 per cent of those replying forecast

payments-now used by about 55 per cent of our employer sample—to add a further percentage to this forecast, we would be very surprised from the data reaching us each week if executive directors' total earnings, across the whole spectrum of private industry, rise by more than 8 to 10 per cent in 1985.

highlighted is the increasing differentials between increases for chief executives and that of their board colleagues. Our 1984 figures show 20 per cent for managing directors and 21 per cent for executive chairmen. This situation is not unique to the private sector as under sec retaries in the Civil Service 41.9 per cent, between 1981 and 1984, have enjoyed increases well above the average in their

lishment of merit or perform ance assessment in all activi ance assessment in all activi-ties. Such systems are on offer to teachers and via the McGraw recommendations to civil ser-vants. If they reject them they will doom their members to static or declining living stan-dards with the minor consola-tion that the state collects more tax at 60 per cent if ICI pays Mr Harvey Jones £287,000 and Burton pays Mr Halpern £348,000 than the 45 per cent corporation tax due if the profits stayed in their business Peter M. Brown.

Reward Regional Surveys.

We are witnessing a recestab-

performance pay From Mr P. M. Brown.

sir,—Recent surveys or direc-tors' earnings, concentrating on the chairman of major public companies, are in danger of sending misleading signals on directors' pay to all those fecl-ing cheated by attempts to maintain private and public pay increases between 3 and 7 per

but they would have replaced Such a change of attitude

The missing ingredients to-day is initiative and imagina-tion. The "rascally financiers" had both and they knew that the would allow us to create new facilities (for which our grand-children would certainly be grateful) but it would not neces-sarily improve our ability to maintain and renew the services best criticism of a bad job was a good job, not a report.

we possess, where it is not money but management that we To quote Barzin, "I grieve to see a system sink into such shabby disgrace for the lack of lack. Both LT and BR regularly fail to spend their capital the same comprehensive imagi nation that built it." Should we leave all the good tunes to So how can we make sure that management is more conthe devil, all the initiative to financiers like Charles Tyson that management is more con-cerned with getting things done financiers like than with getting things right? Yerkes who who built three The Victorian rascals would have closed a station for a four years? month and worked 24 hours a John Stansby. Yerkes who was crooked but who built three Tube lines in day to replace a lift-they might



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FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday May 30 1985



Kathy Evans in Tehran follows the refugees from Iraq's bombers

Iranians take a day trip to safety

IT WASN'T so much a flight to safety – more like hitting a major motorway on a summer holiday week-

visiting again" as the Iranians put

traffic jam which stretches for

night time Iraqi bombing raids is to leave early. The more organised people leave at 2pm or as soon after lunch as possible. Only then can you be sure of a place by the road-

As dusk falls, it seems as if the whole city is on the move, galvanised by a fatalistic outlook and the damage that even a lone bomber pilot can do. On the road out to Lavisan, the jam stretched for 40 kilometers, a young army lieutenant warned me.

"If you think it is bad now," he said, gesturing to the cars stacked three abreast, "think about coming back in the morning." In all directions out of the city the

evening, queues lengthen at petrol stations and tempers shorten. They come in thousands, in ageing Cadillacs. Renaults and Iranian Ford Fiestas, each crammed to the brim it, a daily mass exodus begins from well-off arrive by motorcycle, wives the capital Tehran. The result is a in chador on the back, babies strapped to the gas tanks.

At the city limits, takeaway res-

taurants do a roaring trade. For a few miles on, the first signs of kerbside family life can be seen each night. It's an unsightly clutter of pots, shopping bags, nappies, sauce-pans and blankets. By 10pm, the sohisticated city workers begin bedding down for the night. They are becoming used to their double life of being roadside refugees by night and businessmen and civil servants

exodus. The Japanese, never to be behind anyone, went one better and hired a villa on the outskirts. The group which went up last night have yet to be seen today - hardly surprising, considering the traffic. The British are blessed with an

ing's entertainment the other night at the weekly Scottish dancing club.

Back at the hotel, the number of ests is dwindling rapidly as, one by one, the foreign businessmen survive the airport scramble and escape. The rest of us have been moved down to the lower floors and issued with candles. "Don't worry, this is an American built hotel," the

manager says reassuringly.

Two nights ago an unexpected early raid caught me just about to start a dinner of kidneys in mustard sauce in the roof restaurant. I joined the crowd of diners, clutching chador and candle down 14 floors to the safety of the lobby. There, a visiting Lebanese busi-nessman was boasting that in his country the war was much more

"At least we have booze, valium, hashish or cocaine - whatever you want," he declared. That set everyone's appetite going for a large scotch, alas not available legally in the Islamic Republic. One of the ho-

Their only complaint about the ment's cocktail barman in far off ture. "It looks more like Concoraids is that they stopped the even-days, jokingly apologised for the taking off in fog," one said.

As the bombs dropped nearby, talking business, swapping cards, while others began plotting their exit from Iran overland with a Turkish freight forwarder who wandered in with his candle to join

the lobby gathering. The war between Iran and Iraq has always been characterised by an absence of hatred between the two peoples, even during the times when civilian areas are attacked. But after the second night of bomb-ing there was a detectable air of impatience with the Government over the lack of bard-hitting retaliation.

When the long-promised missile finally did come, it was a bit of a let-down, because the Iraqis - like their enemy – do not disclose details of damage. To assure the people that it had an endless supply of

What would you do?" Sig Craxi re-plied: "You should do what you do

Asked about his impression

the new Soviet leader, Sig Craxi

said: "He is concrete, without any

which is not a bad feature because

The tone of Sig Craxi's talks with

Mr Gorbachev was friendly and the

Kremlin appears generally pleased by the outcome of the discussion ac-

cording to the report of the state

There was only limited mention during the talks, which lasted almost four hours, of Italy's \$2.5on

deficit with the Soviet Union from

which it imports gas and oil Mos

● The Soviet Interior Ministry has

drafted 55 000 members of the Com

munist Party into the police, and

other law enforcement bodies, to

contracts to Italian companies.

cold fish are dangerous."

news agency, Tass.

best: negotiating."

No one knows the full extent of

the human tragedies which have ocing raids on the capital. The authorities will not allow journalists near the devastated areas, which leads many to believe that casualties are higher than officially estimated. minor revolt in Tehran's foreign press corps who are now consider-ing a boycott of government

There have been no air raids since an early Wednesday morning attack on Tehran by the Iragis. But nevertheless, the exodus has already started because the artillery activity on the front will surely in-vite another visit by Saddam tonight, Tehranis argue.

In the meantime, Mehdi Bazar gan, considered the chief opposition leader to the Government, an-nounced his candidacy for the presi-Wednesday published a picture of dential elections this week. But giv-the missile which hit Baghdad. Dip-lomats are fascinated by the pic-ment was barely noticed.

sell some shares in

By Bernard Simon in Toronto THE CANADIAN Government is to

take a significant step towards privatising its extensive commercial interests by selling the bulk of its shares in Canada Development Corporation, a holding company with nterests in energy, sulphur, min-

Mr Sinclair Stevens, the Industry finister, said yesterday that 23.8m of the Government's 30.7m CDC common shares would be sold to

ties firms, led by Burns Fry of Tormo. Based on CDCs present share

The Government presently owns 83 per cent of CDC's common

single Canadian investor will be set at 25 per cent. Besides the Government, no local investor currently owns more than 3 per cent of CDC

Ottawa is also looking for buyers

Mr Stevens said that the CDC

Canada's 20th largest industrial company. Its subsidiaries include Polysar, the world's largest synthetic rubber producer, Kidd Creek Mines and Canterra Energy. A venture capital subsidiary last year helped a group of local investors buy the Canadian unit of American

The group returned to profitability in 1984 with earnings of CS81.1m after losses totalling CS160m in the

corporation

poetic flights, but rather passionate. He warmed up as the talks went on

ing, petrochemicals and office information products

the public later this summer through a group of Canadian securi-

price on the Toronto stock exchange, proceeds of the sale will amount to about C\$295m (\$215m).

res. Together with investments in preferred shares, it holds 47.1 per cent of voting rights in CDC. The sale will reduce the Government's voting interest to 10 per cent.

Mr Stevens said that purchases
by foreign investors will be limited

to 25 per cent of CDC's voting shares, with any one foreign inves tor restricted to a 10 per cent holding. The proposed curbs are similar to those applying to foreign owner-ship of Canadian banks and investment dealers. According to Mr Stevens, they are required to maintain "the unique Canadian nature of the

company."

The maximum holding of any

for several other state-owned companies, including the two aircraft manufacturers, de Havilland and Canadair, and Eldorado Nuclear, a uranium producer. It has had inquiries from more than a dozen interested parties, including a number of foreign companies.

sale "reflects our view that the Gov ernment should not be involved in the ownership or operation of commercial enterprises which perform no public policy role."

With assets of C\$8.7bn, CDC is

previous two years. Long-term debt stands at CS4.3bn.

A sweetener from Tate & Lyle

THE LEX COLUMN

Even in its rather tighter form nowadays, Tate & Lyle remains a group that makes both sugar cubes and minesweepers; and in the six went on behaving with all the disci-pline of an end-of-term school outing. Yet after expelling the usual above the line provisions and credits. Tate does seem to have survived a miserable half for sugar refining with film more in taxable profit than last time. This was a good permaking automobile sun-visors for Detroit proved the stoutest cyclical

If the Brooke Bond failure may have dulled Tate's appetite for a large UK acquisition, it judged the to pick up cheap sugar-processing capacity. This has left scarcely a ripple in the balance-sheet and looks sound policy. As much as Im tonnes of rival U.S. refining may well close, and by next year Tate should enjoy an additional earnings stream of \$10m or more – as well as

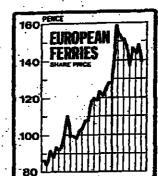
the leisure truly to think about Tate had less good fortune in judging the low point for raw sugar, but an extra provision against the sugar reserve would not make much difference to pre-tax profits

for the year of, say, £75m. The key to that figure will be UK refining. The April price increases may have signalled a truce in the price war, but British Sugar could start cutting throats again if market conditions require it. Uncertainty here may justify the caution in the share price, which closed unchanged on

Lloyds

By drawing together its merchant banking strands into one fabric, Lloyds Bank will at least be able to present a united front to potential clients. But it is still holding back from the investments its competitors have made in the Big Bang inbher to its name. Although ideally it might prefer to do nothing while its rivals make mistakes, it could not resist the temptation, as part of the tidy-up, to sink £25m into a gilt primary dealership to add to its existing bond market activities.

laugh if in a few years' it watches which time earnings should have make some issues unattractive.



their equity market-making operations, or at best making only minuscule returns on their expensive acquisitions. Alternatively, it may find that it has been left too far behind to catch up. Either way, yesterday's news gave the impression that the bank slightly lacks the courage of its scepticism. If it really believes that nobody will make money - initially, at least - in the new-look securities markets, it

might have been wiser, and certain-

ly cheaper, to settle for a mere bro-ker-dealership in gilts.

European Ferries The speed of Euroferries' footwork in expanding since its capital reorganisation last year has now brought it up against the barrier of its balance sheet. Opportunistic but justifiable spending - on the P&O cross-channel business, as well as a couple of freighters and an office property in Denver - has made the outflow of cash over the next year the day, and, come to that, six or two rather more formidable than was perhaps planned. With heavy commitments to spend on new

> of old ones, it looked as if Eurofer ries was heading for net gearing of not much less than one-to-one. The answer, in the form of a convertible rights issue, should plug the cash gap very neatly; with an extra £70m of equity in hand, it has ruled out a similar manoeuvre should be possible to press on with next year. Instead, unpleasant decithe growth plans and keep peak debt to around half of shareholders funds. If things work out reason-

ships, not to mention the expansion

is being applied now. Of course, Eu- g'roferries is also treating the reinforcement of its balance sheet as among other things - a springboard from which to jump out in direc-tions so far not yet decided; but at present the City is probably confident enough in the management to underwrite that freedom. The shares fell only 3p, to 139p.

If only British Leyland were as profitable as Fiat, the UK Government could be a billion or two pounds the richer in privatisation revenues. Not only is Fiat one of the few European volume manufacturers to be in the black; yesterday, it announced 1984 consolidated net profits more than doubled to L627bn (£253m) and dangled the

It is the car division that is making most of the running. There profits trebled to L235bn on a volume increase of just 2.8 per cent. All the money that Fiat has ploughed into production efficiencies since 1980 is feeding through - now that the group workforce is reduced by a quarter, each factory worker produces 26 cars a year instead of The revival has also been helped by better products; the Fiat Uno, in particular, has been highly success-ful in the competitive super-mini

The industrial vehicle market is still sticky, with losses increasing at Iveco. But if that division breaks even this year - as Fiat's managing director promises - the whole group

could indeed move into overdrive.

Tarnished gilts To avoid the distorted market in

gilt-edged which resulted from the inland Revenue's pre-budget swoop on bond-washing - which the Lon-don markets took as a hint of capital gains tax reform - the Treasury sions by the tax authority's lawyers will be held over, like substantive it reforms, for the budget itself. But ably, the initial cost of the prefer the chances are that this piece of ence dividend should be covered by clarification could make life rather the after-tex income generated by hard for the Government Broker the investment being funded - unfil next February. The market might

to axe 18,000 iobs Continued from Page 1

Renault

the division's workforce down to 88,000 at the end of this year from a staff of 98,000 at the end of last year. The company is now hoping to reduce the workforce of the car division by a further 8,000 people next year, bringing the total to about

80,000 by the end of 1986. The group is expected again to avoid compulsory redundancies next year and is hoping it will be able to cut its workforce through voluntary incentives, including

repatriation allowances for immigrant workers and early retire At Renault Vehicules Industriels (RVI), the large truck subsidiary of the state group, workers are offered alternative employment choices either within the Renault

group or in another subsidiary be-fore being made redundant. RVI, which is also felying on early return ments and voluntary incentives, wants to cut 2.550 jobs between now and March 1986 to bring its workforce down to 22,300 people.

The pro-Socialist CFDT union said last night that Renault was negotiating measures with the Government that would enable car workers to apply for early retirement at the age of 54 rather than the present 55. That would help Renault in its efforts to avoid compulsory redundancies.

Various union sources also claimed that Renault planned more than 8,000 job cuts next year and that the total cuts for 1986 might be as high as 10,000 to 11,000. That would bring the overall job losses at Renault's car division to 21,000 between now and the end of next

Renault is also planning investments of about FFr 8bn this year compared with group investments of FFr 9.9bn last year. The reduction in investments will mainly hit subsidiaries, since Renault does not intend to cut productive investments for its car range. Renault's net cash needs are said to total

The company is also striving to cut costs in North America, where it owns 46 per cent of American Motor Corporation (AMC). Renault's U.S. affiliate is involved in delicate negotiations with the unions to seek concessions from its workers. At the same time, Renault yester-

day said it had no plans at present to invest in a new car plant in Quebec, although authorities in the French Canadian province have recently been pressing the French company to build a plant there. investments in Ontario, where it is building a plant to produce a new car for the U.S. market in 1987.

Gorbachev 'expects little' from Canada to new Geneva arms talks

MR MIKHAIL GORBACHEV, the Soviet leader, has told two senior West European leaders visiting emerge from the second round of the Soviet-U.S. disarmament talks

which start in Geneva, today. Mr Gorbachev emphasised to Sig Bettino Craxi, the Italian Prime Minister, and Mr Willy Brandt, the former West German Chancellor, both of whom are visiting Moscow. that U.S. determination to pursue

the star wars Strategic Defence Initiative makes it impossible to achieve progress at Geneva. Speaking at a Kremlin banquet for Sig Craxi last night, Mr Gorba chev renewed a 30-month-old Soviet

missiles but made clear that this depended on Washington scrapping its star wars plan.

BY PATRICK COCKBURN IN MOSCOW AND OUR FOREIGN STAFF and British weapons could not be

Pershing missiles in Europe. nounced a temporary freeze on the

fer stood. the U.S. of bringing substantive ne-gotiations to a halt by refusing to discuss star wars. Soviet commen-

offer to reduce European-based It appears, he said, that the U.S. planned to "push through at all

costs its plans to develop space "The price for this, however, may Geneva talks, but the scrapping of every prospect for an end to the

arms race." Mr Gorbachev said. The late president Yuri Andropov first offered in 1982 to reduce the level of Soviet SS-20s to that of French and British land-based nu-

BY RUPERT CORNWELL IN BONN

tered the debate raging here over participation in the U.S. Strategic

relations with France.

The Italian Prime Minister said This was rejected by the U.S. and yesterday that Mr Gorbachev said to him: "Put yourself in my shoes. Nato, which argued that French

Moscow that he expects little to included in a deal on the pending deployment of U.S. cruise and Mr Gorbachev last month an-

deployment of new SS-20s. His statement last night was the first public confirmation that the old of-Moscow has repeatedly accused

> tators say the U.S. agreed in January to negotiate on weapons in space, and intermediate and strategic weapons but has since backed away from this understanding. Mr Brandt, in a studiously neutral and very generalised account of his discussions with the Soviet leader, veered somewhat towards Moscow's explanation for the impasse

in Geneva by saving that the super-

powers needed to return to the origment to discuss the th issues simultaneously. Sig Craxi, said that star wars should not be allowed to paralyse negotiations although he added he could "understand the Soviet Union's legitimate concern in this matter." He said that the Soviet

try to reduce crime, Mr Gorbaches side demanded a resolution of the

has repeatedly promised greater discipline and a crackdown on corruption in the Soviet Union. Geneva arms talks' positions.

star wars problem now.

Schmidt enters SDI battle

HERR Helmut Schmidt, the former for Milan and the need to strength- Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the For-West German Chancellor, has en- en European integration than with eign Minister, who has not hidden

Defence Initiative (SDI) by urging the Bonn Government to shun the scheme, and concentrate on the priority task of improving its frayed His views, set out in identical letters to his successor, Chancellor Helmut Kohl and the leaders of oth-France put forward in April. er parties (with the exception of the radical Greens), became known According to Herr Sudhoff, Bonn

hours after the end of the Konstanz summit between Herr Kohl and President Francois Mitterrand. whose outcome was at best incon-They stand in some contrast to ation. the strenuous official efforts to show that all is well between Paris

and Bonn, in the run-up to the important European Council meeting of EEC leaders in Milan at the end The Bonn Government yesterday sharply rejected French press ac-counts of the Konstanz meeting, as sealing the collapse of the so-called Paris Bonn axis. Herr Jürgen Sud-

sisted that the talks had dealt far

more extensively with preparations

the well-known differences between the two countries on SDL

It is becoming increasingly clear that West Germany is trying its utmost not to see any conflict between involvement in the spacebased SDI initiative, and the purely European Eureka project for techco-operation which

is now examining both, not least from a financial standpoint. He left little doubt that West Germany will be taking its time before committing itself to either or both, and then only after careful consider-

lor Kohl emphasised yesterday that the fears of his predecessors to some degree are shared by Herr Apart from constituting one of the most visible political forays by

Quite what will be the impact of Herr Schmidt's stricture is not clear, and officials close to Chancel-Kohl - and indeed were tackled at

Herr Schmidt since he lost power in

autumn 1982, the letter has attract-

his leanings towards Eureka and deep misgivings about the whole

SDI concept.

Herr Schmidt, whose close relationship with former French Presi-Valery Giscard d'Estains marked a highpoint in recent Franco-German ties, repeated his asser-tion that only if West Germany stood "shoulder to shoulder" with France would it best defend its interests in the world.

In a barb at Herr Kohl, he complained that "ceremonial gestures" were no substitute for the failure to develop European monetary co-operation or a joint trade, currency and technology policy. Bonn, said Herr Schmidt, had to show readiness to compromise with Paris, and would have to commit large sums to

Europe. For that reason, he argued, it made little sense to divide already limited resources between working with the U.S. and with France. Factors in favour of Eureka were the lack of any urgency to give a formal reply to the SDI offer from Washington, and the small likelihood that the U.S. would in fact heap special technological favours upon

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ed attention because of its affinity with the apparent feelings of Herr Logica seeks Star Wars contract

Continued from Page 1

has proposed, instead, a pan-Euro-pean research project - Eureka areas such as computing, lasers and

er than military goals.

Logica is talking to the Pentagon with the full knowledge of the UK Defence Ministry, said Dr Dain. The company does not wish to disclose the details of the work for which it is bidding.

The contract is likely to involve

studies on the creation of the milli-

structions that would be required to

an operational anti-missile

Logica has built up experience in providing software for military systems as a result of contracts with Nato and the Defence Ministry. Dr Dain said he hoped to hear from the Pentagon on whether Logica has won the contract in the

next few months. This would be the first piece of a bigger study contract. We see the work as a way of getting into the SDI programme and using key ele-ments of European technology."

According to Dr Dain, direct dis-

cussions with the Defense Department, rather than attempts to join U.S.-led commercial consortia, represent the best way for European companies to participate in star

"U.S. industry sees the project very much as an American pro-gramme and has no motivation to involve European companies."

Lt-Gen James Abrahamson, director of the Pentagon's Strategic Defence Initiative Organisation, is British companies that are interest

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Fiat



Fiat doubles profit as restructuring continues

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN TURIN

FIAT, Italy's largest private-sector group, yesterday unveiled more than doubled consolidated net profits of L627bn (\$317m). The profit was struck on group sales of L23,813bn, a rise of 8.3 per cent.

The sharply-improved results were achieved in what Sig Cesare Romiti, Flat's managing director described as a difficult year. Sig Romiti said the European economy last year was largely stagnant and Italian interest and inflation rates were still well above levels in other European countries.

as Feat the fat the fa The consolidated results of Fiat -30 per cent owned by the Agnelli family – and the net profit of L306hn (43 per cent up) of parent company Fiat SpA, represents an impressive improvement for a group which since 1980 has been engaged in major restructuring.

Sig Romiti said yesterday the rationalisation programme, which has seen the number of Fiat group employees fall from 301,568 in 1981 to 230,805, was "a painful process which is not yet finished." said Sig Romiti shied away from rul-

Interest costs

Bay recovery

By Bernard Simon in Toronto

curb Hudson's

ing out an agreement in 1985 between Fiat and Ford of Europe for a ment subsidiary which in 1983 suf-joint venture. However, Sig Gianni fered a \$41bn loss, managed a Agnelli, Fiat chairman, said last \$51m profit last year. week an agreement would not take place "this year." Sig Romiti said corded sales of L1,950bn (up 12.4 negotiations were long and difficult per cent) achieved a 1984 profit of

Fiat Auto, which with L12,878bn of sales last year accounted for 54 per cent of group turnover, in-creased its profit last year to Sales rose 25 per cent to L580bn at L235bn against L80.6bn in 1983. The car division produced 1.4m vehicles last year, a rise of 2.8 per cent, and said its share of the European car market rose to 13.4 per cent in 1984, from 12.7 per cent the year before.

was cancelled out by a dramatic in- profit for the first time last year of crease in losses at the Dutch-registered Iveco industrial vehicles division which, with L4,590bn of per cent to L1,865bn, after L1,459bn fifth of group turnover. Iveco, which in 1983 plunged into a Fl 232.6m (\$66.5m) deficit, last year saw the losses mount to FI 395m. Sig Romiti said Iveco would break even this share issue.

Fiatallis, the earth-moving equip

Li6bn, against Li4.4bn in 1983.
The Comau factory automation subsidiary made a profit of Li1.7bn. sion, although having achieved a L13.2bn profit on L945bn of sales, recorded a loss of L14.6bn after taking into account the losses of subsidiaries. This was down on the 1983 loss at Teksid of L48bn. Tek-But the higher Fiat Auto profit sid's Brazilian subsidiary made a

sales, accounted for just under a of depreciation charges. The pre-tax group profit was L870bn, against L376bn in 1963. Fiat is proposing a L110 dividend, a 22 per cent rise after adjusting for last year's major

SE Banken warns on monetary policy

HUDSON'S BAY Company, the troubled Canadian retail, property and fur trading group, reduced losses to CS56.2m (\$41m), or CS2.58 a share, in the three months to April 30. A year earlier losses were C\$62.3m or C\$2.85.

A marked improvement in operating results was offset by a rise in quarterly interest charges from CS4013m to CS62.4m. Borrowings increased in the wake of a deteriorate ing cash flow. Debt stood at CS2.28bn at the end of the 1984 fiscal year on January 30.

The company suffered a negative cash flow of C5550.2m last year, compared to an inflow of C5457.9m in 1983.

The company unveiled plans at the annual meeting to improve performance at its ailing department store chains, notably Simpsons, which posted a CS7.8m loss in the first quarter, and the Bay, with a

The recovery plan includes store es, more centralised services and a greater emphasis on fashion items. Simpsons expects its expenses to decline by CS40m this

Thomson lifts earnings

By Our Toronto Correspondent

INTERNATIONAL THOMSON, the publishing, travel and energy group controlled by the Canadian Thom-son family, lifted earnings to £12m (\$15m) or 4.1p per share, in the three months to March 31 from £9m or 3.1p a share a year earlier. Sales advanced by 22 per cent to

The company said that its publishing interests in Britain and North America "continue to make good progress." Although the travel division's first quarter performance was above expectations and ahead

BY KEVIN DONE IN STOCKHOLM

SKANDINAVISKA Enskilda Banken (SE Banken), Sweden's leading commercial bank, warned yesterday the recent drastic tightening of Swedish monetary policy would have a "strongly negative" impact on its profitability this year.

Group operating profits dropped by 3 per cent in the first four months of the year, while profits of the parent bank fell by 12 per cent as the squeeze on interest earnings Interest, rates in Sweden have

been rising since the beginning of the year, but the big jump came on May 13 when the Riksbank, the Swedish central bank, raised the discount rate by 2 percentage points and lifted the penalty rate by 2½ points to 16 per cent.

The jump in money market rates reduces profits by SKr 50m to SKr 60m (\$5.5m to \$6.7m) a month, the bank said yesterday. . The bank said it was meaning-

the rest of the year.
The SE Banken group's operating SKr 830m in the corresponding pe-

have increased the bank's funding | Calvi and others used shell compacosts and further limited the growth in lending volume to only 2 per cent. The bank said it was only of who controlled them. possible to a limited extent to increase income to cover the higher

The bank holds large portfolios of priority state bonds at fixed interest rates and faces considerable book losses if interest rates are still so high at the end of the year.

SE Banken, along with other commercial banks, tried to minimise the damage of the recent central bank credit squeeze by increasing lending rates well above the jump in the discount rate, but was full year, given the uncertainty of cal pressure from the government.

SKF cleared to buy Spanish associate

BY DAVID WHITE IN MADRID

SKF of Sweden yesterday received will take up the remainder of the approval from the Spanish Governsham shares for a total cost of about Ptament to take full control of the loss-2.6bn (\$14.9m).

foreign interests. Volkswagen of given it 51 per cent control. The two West Germany is close to conclud- shareholders' recently agreed on west Germany is close in concide-ing negotiations for the takeover of the transfer of INTs remaining 49 Seat, the car producer with which it. already has close ties, while Gen-eral Motors of the U.S. has been holding discussions over the public-bearings industry, after liquidating

making SKF Espanola from the state holding company Instituto Nacional de Industria (INII).

The agreement marks the first in a series of expected sales of state-largely through the conversion of controlled Spanish companies to credits into equity. This would have first in the series of expected sales of state-largely through the conversion of controlled Spanish companies to credits into equity. This would have

Consob's market powers extended

By James Buxton in Rome

CONSOB, the Italian stock exchange regulatory authority, has finally been given powers it has insisted for years were necessary for it to act as an effective watchdog of Italy's capital markets.

parliamentary bill approved late last week strengthens the authority's position in legal and proctical terms and lays down new rules for the sale of shares outside the stock market, and for the disclosure of the ownership of holdings in banks.

Approval of the law is a major victory for Sig Franco Pica, president of Consob, who took over last year. His predecessors had re-peatedly failed to summon the nec-essary political support for the mea-sure aimed at making Consob effective and, as a result, the institution has had an unhappy history since its establishment in 1974.

The new law establishes Consoli as an independent body which is no longer subordinate to the Government. It also gives it powers to control publicly quoted companies which were previously exercised by the Ministry of the Treasury.

Consob will at last be able to build up its own staff and pay them salaries equivalent to those paid by the Bank of Italy, the central bank, instead of the low pay scales set by the Italian civil service. Up to now Consob has been understaffed and interest-rate development during unable to attract high-calibre personnel.

profit totalled SKr 806m in the first shareholder who builds up a stake four months of the year against of more than 2 per cent in a bank SKr 630m in the corresponding per must tell the Bank of Italy of his identity. This long-awaited proviriod last year. The operating profit of the parent bank fell to SKr 643m from SKr 731m the year earlier.

The recent Riksbank measures all of 1982, in which Sig Roberto

The law also sets new standards for the sale of share certificates or a "door-to-door" basis outside the stock exchange. A number of investment funds were built up in this way earlier in the decade without the authorities being in a position to control them and protect the

Page 37

Time launches joint bid for Warner-Amex

By Paul Taylor in New York

AMERICAN Television and Communications (ATC), a unit of Time, the U.S. publishing and entertain-ment group, and Tele-Communica-tions (TCI), the two largest cable television operators in the nation, yesterday bid 5750m in cash for Warner-Amex . the loss-making cable television joint venture between Warner Communications and American Express.

Under terms of the joint bid. which would also involve taking on Warner-Amex's \$500m to \$550m debt, the Warner-Amex unit will be run as a separate joint venture - an apparent move to head off possible

Last year the group posted a pretax loss of \$94 m against \$150 m in the sector, sector lorry manufacturer Eoasa. its other company in the sector, tax loss of \$94 m against \$150 m in 1983, and net losses fell to \$25 m ously held only 3 per cent in its SKF Espanola has two factories from \$99 m on revenues which grew \$99 m in \$99 m on revenues which grew to \$573 m from \$438 m a year earlier.

POLITICAL OBSTACLES PREVENT DECISIVE VOTE Klöckner steel merger delayed

called to an extraordinary meeting later this summer to vote on Klöckner's planned merger of its steel business with a major competitor, Krupp Stahl.

Despite being delayed almost three months, the regular annual shareholders' meeting yesterday failed to vote on the move after it became clear major political obsta-cles were still blocking the deal. The merger would group assets worth DM 1.5bn (\$480m) including a

35 per cent participation by the Australian mining giant, CRA. Dr Herbert Gienow, Klöckner-Werke's chairman, told share-holders he hoped an extraordinary meeting could be convened some time later in the summer. He said

the government of Lower Saxony was still blocking payment of DM to the CDU earlier this month in

SHAREHOLDERS in Klöckner 75m - part of restructuring aid Werke, one of West Germany's big-promised to the group two years gest steel producers, are likely to be ago - because Klöckner planned to close the Georgsmarienhutte works in the state as part of rationalisa-

> Lower Saxony was to pay DM 25m of the aid. The remaining DM 50m was to have come from the Bonn Government which has also refused to pay until Lower Saxony agrees to fund its portion. The merger plans envisage total cuts of 2m tonnes a year in rolled

> steel capacity.
>
> Lower Saxony, run by a conse vative Christian Democrat (CDU) administration, goes to the polls next year. The federal government, also CDU-led, and Hanover have been unsettled by rising job losses

in the state. The humiliating defeat meted out

cial Democrats (SPD) has also hard-ened opposition to the closure of Georgsmarienbutte.

This opposition is unlikely to have been weakened yesterday when Dr Gienow, in answer to a shareholder's question, said it would not be possible to close the works if the merger plans collapsed and Klöckner was forced to restructure on its own. He said the group did not have the facilities to absorb Georgemarienhütte's which would be taken over by a

Krupp works. Nevertheless observers believe that, by holding out the prospect of a further shareholders' meeting this summer, Dr Gienow may feel a solution to the political problems is within his reach.

Pressure on the prospective merger partners - particularly the two heavily indebted German pro-

is now intense. Steel sales receipts are already being booked, backdated to January 1 by the partners in

the prospective new company.

Dr Gienow is particularly keen to distance Klöckner-Werke steel op-erations from the group's growing and increasingly profitable packaging machinery and plastics technol

ogy businesses. Klöckner lost DM 201m in steel making last year, although profits downstream cut overall steel losses to just below DM 150m. Overall the group broke even but only after a controversial measure in which some steel assets were sold to un-

Dr Gienow said, however, that the steel business had traded profitably for the first half of the current financial year, and he expected to make an operating profit in steel for the year as a whole.

consolidated subsidiaries.

Anti-trust setback for MCI seen as victory for AT&T

BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

MCI Communications' stock contin- than the \$250m to \$1bn award Wall ued to drop in early Wall Street trading vesterday in the wake of a Chicago jury decision to slash an earlier anti-trust damages award against American Telephone and Telegraph (AT&T) and the Bell telephone operating companies.

The jury decision, which reduced a \$600m award made in 1980 to \$37.8m, was seen on Wall Street as a serious legal setback for the Washington-based cut-price longdistance telephone group in its 11year court battle to win damages from AT&T in a long-running anti-

Under U.S. law any final damages award will be trebled, but nevertheless the jury decision falls short of the \$5.8bn MCI had sought in compensation for estimated lost profits and was significantly lower gained 87.5 cents to \$24.125 on Tues-

Street analysts had expected. Yesterday several analysts de-The MCI group brought its civil suit against AT&T and the Bell opscribed the award as "a clear victo-

ry for AT&T" although they also noted the decision was unlikely to have any major adverse long-term impact on MCl. The company has more than Sibn in cash and marketable securities, it is rapidly expanding its telephone network and it is emerging as the chief challenger to AT&T in the

highly competitive U.S. long-distance market. Nevertheless MCI's shares fell an extra 50 cents yesterday in early trading having closed \$1.75 down at \$8.125 on Tuesday in the wake of

the Chicago verdict

day but lost some of its gains in early trading yesterday.

erating companies in March 1974 alleging the U.S. telephone giant used monopoly practices between 1972 and 1974 to try and put the Washington group out of business. In an initial verdict in 1980 a jury found the defendants guilty of a number of anti-trust law violations and awarded MCI the \$600m in compensation - an award which

the treble-penalty provision. However, in 1983 AT&T success fully challenged the level of the

would have risen to \$1.8bn under

award on appeal MCI expressed "disappointment" about the level of the latest award shareholders block merger

Borregaard

By Fay Gjester in Oslo

AN AMBITIOUS plan for a merger of two leading Norwegian companies - Kosmos and Borregaard appeared yesterday to have been thwarted by three of Borregaard's

The three - Orkla Industrier, the Bergesen shipping company, and a property group - said they had turned down offers from Kosmos for their holdings in Borregaard. Kosmos had bid for these stakes plus those held by two other companies - in the hope of securing support for its merger scheme.

Trading in the shares of both Borregaard and Kosmos remained suspended on the Osio Stock Exchange yesterday. The merger plan became known in the market on Tuesday. A stock exchange official said the suspension might continue today

INTERNATIONAL BANKERS INCORPORATED

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Extract from the Audited Accounts

for Twelve Months Ended 31 December 1984

BALANCE SHEET / expressed in million U\$ \$)	1984	1983
Deposits with banks	97.8	192 1
Loans and advances		
secured _	182.9	62.8
unsecured	125.9	30.7
	308.4	93 5
Total Assets	428.7	288 5
Bank Deposits	218.9	136 5
Customers deposits	113.6	88 1
Subordinated loan	40.0	200
Share capital	40.0	40.0
Reserves and provisions	11.4	1.8
INCOME STATEMENT - 2+ tressed in million US 5 -		
Net Operating income	13.6	4 1
Operating expenses	3.5	1.7
Pre-tax profit	10.1	2.4

Results for 1983 cover the period from commencement of business 3rd May 1983 to 31st December 1983 The incorporation date was the 15th March

Reserves and Provisions include specific and general reserves in accordance with Luxembourg statutory and fiscal regulations This report does not purport to be the Luxembourg statutory financial statements of the bank, estab-

lished in accordance with the regulations of the Luxembourg regulatory authorities, which have been published in the Official Gazette ("Memorial") in Luxembourg.

Auditors - Peat Marwick Mitchell & Co, 23 rue

Beaumont, L-1219 Luxembourg. Tel: 472271 Copies of Complete financial statements and

annual report can be obtained on application to the operations manager in Luxembourg.

INTERNATIONAL BANKERS INCORPORATED S.A.

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Chairman of the Board Paul J. Monnory Advisor to the Chairman and General Counsel Aymar Durant de Saint-André Executive Director Alain Field Executive Director



2705 Alexandra House, 27th Floor Chater Road, Central, Hong Kong Telephone 261144 Telex 62878 Ibi al hx

Executive Management

Louis C. Louvet Managing Director

Qantas taps Euromarket for \$140m

yesterday, but syndicate managers are confident of bringing fresh bond issues soon. Inventories of newly issued paper have been run down, leaving space on traders' books for more new deals.

BHF Bank bond average Previous 102.554 High 102,850 Low 99.840

be a flood of other borrowers hop-ing to achieve similar terms. The NIB deal was trading within the 1% price fell yesterday from the mid-per cent fees at a discount of 90s to around 85 as it was handed elected to the

backed by a surety bond from Aetna Casualty. The bonds have a fiveyear life and a 10% per cent coupon.

Issue price is par.

Eurodollar fixed-rate bonds

11% per cent issue priced at par.

Then City of Winnipeg launched a
C\$50m deal with a five-year maturity and a 10% per cent coupon at par.

The Genstar bonds were trading

around 1% per cent to issue price.

Late in the day Morgan Stanley launched a \$125m issue for Olympia Euro-Canadian bond market yester-The deal, led by Morgan Stanley, & York, the Toronto property group day, launching two issues. First has a seven-year life with a 10% per cent coupon and 99% issue price. It stake in Gulf Canada. The issue is raised CS75m through a 10-year,

slipped by % to % point yesterday just within their 2% per cent fees, with trading quieter than on Tueslate to trade actively.

looked for the final six years of its ment in New York on Tuesday and In the Swiss tranc foreign bond

> Mr Ove Brandstrup-Andersen of Copenhagen Handelsbank was elected to the board of the Association of International Bond Dealers at the association's Helsinki mee

of 1984 results, lower passenger vol-umes later in the year are likely to

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

BY MAGGIE URRY IN LONDON INVESTORS in the Eurodollar bond market began taking profits

Qantas Airways made its debut in the Euromarkets yesterday with a \$140m 10-year issue led by Banque Paribas. The bonds, which are guaranteed by Australia, and thus have a top quality credit rat-ing, have a 10% per cent coupon and 100% issue price. The proceeds are

The issue traded comfortably within its 2 per cent fees, with strong demand from Swiss inves-

tors.
A \$100m issue from Nordic Investment Bank was reported to be selling well, with good demand seen from the Middle East although Salomon Brothers, supposedly boycot-ted by Arab investors, is in the syn-

is partly-paid with \$17% due in July 1985 and the other \$82 on July 2 1986 - meaning that investors get interest on their initial investment. only for the first year, a feature thought unattractive by some trad-

However, the borrower is able to two drop-lock deals done. The terms arrange an attractive swap into floating rate funds – suggested by some to get funds at % point below. London interbank offered rate (Ligary and the case there could be said that is the case there could be said that is the case there could be said to the case there could be said that is the case there could be said to the case there can be said to the case there could be said to the case there can be said t bor). If that is the case there could or less, as it did yesterday. As a re- with equity warrants, which was

Floating rate note traders

life at 9 per cent. The bonds were is- prices, gained % to % point. sued in 1979 and were one of only

Continental European bond mar watched the drop-lock issue of VO Rower, the Finnish group, drop sharply as the interest rate was

> market prices were little changed. Trading for the first time were American Medical's dual currency issue, which closed at 59% - equiva lent to 101 - and Minebea's issue

> > International Bond Service.

Share Capital

Deposits

Total Assets

The

Sanwa

Bank

Limited

The

Mitsui

Bank

Limited

An International Consortium Bank (Shareholders' aggregate assets well exceeding U.S.\$310 billion)
Associated Japanese Bank (International) Limited

29-30 Comhill, London EC3V 3QA Tel: 01-623 5661. Telex: 883661

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Loans

Retained Profit

Subordinated Loans

Profit before Taxation

Profit after Taxation

(£ equivalent)

Associated Japanese Bank

(International)Limited

Extract from Audited Accounts

28th Feb. 1985

649,796

500,826

715,464

4,012

2,610

The

Dai-Ichi Kangyo

Bank

Limited

29th Feb. 1984

14,800

542,977

381,931

595,844

The

Nomura

Securities

Co.Ltd.

3,302

2.598

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

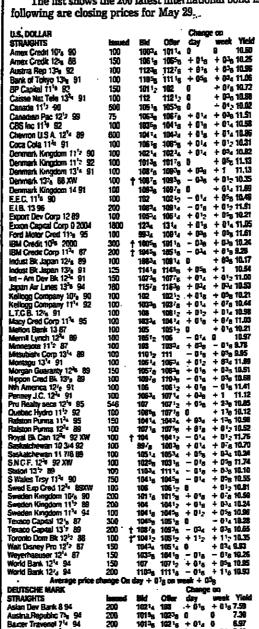
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+ 9% 11.27

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international bond issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. The

Others Strandards
Bell Canada 12'4 97 CS
British Columbia 12 90 CS
Can Nat Rad 12'4 95 CS
Chryster Cred 12'a 92 CS
Desjarding 12'4 90 CS
LID 400 C CS



Finland Republic 7 92 Gould Int Fin 7% 91

Ireland 8° 92
Japan Fin Corp 7° 91
Metaubash Huy 3° 2 89/WW
Metaubash Huy 3° 2 89/WW
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Metaubash Met 3° 89/WW
Metaubash Met 3° 89/WW
Metaubash Met 3° 89/WW
D.K.B. 7° 2 88
Person OS Fin 7° 94
Resonant 3° 94

Reynolds O/S Fin 7³c 94 Societe Cent Nuclear 8 91 Sth Alma Rep 8¹2 91

SWISS FRANC STRAIGHTS Aincan Dev Bix 6¹4 94 Asian Dev Bixix 6¹5 96 Avon Cap Corp 5¹5 94 Brit land Comp 6¹7: 99 Council of Europe 6 92 Conditionals 5¹7: 94

Creditanstalt 5 94 Deutsche Bk Fin 5%, 95

ELB. 5% \$4
ELR. 5% \$4
Eurosima 5 97
Eurosima 5 4 96
Export Dev Corp 5 9 92
First Boston Inc 5 4 94
Gen Occidentale 4 2 94

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014	+ 012	10.31	Chrysler Cred 12% 52CS Despardins 1212 90 CS
014	+ 034	10.82	ELB 1295 CS
• •	+ 052		New Brunswick 11's \$500
129			Continues to 10th 03 PCI
03		10.35	World BK 10's 89 ECU
- •	+ 61.		World Ex 10°s 50° CUU
014	+ 058	10.46	Eurofuna 7'2 ED 13
	+ 012	11.51	Philes Lamps 7: 90 FL
012	+ 05	10.21	Rank, Xeros 8 90 FL Van Lanschot 7 2 50FL
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138	+ 05		World Bank 7: 90 FL
04	+ D3		Charbonnages la e 2011
04	+ 818	9.28	American Brands 12 95 E
•	+ 636		Amer Fyreness 11 9 92 E
N5.	+1	10.54	Australia Comm 11 92 £
05g 014	+ 612		Bb Catcal 10,1 85 2
m2.	+ 1634	10.53	Australia Commi 11 92 £ BP Caccal 10's 92 £ ELB 11's 92 £
N1.	+ 0%	10.21	Ingo 12* 93 C
01.	+ 076	10.44	Moderalds 10'e 90 £
D15	+ 078 + 014 + 076	10.58	Norsk Hydro 11% 91 C
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•	+ 018	10.21	Rask kerox 11 92 5
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012	+ 634	11.69	Tishouse Forte 11 922 World Bark 11: 955 ECSC 10: 94.F
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Ma	+ 638	10.68	Nation Alum 10 : 92 LF
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94	+ 1	11.12	
950	+ 2-6	10.60	FLOATING RATE
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81.	+ 246 + 136 + 612 + 612 + 618 + 636 + 636	10.70	Early Test 5 2000
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010	+ 05	11.74	Eardays O'S in 5 2304
O.O	+ 638	10.10	EECE SCOOL
014	+ 058	10.55	BFCE 5 4 99 BNP 5 4 95 (July)
• •	+ 812	10.81	CCF. 5'= 97
01a	+ 07a	10.58	Chase Man in 5 4 2008
618	+ 034	10.24	Common Ord E. Californ
012	+ 0%	10.96	Credit Lycoreus 5" 56
	- 014		Dresoner Fin 5 4 89
ᅄ	+ 0%	10.65	Credit Lyonrais 5' 46 Dresdner Fin 5' 89 Ireland 5' 97
112	+ 112	10.35	Jre427-0 5" 99
	+ 034	9.53	taly, Republic 5 94 Lloyds Euro 5 2004
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01s	_+ 1¹a	10.53	Nat West - Perp 5 89
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7.	MAGE	THENG	Societie Gen 5" 35
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	0 014 014	6.97 7.42 6.75	Toyo 5'4 99
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FLOATING RATE					
NOTES	Spre	ed Sid	Offer	Code	Ĉф
BBL lnc 5 99	Č,	1903 _m	1005	t#10	
BankAmerica O'S 5'4 95	Ę.,	160%	1003	225	8.81
Barris of Montreal 5 35	₽,4			29/7	834
Bankers Trust 5 2000	č	9972	100	11/6	9.81
Bankers Trust 5 * 96	ě'n		1003		931
Eardays O'S im 5 2304	C.	190%		449	1014
BFCE 5 99				13/9	10.86
BNP.5' 95(Jahr)	9,7	100	1801		918
อกค.อา =ว(<i>เมล</i>) CCF.5'= 97			29 a		
UC P. 5 * 9/	3. G	995g			107 _B
Chase Man in 5 4 2003	0.1	9978		5/6	9.69
Catoon D.S.S. See See		180		19/12	11.19
Credit Lycoreus 5' 56	5,0			11/19	9.69
Dresoner Fin 5 4 89	Ð	100		2525	33 ₈
reland 5 97	Q			25/10	S.89
Ireland 5'4 99	e.	19012			10
talv. Republic 5 94	G-	99.7 ₈ .	10616		9.94
Lloyds Euro 5 2004	€,4			18/10	9 lg
Ladand Int Fin 5 99	0.	1003 ₈			10.44
Nat West - Perp 5 89	Ç-e	19678	191 %	13/5	1636
Queensland Coal 5 - 95	G ⁷ 4	18012	100%	95	10.06
Roy Bi Scot 5" 2005 C	Ð	9914	9912	25	514
Societe Gen 5 ¹ 4 95	G	† 1863 _c	181	12/10	912
Sweden Perp 514 85	0'4	200 1 ₆	1003 ₈	9/7	8.44
Toka: 5'* 99	8'0	1093			9.94
Toyo 5 ¹ 4 99	0,0	1601			9.81
	rice cha	oge On day			
YMVEDTIDI E	~				~_
CONVERTIBLE	Cry.	Cav.			Chg.
BONDS	date	Cav.	Bid	Offer	day
BONDS Fundrato 3 99	date 4:84	Cav. price 1053 64	Bid 947a	Offer 957 ₈	day + 2
BONDS Symoreoto 3 99 Sanuc 3 ³⁴ 98	date 4:84 1/84	Cov. price 1853 64 7032-3	Bd 947a 155%	Offer 9574 15758	day + 2 - 014
SONDS Funorecto 3 99 Fanuc 3 ³ 4 98 Fundsu 3 99	date 4:84 1/84 5/84	Cav. price 1053 64 7032-3 1320.9	Bid 947a 1567a 867a	Offer 957 ₆ 157 ² 8 873 ₈	day + 2 - 01 ₄ - 03 ₈
SONDS Funoreoto 3 99 Fanuc 3 4 98 Fujdsu 3 99 Kurtagar Gurai 3 7 2020	date 484 1/84 5/84 3/85	Cov. price 1053 64 70323 1320.9 600	Bid 947a 1567a 867a 1017a	Offer 9574 15758 8736 10218	day + 2 - 014 - 038 + 014
80NDS Sinus 3° 98 Sinus 3° 98 Kurtagar Gumi 3° 2000 Karua 3° 99	date 4:84 1/84 5/84 3:85 7:84	Cav. price 1853 64 7032-3 1329.9 600 1162	Bid 947a 155% 863a 1017a 9214	OSer 9574 15758 8735 10218 9314	day + 2 - 01 ₆ - 03 ₆ + 01 ₄ - 01 ₄
90NDS 399 34 UL 3 ³ 98 54850 3 99 Curtagar Gumi 3 ³ 2000 Maruh 3 ³ 99 Madadhathi Elec 2 ⁴ 00	date 484 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85	Cav. price 1853 64 7032-3 1320-9 600 1162 422	847a 947a 1567a 867a 1017a 9214	Offer 9578 15758 8735 10218 9314 8134	day + 2 - 01 ₄ - 03 ₈ + 01 ₄ - 01 ₅
80NDS Sunoracio 3 99 Sunoracio 3 99 Sunoracio 3 99 Kuntagar Gumi 3 7 2000 Karun 3 7 99 Marun 3 8 90 00 Marata 3 8 99	484 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84	Cav. price 1653 64 7032-3 1320.9 600 1162 422 2351.2	847a 947a 1557a 867a 1017a 9074 1097a	OSer 9578 15758 8738 10218 9314 8134 11012	day + 2 - 014 - 038 + 014 - 014 - 058 - 018
SONDS S-I-morroto 3 99 S-Inuc 3 ³ 98 S-Inuc 3 ³ 98 S-Inuc 3 ³ 98 Kuntagas Gumi 3 ³ 2000 Krauhatis 3 ² 99 Krauhatis 3 ² 99 Suratis 3 ² 2000	date 484 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84 7/84	Cav. price 1653 64 7032.3 1320.9 600 1162 422 2351.2 2388	847a 947a 1557a 367a 1017a 967a 1097a 1097a	Offer 9576 15758 8738 10218 9314 8134 11012	day + 2 - 01 ₄ - 03 ₈ + 01 ₄ - 05 ₆ - 01 ₈
SONDS Signoracio 3 99 Signoraci 3 99 Signoraci 3 99 Kornagor Gumai 3 7 2000 Korna 3 7 99 Korabashi Elec 2 1/4 00 Kurata 3 7 2000 Koppon Elec 2 1/4 2000	date 484 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84 7/84 1/85	Cav. price 1653 64 7032.3 1320.9 600 1162 422 2351.2 2388 1385	Bid 9478 15576 8676 9274 9674 16972 10674 8278	09er 957g 1575g 873g 1121g 9314 9134 11012 10234 8378	day + 2 - 01 _e - 03 ₈ + 01 ₄ - 01 ₈ - 01 ₈ - 01 ₈ - 11 ₆
SONDS SINDS SI	date 484 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84 7/84 1/85 5/85	Cav. price 1653 64 7632.3 1320.9 600 1162 422 2351.2 2398 1395 923	81d 947a 1567a 867a 9074 1097a 1097a 8278 951a	05er 957a 1575a 873a 1021a 931a 11012 1023a 857a 857a	day + 2 - 01 ₄ - 03 ₈ + 01 ₄ - 01 ₈ - 01 ₈ - 11 ₈ - 83 ₈
SONDS SUPPOSITION	584 584 385 784 385 284 784 185 585 384	Cav. price 1853 64 7632-3 1320-9 600 1162 422 2351-2 2388 1285 923 1052	867 947a 1567a 867a 1017a 9674 1697a 1067a 827a 957a 857a	05er 957a 1575a 873a 1021a 911a 11012 1007a 8578 9816	### ##################################
SONDS SIGNODS SIGNO	5/84 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84 1/85 5/85 3/84 10/84	Cav. price 1053 64 7032.3 1320.9 600 1162 422 2351.2 2398 1395 923 1052 885	81d 947a 1567a 867a 1017a 9674 1097a 1097a 827a 957a 857a 857a	05er 957a 1575a 873a 1021a 931a 11012 1023a 857a 857a	day + 2 - 014 - 038 + 014 - 015 - 016 - 016 - 059
SONDS SO	5/84 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84 1/85 5/85 3/84 10/84 6/83	Cov. price 1053 64 70323 64 1320 9 600 1162 422 2351.2 2358 1295 923 1052 825 2560	847a 947a 1557a 2017a 9074 10674 957a 857a 957a	Offer 9574 15758 8736 10218 9374 110134 8376 9366 9669 10059	### ##################################
SONDS SUPPLY SU	5/84 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84 1/85 5/85 3/84 10/84	Cov. price 1053 64 70323 64 1320 9 600 1162 422 2351.2 2358 1295 923 1052 825 2560	81d 947a 1567a 867a 1017a 9674 1097a 1097a 827a 957a 857a 857a	Offer 9574 15758 8736 10218 9374 110134 8376 9366 9669 10059	day + 2 - 014 - 038 + 014 - 015 - 016 - 016 - 059
SONDS -(Information 3 99	484 184 584 385 7:84 385 284 7:84 1085 585 588 688 588 588	Cav. price 1653 64 76324 76324 76324 76324 76324 7632 7632 7632 7632 7632 7632 7632 7632	847a 947a 1557a 2017a 9074 10674 957a 857a 957a	Offer 9574 15758 8736 10218 9374 110134 8376 9366 9669 10059	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
GONDS GO	484 1/84 5/84 3/85 7/84 3/85 2/84 1/85 5/85 5/85 6/84	Cav. price 1853 64 76323 13209 800 1162 422 2351.2 2395 923 1052 865 2680 512 855 2680 512 855 855	81d 947a 1.567a 1.567a 1011a 9214 9674 1067a 857a 957a 1067a 1067a 1067a	Offer 9574 15758 8736 16274 8374 8575 865 8659 16059 160754 160754 160754	day + 2 - 01 ₄ + 01 ₄ - 05 ₆ - 01 ₈ - 01 ₈ - 05 ₆ - 11 ₈ - 05 ₆ + 25 ₆ + 25 ₆
CONDS CHOROCO 3 99 FINANC 3 ³⁴ 98 FINANC 3 ³⁴ 99 FINANC 3 ³⁴ 2000	484 184 584 385 7:84 385 284 7:84 1085 585 588 688 588 588	Cav. price 1853 64 76323 13209 800 1162 422 2351.2 2395 923 1052 865 2680 512 855 2680 512 855 855	81d 947a 1.567a 1.567a 1011a 9214 9674 1067a 857a 957a 1067a 1067a 1067a	Offer 9574 15758 8736 16274 8374 8575 865 8659 16059 160754 160754 160754	day + 214 - 038 + 014 - 056 - 018 - 059 - 059 0 + 259 + 259 + 258
GONDS GO	484 184 584 385 7:84 385 284 7:84 1085 585 588 684 585 584	Cav. price 1853 64 76323 13209 6509 1162 422 2351.2 2398 1295 923 1052 6512 4578 583 1078	84d 947a 1553a 863a 1013a 127a 853a 853a 853a 993a 1063a 946a 946a 946a	Officer 9574 15774 15774 15774 15774 15774 15774 15774 15774 15776	day + 214 - 038 + 014 - 056 - 018 - 059 0 + 259 + 258 + 278
CONDS CHOROCO 3 99 FINANC 3 ³⁴ 98 FINANC 3 ³⁴ 99 FINANC 3 ³⁴ 2000	484 484 184 585 385 784 784 1683 683 684 588 385	Cav. price 1853 64 70923 13209 600 1162 422 2381 2 2385 923 1052 555 555 555 7665 7665 7665 7665 7665	81d 947a 1.567a 1.567a 1011a 9214 9674 1067a 857a 957a 1067a 1067a 1067a	Offer 9574 9574 8738 10212 9314 11012 10234 8378 9618 9619 9619 9619 9619 9619	day 2 14 - 03 -
GNDS GNNDS G	484 484 184 585 385 784 185 585 484 1883 684 588 588 588 588 588 588 588 588 588 5	Cav. price 1853 64 70323 13209 600 1162 2351.2 2398 1295 923 1052 4578 598 1078 7683 7772	84 a 155 a 1	Offer 5574 15736 15736 15736 15736 15736 15736 15736 15756 1	day + 214 + 214
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GONDS GO	484 1984 585 7:84 385 7:84 185 584 188 588 588 488 488 488 384 488 384	Cav. prices 1853 64 78223 13209 600 1162 422 2351.2 2351.2 2555 923 1078 7680 1078 7680 1078 7680 1078 7680 1078 7680 1078 7680 1078 7680 1078 7680 1078 768	Bid 1551-6 1551-	Offer 9576 8736 8736 8736 9374 9174 9376 9376 9376 9376 9376 9376 9376 9376	day + 038 + 0038 + 0058 - 058 - 058 - 058 - 058 - 058 + 058 + 058 + 058 - 058
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- Change on day. Cov. data — First date for conversion into shares. Cov. Naminal associat of bond per share convexed in representations. or commission numbers as commission of share at commission of the current effe

Three companies in joint offer for SME

BY JAMES BUXTON IN ROME

THE SALE of SME, the food processing subsidiary of the IRI the Italian state industrial holding company, became further confused yestween IRI and Buitoni, the private sector foods group.

facturers, and Fininvest, the compa-

There was an angry reaction from Sig Carlo de Benedetti, chairman of Buitoni, who is also chairman of Olivetti:

Sig de Benedetti agreed to buy 64 interest in buying SME before the per cent of SME (Societa Meridionale Finanziaria) for IA970n no response.

(\$250m\$) at the end of April. The deal was easily the higgest privational sation carried out in Italy, and was a signed. Through I sation when the original sation carried out in Italy, and was signed. approved by the IRI and Buitoni

But the sale led to a dispute between the Christian Democrats and Socialists in the coalition Govern-

ment of Sig Bettino Craxi.

SME could be sold, but asked IRI before selling to Buitoni to consider a second offer for the company put forward late last week by Professor terday when three companies put in Italo Scalera, a leading lawyer, on a joint offer for SME on terms supe- behalf of companies which he did rior to those already agreed be not name. That offer was for **1.55⊕**bn.

IRI waited in vain for details of The offer came from Ferrero and Prof Scalera's offer, which yester-Barilla, which are both food manu- day was withdrawn. In the meantime it received the offer from Ferny whose interests are primarily in TV and property, and which is controlled by Sig Silvio Berlusconi.

Barilla and Fininvest, which is rero, Barilla and Fininvest, which is worth L600hm, though with slightly less favourable payment terms than less favourable payment terms than that agreed with Buitoni

Sig Pompeo Locatelli, repre-senting the consortium, claimed that the companies had expressed

agreement was signed, "though I ing part in one."

IRI yesterday issued a strong statement denying that it had received any expression of interest On Monday an inter-ministerial from the three companies for the committee agreed in principal that outright purchase of SME.

TWA seeks buyer to counter Icahn bid

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

TRANS World Airlines (TWA), the fifth higgest U.S. airline, has put itself up for sale in a bid to avoid be-washington. self up for sale in a bid to avoid being taken over by Mr Carl Icahn. the New York financier, who earlier this month launched a hostile \$18 per share bid for the company.

However, if no better offer is made within the next two months and Mr Icahn can prove he has the financing and the blessing of the U.S. Department of Transportation, TWA will submit his offer to its

A U.S. district court on Tuesday rejected an attempt by TWA to block Mr Icahn's \$500m bid on the grounds that he had violated U.S.

TWA, spun off from its parent, Trans World Corporation, in February 1984, has been regarded as a takeover target because of its poor

profitability and the cyclical nature The airline, which returned to the black last year after five years of losses, believes that if Mr Icahn is successful he will force it to abandon many of its routes and the communities it serves and will leverage

and lead to extensive staff cuts. TWA's board indicated that it was securities laws. Ever since Mr open to offers and would submit the Icahn began his battle for control of best proposal it receives in the next TWA, the company has been trying 60 days to its shareholders.

the company so heavily with debt that it would jeopardise its viability

Lower taxes boost **Bank of Montreal**

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

BANK of Montreal's net income for Bank of Montreal said these two the three months to April 30, rose factors had depressed its return on 10.3 per cent to C\$78m (\$57m) or 85 assets by 0.13 percentage points.
cents a share, against C\$70.7m or 81 Loan loss provisions have risen because of lower rates.

Pre-tax income was significantly lower, however, dropping from fourth largest banking group, lifted net income to C\$92.5m.

Bank of Montreal is Canada's sec- share in the three months to April ond largest bank, with assets of 30. A year earlier income was CS79.9m at the end of April. The C\$60.7m or 42 cents a share. bank acquired Harris Bankcorp of Chicago last September.

turn on assets to the inclusion of sult of a sharp decline in returns on Harris's results and bad debt provi-international assets from 0.7 per sions substantially higher than accent in the first quarter to 0.59 per tual loan losses.

C\$103.4m in the second quarter. Bank of Nova Scotia, Canada's

However, second-quarter earnings were 11 per cent below the pre-The bank ascribed the lower revious three months, largely as a re-

net income to C\$66.6m or 43 cents a

Storer Communications battle goes to court

BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

largest U.S. cable television group, of those votes would result in the appears to be deadlocked again, election of six incumbent directors."

Stores socking to the sides of the sides of

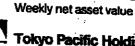
which is seeking to liquidate the an action which brought a counter-television group claimed an inde an action which brought a counter-television group claimed an inde suit from the shareholder group. four of their nominees, together The committee representing the with five incumbent directors, had dissident shareholders claimed that been elected to the nine-member the court action represented just Storer board. It claimed the vote one more attempt" by Storer's man-

THE BITTER battle for control of "erroneously tabulated" -500,000 Storer Communications, the fifth voted and that "a proper tabulation

with both sides in a proxy battle claiming partial victory and the vote itself challenged in court.

A dissident shareholder group which is seeking to liquidate the television group element of the vote results—an artion which heavily.

was "a clear endorsement" of its li-quidation proposal. agement, which has proposed a \$1.64bn leveraged buyout organised Storer's management also by Kohlberg, Kravis, Roberts, to claimed victory, however, and "disenfranchise Storer sharehol-charged that the vote inspectors ders."



Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V. en 27th May 1985 U.S.\$94.93

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Amsterd

VONTOBEL EUROBONDINDIZES

WEIGHTED AVERAGE YIELDS PER 28 MAY 1985

The undersigned was appointed exclusive Placement Agent for these Notes. Shearson Lehman Brothers Inc.

Record Kesults

☐ AMEV again showed strong growth with a 24% increase in net profit to Dfl 258.8m. The figure before tax and provisions was Dfl 378.2m (1983: Dfl 282.8m). Higher profits were reported from all sides

of the business – life assurance, general insurance and financial activities. ☐ Total income rose substantially from Dfl 4,955m in 1983 to Dfl 5,776m. The USA accounted for 38% compared with 44% from the Netherlands, 14% from other European

countries and 4% from Australasia. ☐ Shareholders receive a final dividend of Dfl 6.60, making a total for the year of Dfl 9.40. This compares with last year's total of Dfl 8.

AMEV strengthened its position in the USA by acquiring from the St Paul Group of Minnesota its life assurance and mutual fund subsidiaries. AMEV has recently established a company in Hong Kong to develop its

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account (millions of guilders)

1983 Life assurance 217.7 171.5 Non-life insurance 131.5 86.8 Other activities 29.0 24.5 Profit before taxation 378.2 282.8 and provisions 258.8 Net profit 208.6

Five Year Record (millions of guilders)								
	Sums Assured	Assets	Net Profit					
1980	67,541	12,310.2	138.6					
1981	75,807	13,596.7	163.6					
1982	83,317	14,935.9	178. 4					
1983	99,795	17,072.4	208.6					
1984	150,614	21,255.2	258.8					
Assets	have increased over	the 5-year period a	at a compound					

ducted by two closely integrated companies; Gresham Life Assurance Society, which is well established in traditional life assurance and pensions business, and Gresham Unit Assurance, which specialises in the unit-linked field.

USA.

formed to market a range of unit trusts. Copies of the 1984 Annual Report can be obtained from: AMEV Limited. 2-6 Prince of Wales Road, Bournemouth BH4 9HD. Telephone: 0202 760297

AMEV Worldwide

exceed Dfl 21 bn.

AMEV in the UK

financial services group based in the

Netherlands; its shares are quoted on the

Eire, France, Spain, the United Kingdom,

AMEV is an international insurance and

Amsterdam Stock Exchange. Total assets now

Countries outside the Netherlands in

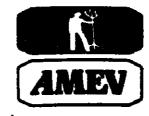
Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong and the

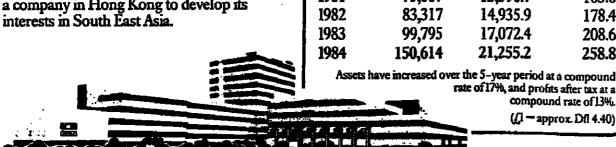
AMEV's operations in the UK are con-

A new Gresham company has recently been

which AMEV operates are Belgium, Denmark,

N.V. AMEV Utrecht The Netherlands





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ines Thursday May May May

NOTICE OF MANDATORY REDEMPTION

National Westminster Bank PLC

US \$50,000,000 9% Capital Bonds 1986

In accordance with condition 7 (i) and (ii) of the bonds, the redemption installment of \$7,000,000 principal amount of bonds due July 1, 1985 has been met by purchases in the open market of \$1,046,000 and by a drawing by lot of \$5,954,000.

The serial numbers of bonds drawn by lot for redemption on July 1, 1985, are as follows:

On July 1, 1985 the principal amount of bonds drawn for redemption together with accrued interest thereon to said date will be paid against presentation of the bonds at the offices of: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., New York, New York; London, England; Luxembourg, Luxembourg; and Paris, France; Banque de Commerce S.A., Brussels, Belgium; Nederlandse Credietbank N.V., Amsterdam, Holland; Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale. Dusseldorf, Federal German Republic; and HandelsBank N.W., Zurich, Switzerland.

Interest on bonds drawn for redemption will cease to accrue on and after July 1, 1985 and such bonds must be presented for payment together with the July 1, 1986 coupon appertaining thereto, failing which the face value of any missing unmatured coupon will be deducted from the principal sum to be repaid.

The July 1, 1985 coupon should be detached and presented for payment in the usual manner. After this redemption the balance of bonds remaining outstanding will be \$8,000,000.

> The following bonds drawn for redemption on July 1, 1984 in the aggregate principal amount of \$34,000 have not been presented for payment. 28 30 31 48 105 287 1360 1361 3224 17432 41144 41152 41157 41159 41161 41552 41584 41590 41591 41596 41600 41603 41734 41736 41760 41763 41859 41866 41869 42531 43576 43589 48860

THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A. Principal Paying Agent

Dated: May 30, 1985



Issue of up to

£200,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 2005

of which £100,000,000 has been issued as the **Initial Tranche**

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. Bank of Tokyo International Limited Baring Brothers & Co., Limited **Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Morgan Stanley International Orion Royal Bank Limited Sanwa International Limited Williams & Glyn's Bank plc

Charterhouse Japhet plc Banque Nationale de Paris Crédit Commercial de France Kidder, Peabody International Limited Mitsubishi Finance International Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited Nomura International Limited The Royal Bank of Scotland plc J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

INTL: COMPANIES & FINANCE

Nissan lifts pre-tax profits 22.6%

In its unconsolidated figures released yesterday, the group reported sales up 4.6 per cent to Y3,618bn (\$14.4bn) in the a 54 per cent increase in Nissan's tax bill for the year. The company said yesterday that profits had been held back somewhat in the year because of continued spending on re-search and development and

Earnings per share were down to Y34.8, compared with Y36.6 in 1983-4.

of Nissan's cars Sales increased by only 3 per cent in the year, with exports offsetting a domestic decline in sales. year, with pre-tax profits at a domestic decline in sales.
Y148.2bn against Y120.9bn. Net Exports overall were up by 7.6 income was up only 5.3 per cent to Y74.3bn, largely because a 54 per cent increase in to the UK declined by nearly 21 to the UK decli per cent, with shipments to Europe in total down. Exports to China, however, jumped to 42,300 units, a 25-fold increase over the previous year.

of small trucks at the com-pany's new U.S. plant had reached 10,000 a month.

new passenger car, Centra, will soon be at 5,000 per month in the U.S. "Exports can create trade friction," said Mr Tana-hashi. "Our world strategy is not to create excess friction. So we are setting up local factories around the world."

Nissan's domestic market share slipped last year to 26.8 per cent from 27.8 per cent in Nissan executives emphasised

NISSAN, the world's fourth largest car maker, achieved a some Y140bn, or about 4 growth on its overseas manufacturing facilities. According to turing facilities. Mr Kazuo Tanahashi, a Nissan Taiwan's Economic Ministry has nanaging director, production approved an application by small trucks at the company's new U.S. plant had you Loong Motor for about the production of the group's Yue Loong shares listed on the group's years listed on the group's years and years listed on the group's years listed on the

Taipei Stock Exchange. Yue Loong, Talwan's largest car maker with annual production of about 60,000 units, has co-operated with Nissan for the past 25 years, producing carry for sale in Taiwan. The com-pany said Nissan's capital invest. ment would enable it to increa production by at least 20 per

Heavy exchange losses hit result at CSR

BY LACHLAN DRUMMOND IN SYDNEY

CSR, THE Australian resources and building products group, achieved steady net earnings of A\$92.2m (US\$61.1m) for its year to March, but was hard hit below the line by extraordinary losses from foreign exchange

Losses on repayment of debt and unrealised exchange losses totalled a net A\$145m as a result of a sharp dive in the value of the Australian dollar this year, which with a further A\$10m of extraordinary losses, left its attributable result A\$63.2m in deficit.

The company also confirmed yesterday that a number of parties were looking at taking a stake in its Delhi Oil and Gas operations, although likely serious negotiations are some months off. No likely sale price was given, but suggestions that was given, but suggestions that Delhi was worth A\$1.2bn have

been dismissed as too low.

Delhi is held off the CSR balance sheet, and the latest CSR result excludes any accounting for the A\$385m of exchange losses built up on U.S. dollar borrowings incurred to purchase the company and fund

already planned by CSR, which would see it pre-pay part of the US\$900m of debt and bring the remainder on to its balance eet. It would also bring the bigger than expected Delhi income stream into the CSR profit and loss statement.

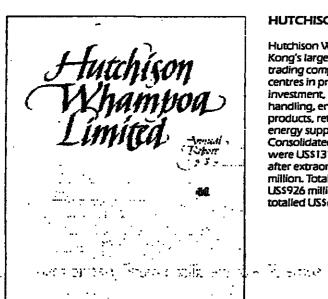
CSR has also written down trailian dollar. by A\$102m the value of its loss-making South Blackwater coal last year is unine, although other upward cents a share.

the year with a net contribu-tion down from A\$11.9m to A\$6.2m, a result which is expected to be sharply higher

For the current year CSR will begin to feel positive effects from U.S. dollar-based sales following the decline in the Australian dollar.

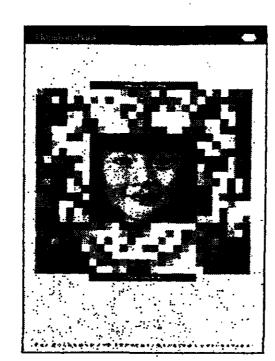
The dividend total for the last year is unchanged at 18

INVEST in HONG KONG



HUTCHISON WHAMPOA LIMITED

Hutchison Whampoa is one of Hong Kong's largest and most profitable trading companies with major profit centres in property development and investment, China trade, container handling, engineering, consumer products, retailing, quarrying and energy supply and technology. Consolidated profits after tax for 1984 were US\$131 million with total profits after extraordinary items of US\$165 million. Total assets at year end were US\$926 million and shareholders' funds totalled US\$650 million.



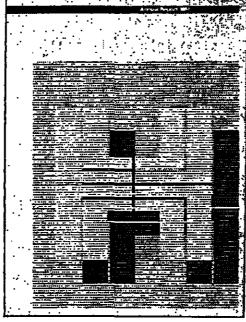
THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

The HongkongBank Group provides banking services and international trade financing through a network of more than 1,100 offices in 55 countries. its areas of particular strength are in Asia, the Middle East and the Americas. The principal banking subsidiaries within the Group are Marine Midland Bank, Hongkong Bank of Canada, The British Bank of the Middle East, Hang Seng Bank Ltd, Wardley Ltd and Wardley London Ltd. The Group's other interests include international brokerage, insurance, shipping, an international airline and a newspaper. Attributable Group profit for 1984 was £285 million, and total consolidated assets of the Group now exceed £52



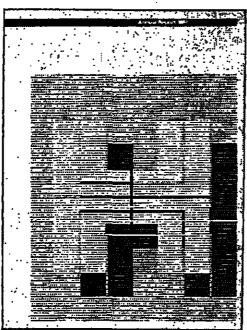
HONG KONG TELEPHONE COMPANY LIMITED

Hong Kong Telephone, a private Company for more than a century. became a Member of the Cable and Wireless Worldwide Communications Group in February 1984. It provides one of the most sophisticated yet inexpensive telephone services in the world. A host of telephone and related services and facilities are available to the public on demand. The simple flat fee system without charges for calls within the Territory makes Hong Kong a truly telephonic society.



THE HONGKONG LAND **COMPANY LIMITED**

Established in 1889, Hongkong Land today has total assets exceeding HK\$30,000 million. The Company owns some 5 million sq. ft of prime office space in the central business district of Hong Kong among its total commercial and residential portfolio of 8 million sq. It in the region. The other two major. core businesses of the Group are Dairy Farm in food retailing, wholesaling and manufacturing and Mandarin Oriental in grand luxe hotels in the Asia Pacific



The Hongkong Electric Group's principal activities are in the generation, transmission and sale of electricity, property development, engineering consultancy, project management services, general trading and electrical and mechanical contracting on an international basis. The Group has some 42,000 shareholders and earned posttax profits of approximately Pds.96 million in 1984. Highlights of 1984 included the successful commissioning of Phase I of the Group's new Lamma Power Station with an installed capacity of 750 MW.

HONGKONG ELECTRIC HOLDINGS LIMITED

London EC4P 4BY		
Please send me the following Annual Reports	OFFER CL	OSES 10 JULY 1985
Hutchison Whampoa Ltd		The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking
Hong Kong Telephone Company Ltd		Corporation
Hongkong Electric Holdings Ltd		The Hongkong Lan Company Ltd
BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE		
Name		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Position		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Company		
Nature of business		
Address		<u> </u>

Lend Lease to bid for full control of insurer

BY OUR SYDNEY CORRESPONDENT

LEND LEASE, the Australian property and construction group, is to make an all-share offer to take full control of by the bid at A\$447m (US\$296.4m). Lend Lease, which already owns 49.6 per cent of MLC, is to

offer four of its own shares for each of the remaining 8m MLC shares, which at yesterday's closing price of A\$7 a share for Lend Lease values MLC at a A\$1.50 premium to its closing price of A\$26.50 a share.

Lend Lease moved close to a controlling stake in MLC with a cash bid equivalent to A\$4.50 a share at the end of 1982 and has spent the past two years reorganising the group and unlocking its profit potential.

MLC consists of a parent com-

pany with general insurance and financial service interests, and a life insurance subsidiary with policy holder funds of A\$3bn, from which the parent draws a 10 per cent share of the annual policy holder surplus

Mr Stuart Hornery, managing ceive a sharp increase irector of Lend Lease, said dend from a projecte. that after having put in 100 per cent of the effort, the company now wished to secure 100 per cent of the rewards.

The move fitted with its strategy of building a continuing stream of income to offset its more cyclical businesses, an MLC, an insurance group valued approach which has already by the bid at A\$447m seen it push into property manapproach which has already agement and property trust

> The degree of success for the he degree of success for the bid will be determined by the attitudes of Industrial Equity (IEL), with just over 20 per cent, and London Assurance with 9.2 per cent.
>
> IEL turned down the 1982 offer, while London Assurance, part of the Phoenix Sun

part of the Phoenix Sun. Alliance group, accepted for half its holding.
Once Lend Lease moves
above 50 per cent of the MLC.

the life arm will extinguish its own 13.9m shareholding in Lend Lease—the biggest single hold-ing at 13 per cent. This in turn will limit the overall increase in capital by Lend Lease from the potential 32m shares to only 18m, or just short of 18 per-

cent of current capital. MLC shareholders would redend from a projected 50 cents to at least A\$1.12 through the share swap, while the deal offers little earnings dilution for

Bell set for acquisitions with A\$200m share issue

BY OUR SYDNEY CORRESPONDENT

BELL RESOURCES, the group controlled by Mr Robert Holmes à Court, has positioned itself for further major corporate moves with a A\$200m (US\$132.6) placement of con-vertible preference shares. The placement remains subject to shareholder approval, although the 10.5 per cent stock has been bedded down with a range of institutional groups, while Mr Holmes à Court's family company as well as Bell Group, the immediate parent of Bell Resources, will put up A\$128m of the issue,

The preference issue was announced at the company's annual meeting, where Mr. Holmes à Court also said that Bell would follow through with a bid for Asarco, the U.S.-based metals group in which it has a 10 per cent stake, if it was felt necessary to protect its existing interests.

The \$200m funding follows a recent raising of A\$300m by Bell Resources through the sale of oil and gas interests and shares in Broken Hill Proprietary.

APANESE	RES	JLTS		• -	
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	Mar. 185 Y	. •		Jan, '85	Jan. '84
sets (bn) B-tax profits (bn)	11,549	9,548			
e-tax profits (bn)	676.75	525.92	Pre-tax profits (bn)	1,223	1,146
t profits (bn)	14.89	12.60	Net profits (bn)		
t profits (bn)	10-11	12.24 6.	I see her anate	20,83	13.19
WSOLIDATED	0.0		T LOSS. PARENT COMPANY	•	
	<u> </u>		COMPART		
NKYO OIL products marketing			SHIONOGI & CO.		 .
			Pharmaceuticals	-	
Year to	Mer. '85	Mar. '84			
	v	Y	Year to	Mar. '85	May '84
venues (bn)	1,181	1,274	Revenues (bn)		Y
t profits (bn) t profits (bn)	76.69 0.19	1.65 - 7.3 7	Pre-tax profits (bn)	185	177
t per shere	1.44	- 7.37 54.68			23.16
dend	NJI	. Nil	Net per share	7.38 23.19	9.54
Loss.			Net per share	7.5	32_97 7.5
RENT COMPANY		•	PARENT COMPANY		
HEALES DUADLES	 -			·	
JISAWA PHARMACE	UTICAL		TAKEDA CHEMICAL IND	HISTRICE	
			Phennaceuticals	- 10152	
fear to	Mer. 85		Year to		:
mouse (ba)	Υ	Υ	1	Mer. '85 Y	Mar. 184
renues (bn)	. 137	204 27.91	Revenues . (bn)	47E	Υ
profits (bn)	8.03	10.98			
per share	23.03	44,46	Net profits (bn)	18.48	20.95
INCHINA PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND	7.5	7.5	Dividend	23.96	27.20
RENT COMPANY			Dividend	7.5	27.20 7.5
IKAWAJIMA-HARIM	A LICANIA		Manage		
vy mechinery, shipt	niiding	IND\$	TOKYO ELECTRIC POW	民 .	
					7.1
	Mar. '85 ; Y		Year to	Mar.'85	May 100
renues (bn)	802	911	.	Υ	Y
enues (bn)	17.47	22.54	Revenues (bn)		
tax profits (bn)	8,70	10.84	Not per whose	712.98 ·	121.89
Per enare	6.69	8.20	Dividend PARENT COMPANY	88.9 <u>1</u>	93.76 -
.2014	. 4	4:	PARENT COMPANY	60	. 50
RENT COMPANY					
RON TATEISI ELECTI	IONICS		TORAY INDUSTRIES		
omation equipment			I CONTINUES.	•	
Per to	Mar. '85 J	War 200		<u></u>	
	Ψ	Υ 🔭	Revences (bn) Pre-lax profits (bn) Net profits (bn) Net per share Dividend PARENT COMPANY	Mar. '85	Mac. '84 -^^
tax profits (bn)	271	Y 209	Revenues /hps	Y	_ ¥
- (ac profits (be)	17.52	15.34	Pre-tax profite (he)	_627	613
DOI 00101	9.11	7.66	Net profits (bn)	25.66	20.89
per store	53.36	47.60	Net per share	12.60	15.62.
SENT COMPANY	- 11	11	Dividend	8	5.50
			PARENT COMPANY		

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INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

Steven Butler in Seoul on opportunities for a growing car industry

Korea aims for the fast lane

SOUTH KOREA'S automotive industry is moving into high gear. It has emerged strongly from a difficult period of restructuring at the early part of the decade and is poised for rapid growth, with greater competition expected in the domestic market and exports projected to expand fast. Yet the industry faces a number of hurdles before it can become a world-class competitor.

The expansion is led by some first time, exporting a new front-wheel drive subcompact, the Pony Excel.

As early as 1976, Hyundai began to dabble in exports and Mr Lee Soo-il, director of planning at Hyundai, says the says many problems of quality larged cars in the 1600cc to 2000cc range. It is talking with Fiat and Peugeot about assembling their cars in Korea in example out. Last year an older model, the rear-wheel-drive subcompact with Fiat and Peugeot about assembling their cars in Korea in example for marketing Kia products in Europe. It has already entered into an outline agreement with Saab Scania, under which Kia would produce

The expansion is led by some of Korea's most aggressive and best-managed companies — Hyundai, Daewoo, and Kia, all three of which are rapidly adding to production capacity, upgrading their technology, and broadening international links best-managed companies—
Hyundai, Daewoo, and Kia, all
three of which are rapidly
adding to production capacity,
upgrading their technology, and
broadening international links.
The companies rode on a crest
of rapid growth during the late
1070e Bur high oil orices com-1970s. But high oil prices, com-bined with deep domestic and international recession, cut the industry's production by nearly

coal operation or the coal operation of the The government staved off The government staved off collapse of the sector with a restructuring plan that reduced competition by dividing up the market among the companies. Daewoo (then Saehan Motors) and Hyundai were allowed to continue production of passenger cars, while Kia, the first to develop a local car with almost aptirely demestic content was entirely domestic content, was banned from passenger car

The motor companies resisted

With a new management team, Ria began to produce a profit again in 1982, mainly on the basis of its protected market for vans and trucks. But now the oKrean government is moving to dismantle

of small commercial vehicles. Eventually foreign imports will be allowed. All three companies are gearing up for these changes, though they have adopted different strategies.

Hyundai is the most advanced. It produced 123,000 passenger cars last year, capturing 68 per

adopt the same strategy in the U.S. Mr Lee says a final price decision has not been made yet, but he does not rule out the possibility of selling the Pony Excel for under \$5,000.

He says Hyundai needs to sell nore than 100,000 vehicles in the first year to be considered a success, but admits that the dropping of quotas on Japanese imports to the U.S. and the ex-pected entry of more small Japanese cars is worrying. Nonetheless, he stays: "We are

not afraid of comeptition."

Hyundai sold a 10 per cent stake to Mitsubishi of Japan in 1982, when it recognised that it would need advanced technology banned from passenger as manufacture, but was given a monopoly over the production to design a front-wheel drive vehicle which would be interrender which would be inter-nationally competitive. But Hyundai, like many Korean companies, would clearly like to shed its dependence on foreign the plan, but in retrospect they admit that it strengthened the industry. "The fact that we shed its dependence on foreign still exist tells you that it worked," says Mr Lee Soo-Jang. director of overseas trade at the fact that we are too much dependent on the plants of the plants and supplies of materials and

Kia Motors, like Hyundai, is intent on keeping control of its own destiny, but it too has turned to Japan for technology. the protection.

Beginning in 1987, Kis will stake in Kis in 1983, while C. again be allowed to produce cars, while Daewoo and Hyundai will move into the manufacture Mazda technology.

Mazda acquired an 8 per cent stake in Kis in 1983, while C. Itoh took 2 per cent. Kis's successful small van is based on will move into the manufacture. working closely with Mazda 10 develop its new entry in the car market—a mini-car with a 1100 cc engine.

We working closely with Mazda 10 develop its new entry in the car market—a mini-car with a 1100 cc engine.

We work in Mazda 10 develop its new entry in the car market—a mini-car with a could change when the Opel-designed cars begin rolling off the assembly line.

Kia will build a 120,000 unit per year factory, and expects to export 70 per cent of the cars

Hyundai is being closely responsible for developing the ture structure will encumber of setting up a venture of its watched because late this year concept behind the car and is management and make it own. Chrysler would clearly rest the U.S. market for the marketing, possibly under a trends.

its own name, but says it can be "flexible."

Kia also wants to develop mid-sized cars in the 1600cc to 2000cc range. It is talking with Fiat and Peugeot about assembling their cars in Korea in exchange for marketing Kia products in Europe. It has already entered into an outline agreement with Saab Scania, under which Kia would produce larger Scania trucks in Korea while the Swedish company would market Kia trucks in Europe. Kia has also approached Renault.

In contrast to Kia and Hyundai, Daewoo Motors is more firmly linked to a single foreign partner, through a 50-50 joint venture with General Motors. Last year the two partners agreed to expand and construction is under way for a plant which will produce an annual total of 187,000 front-wheel drive subcompacts, as many as half for event hased.

wheel drive subcompacts, as many as half for export, based on Opel designs.

VEHICLE	PRODUCTION
1975	37,279
1976	49,545
1977	85,545
1978	158,959
1979	204,447
1986	123,135
1981	134,284
1982	162,590
1983	221,019
1984	265,361
(Pr	ojected)
1985	310,000
1987	600,000
1990	000,000,7
Saurce: C	Korea Auto Industries p-operative Association

Daewoo took over the com-pany in 1982, when it was a money-losing joint venture be-tween Saehan Motors and GM, under the local management of GM, Under Daewoo's manage-ment, profits were first intro-duced in 1983 but there has been relatively little success in

Although foreign analysts are impressed with the confidence that GM has placed in Daewoo, and are predicting success, Daewoo's Korean competitors cars last year, capturing 68 per Kia executives say that Ford Daewoo's Korean competitors cent of the domestic car market Motor of the U.S., which holds are less awed. A Hyundai exand 96 per cent of exports. a 25 per cent stake in Mazda, is ecutive says that the joint ven-

view of money-making, the Daewoo-GM system is by far the most beneficial, 'says a Kin executive." But there is no challenge in the system and no pro-longed incentive to make inno-vations. It is a hit-and-run type of business."

The Daewoo strategy reflects the outlook of Mr Kim Woo-Choong, the Daewoo group chairman, who, in contrast to many Korean businessmen, does not aspire to complete indepen-dence. Rather he hopes to trans-late Korea's strengths in lowcost manufacturing directly into profits and growth by teaming up with a foreign partner for technology and marketing

The strategies reflect different approaches to several major obstacles. One is the small size of Korea's domestic vehicle market, which has grown far more slowly than industry executives had anticipated.

Registrations passed the 1m mark this month, May, incomes are rising fast, and the ratio of cars to people at roughly one to 40, is very low. All the same, no one expects a boom in domestic sales. Taxes add about 40 per cent to selling prices, and petrol prices are also very high.

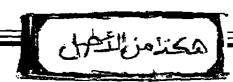
The companies say the

domestic market is too small to provide the necessary economies of scale for efficient production, and that they must export to stay competitive. But some analysts doubt that an export drive can succeed without substantially broader support in

the domestic market. the domestic market.

There is also a race to catch up on technology. "We are dragged along by external forces," says Mr Lee of Kla. Kla exports a small quantity of its vans, but it still is excluded from the U.S. market because it has not may application and safety. has not met pollution and safety standards. The companies also have yet to prove they can meet international quality standards. In the view of one analyst: "The Korean workers cannot afford to own the cars they assemble and have no appreciation for things like a good door fit." Many observers fault the

manufacturers for the lack of a back-up industry in parts and components. That shortcoming may be on the way to solution, however. Both GM and Chrysler have set up parts ventures in Korea and TRW, the U.S. components maker, is in the process



Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau

Highlights from the Balance Sheet as at December 31, 1984

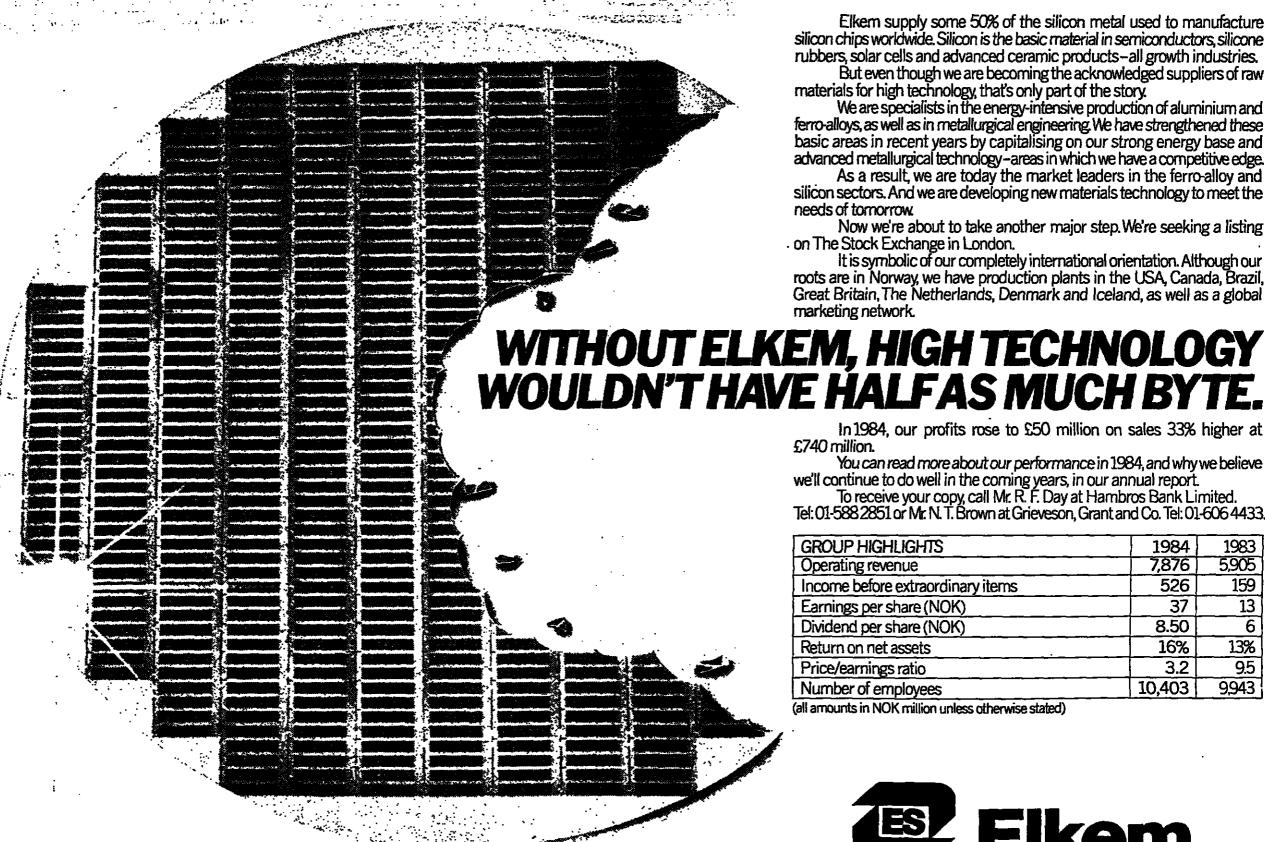
Assets	DM million	Liabilities	DM million
Cash reserves and balance		Banking liabilities	60,067
with banks	1,434	Promissory notes	1,050
Securities	2,110	Bonds	5,093
Loans	65,743	Provisions	185
Participations	176	Capital	1,000
Real estates and buildings	37	Reserves	2,113
Unpaid capital	850	Loans on a trust basis	7,415
Loans on a trust basis	7,415	Other liabilities	1,615
Other assets	773		
TOTAL ASSETS	78,538	TOTAL LIABILITIES	78,538

We shall be pleased to send you on request a copy of the Annual Report for 1984.



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Elkem supply some 50% of the silicon metal used to manufacture silicon chips worldwide. Silicon is the basic material in semiconductors, silicone rubbers, solar cells and advanced ceramic products—all growth industries. But even though we are becoming the acknowledged suppliers of raw

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It is symbolic of our completely international orientation. Although our roots are in Norway, we have production plants in the USA, Canada, Brazil, Great Britain, The Netherlands, Denmark and Iceland, as well as a global marketing network.

In 1984, our profits rose to £50 million on sales 33% higher at £740 million.

You can read more about our performance in 1984, and why we believe we'll continue to do well in the coming years, in our annual report.

To receive your copy, call Mr. R. F. Day at Hambros Bank Limited. Tel: 01-588 2851 or Mr. N. T. Brown at Grieveson, Grant and Co. Tel: 01-606 4433.

GROUP HIGHLIGHTS	1984	1983
Operating revenue	7,876	5,905
Income before extraordinary items	526	159
Earnings per share (NOK)	37	13
Dividend per share (NOK)	8.50	6
Return on net assets	16%	13%
Price/earnings ratio	3.2	9.5
Number of employees	10,403	9,943



Tate & Lyle offsets sugar downturn

per cent despite a downturn at its mainstay sugar production and renning businesses, which normally account for more than half of the group's results.

normally account for more than half of the group's results.

These operations turned in a lower £11.3m, against £19.9m, but gains made elsewhere, notably automotive and agribusiness activities, enabled Tate to show an overall advance from £27m to £31.5m at the taxable level—this was roughly in the middle of wide ranging City estimates.

The disappointing sugar profits were caused mainly by the squeeze on sugar refining margins in both the UK and the U.S. says Sir Robert Haslam, the chairman The UK contributed £4.4m less at £4.8m while the U.S. broke even, against £5.4m last time.

The chairman says, however, that since the start of the second half conditions in both markets have shown signs of improvement. In Canada, he says refining profits were satisfactory, particularly against the background

profits were satisfactory. parficularly against the background of a five-week strike at Redpath's Toronto refinery.

In addition to the sugar down-

turn. Tate has taken into account tial majority holding in Belize Sugar Industries, which has left uncovered its higher interim dividend of 7.5p, against 6.5p.

Sir Robert says the higher divi-

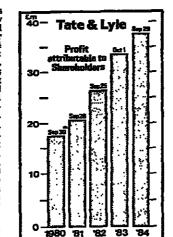
to reduce disparity as well as improved trading conditions now being experienced, which should be reflected in the results for the second half. In the 1983-84 year Tate earned £69.2m pre-tax and paid a final dividend of 12.5p.

During the mening six months

On the sugar trading side, where losses fell from £7.1m to £4m, he says that the High Court has decisively confirmed the company's right to proceed to arbitration over the disputed contract for delivery of sugar to Indonesia.

This decision has been appealed; full provision against the contract was made in previous years. Sir Robert says that the group

has taken a long-term strategic position in physical raw sugars. The value of this sugar was written down to the market price ruling at the end of the period,



when the price was at a low not experienced for 15 years.

Total group turnover for the half year advanced from £811m to £850.9m and operating profits rose by £3.3m to £25.2m. Related companies added £4.2m (£4.7m) while interest receivable contributed more at £11.7m (£8.1m)—interest charges were higher at interest charges were higher at £9.6m (£7.7m). Earnings per share, pre the extraordinary debit, were down from 23.3p to 20.9p after tax of

the expense of the second half

of the year.
In the UK the Improvement

noted at the manufacturing and trading divisions has been sus-

tained and gives the directors encouragement for the future. They point out, however, that the group's retail activities both in England and France are ex-

nn England and France are ex-perleacing difficulties due to changes in patterns of demand. Group tax for the half year surged from £388,000 to £1.9m to leave the net balance at £1.8m (loss £1.26m).

Minorities took £757,000 (added £260,000) and £1.04m was

transferred to reserves, against a transfer from reserves of

Earoings per 10p share came through at 2p (losses 1.9p).
For the year to September 30, 1984, Borthwick achieved pre-tax

f13.4m (£7.7m). There were minorities of £3.7m (£3.4m). Following the extraordinary debit, Tate showed an attributable profit of £3m, down from £15.9m, before dividend payments of £3.5m (£4.5m). Regarding the future, Sir Robert says that Tate has had the opportunity to make four the opportunity to make four important acquisitions in North

Three of these have been com-pleted at a cost of £78m; Donlee Manufacturing Industries, a manufacturer of automotive and vitamin and mineral pre-mixes and animal feeds; and the Western Sugar Co., beet sugar producers.

Completion of the fourth, Colonial Sugars Inc., sugar Colonial Sugars Inc., sugar refiner, is expected to take place during the summer. Taken together, the chairman says these purchases represent a major expansion in a spread of activities embracing both sugar and non-sugar businesses.

"They will contribute to profits in the second half of this year and we expect a substantial contribution in 1986," says the

Tate's shares, a constituent of the FT 30-share index, closed last night at 447p, unchanged on

Borthwick recovers strongly in first half Higher livestock availability than anticipated has helped the Queensland and Victoria works. However, this is likely to be at

in New Zealand enabled Thomas Borthwick & Sons, the inter-national food, meat and trading group, to swing back into the black in the half-year to March

However, with the earlier start generating a greater proportion of profits in the first half the directors are looking for a "more modest" second six months' performance

For the opening period the group swung from losses of £888,000 to pre-tax profits of £3.7m. Turnover pushed shead from £258.7m to £271m. In line with the policy of recent years the directors will await the outcome of the full year before deciding on the appropriate rate of dividend.

If circumstances are favourable they hope to recommend a level at least equivalent to last yar's 0.5p total.

Group chairman Mr R. C.
Wheeler-Bennett tells shareholders that in New Zealand
operations improved, particu-

larly in respect of marketing and livestock procurement. He adds that the wool division also performed well, having had The chairman says that while The four-year recovery pro- a weaker second had the advantage of increased losses are still being incurred, gramme at Thomas Borthwicks may not leave much volumes of product and strong these are at a reducing level, appears to be consolidating any further rerating.



markets in the early part of the

osition in the meat industry in that country.

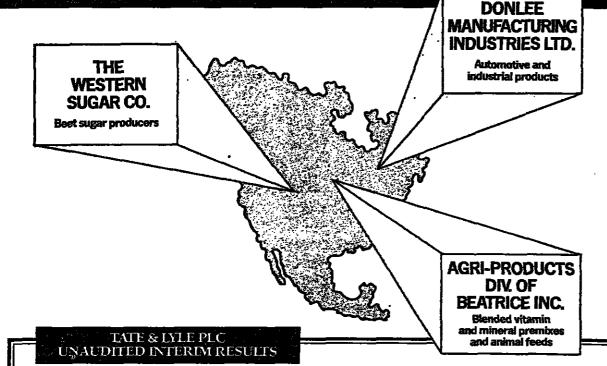
The group's Australian division is beginning to respond to steps by management to reorientate the business and to improve its

profits of £4.19m from a turnover of £541.79m.

£996.000.

slaughtering season in Southern Hemisphere could be tilting most of the good news into the first half. Although the turnover pattern remains much the same, the early start-up in New Zealand has clearly helped—especially if it can be sustained. In the UK the com-pany has switched downstream from frozen carcass sales to being more retail and customer oriented—the contract to supply Marks and Spencer with chilled lamb being a product of this. In Australia, however, losses are still being made although these are "considerably less" than last year's undeclared total. Gearring remains dizzily high at over twice shareholders' funds—the only comfort being that it was twice as bad four years ago.
Reducing the gearing is taking
time as is restoring dividend
payouts. For the year to
September analysts are forecastng pre-tax profits of £5}m which with a 50 per cent tax charge suggests a prospective multiple of almost 8 on 39p. The possi-bility of a funding exercise plus a weaker second half outlook

Further profit growth Major acquisitions



£27.0m Pre-tax profits £31.5m Interim dividend per £1 ordinary share 6.5p Earnings per £1 ordinary share 23.2p 20.9p



The Chairman, Sir Robert Haslam, reports:-

* Profits before taxation £31.5m for first half, 17% higher than comparable period

* Acquisitions to contribute to second half profits and substantial contribution in 1986 expected.

Disappointing sugar profits in UK and US caused by squeeze on margins, though trading conditions improving second half Canada and Portugal refining profits very satisfactory.

* Interim dividend raised by 1p to 7.5p.

The above figures do not constitute full financial statements. Copies of the Interim Report for the 26 weeks to 30 March 1985 are being mailed

Purther copies may be obtained from: C. P. McFie, Secretary, Tate & Lyle PLC, Sugar Quay, Lower Thames Street, London EC3R 6DQ.

losses take toll on **Smith Bros**

TRADING in the main opera-tions by the stockjobbers, Smith Bros, was good enough for company profits to show an increase of almost 5 per cent for the year to April 26, 1985. However an increased share of the losses at its sub-sidiary Smith New Court, the international dealing com-pany, left attributable pre-tax profits down by 48 ner tax profits down by 4.8p per

Company profit was £5.46m (£5.2m) but after losses at subsidiaries of £2.9m (252m) out after losses at subsidiaries of £2.9m (£81,000), a £388,000 share in the profits of associated com-paules, compared with the previous year's loss of £53,000, and former minorities

Earnings per share work out at 22.2p, basic, against the previous year's 24.9p, and at a fully-diluted figure of

at a fully-diluted tigure of 16.1p, against a comparable figure of 20.3p.

The final dividend is being taised from 4p to 4.5p giving a total for the year of 6p, up from last year's 5p.

The chairman, Mr Tony Lewis, says that the UK equity market showed a satisfactory profit throughout the year and adds that the trend has continued during the first month.

Opinions differ as to whether market making or distribution sorted out the initially con times still represents ething of compliment,

by historic standards.

Offshoot

sad, ow, and former minorines share of losses at £1.89m (mil), taxable profits were £4.83m (£5.07m).

With tax at £1.59m, against last year's £1.96m, after-tax-profits rose by almost 4 per cent from £3.11m to £3.23m.

shareholding.'

(£40m). tinued during the first month of the present trading year.

comment

is going to be the more crucial skill in the new equity market, whenever that comes into operation, So far as Smith Bros is concerned, not even its purchase of stock-broker Scott Goff has done much to alter the conviction that market making is the key. Determined to keep a presence on the floor—as a means of demonstrating that it really is lutending to make continuous prices at the market level—Smith seems confident enough of its ability to survive the increased competition, and probably see off some of the more oppor-tunistic newcomers. Having plicated relationship with its rich uncle Rothschild, Smith has begun to make a bit of money in the international dealership, now wholly owner: were negligible even last year.
And although there were
some very sucky patches for
all London equity jobbers last
year—to judge by their
obvious difficulty in making
prices from time to time—
Smith's underlying business
clearly did very we illuded;
if it nicked up two or three if it picked up two or three no surprise. At 120p, off

Bid failure is Carless' one regret in £8.5m year

BY DOMINIC LAWSON

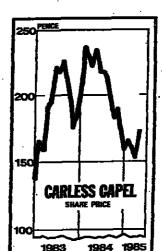
Carless, Capel and Leonard, the oil exploration and solvents group, yesterday revealed pre-tax group, yesterday revealed pre-tax profits of £8.5m, for the year to March 1985 compared with less than £5m the previous year.

The result easily overtakes a profits forecast of not less than £7.5m, made by the company last year as part of its abortive £100m bid for fellow UK oil explorer Premier Consolidated Oilfields.

Mr John Leonard, the chairman of Carless, yesterday described the year's performance as extremely good, with the exception of the failure to take over Premier. There was an extraordinary loss of £2.7m, reflecting the slump in the value of Carless' shareholding in Premier, since the offer closed. Mr Leonard said that Carless had received one offer fori is 15 per cent shareholding in Pre-mier, but added: "It is our pre-sent intention to retain our Mr Leonard said that Carless'

downstream interests had per-formed particularly well last year in what was an extremely difficult market. Hydrocarbon solvents and chemicals posted operating profits of £3.3m (£2.2m) on turnover of £59.5m (£55.8m), while petroleum fuels marketing reached £1.4m (£804.000) on turnover of £64m

Carless' heavy investment in oil and gas exploration is now paying off, with oil and gas pro-



ing the group's main profits Carless has retained profits for the year of £2.8m, compared with just over £1m. However, Mr Leonard said that in view of the

necessity to preserve cash resources the company would pay an unchanged final dividend pay an unchanged anal dividence of £1.75p per share.

Forecasting the current year, Mr Leonard said the highpoints would include the first commercial production from the company's Humbly Grove discovery

Southern England; the continuing development of the North Sea Balmoral field; and the development of newly acquired assets in North America.

comment

As Cariess Capel and Leonard becomes more and more of an exploration stock, present results become increasingly less useful as a means of valuing the company. Nevertheless a 73 per cent increase in pre-tax profits is not to be speezed at, and illustrates, above all. Carless' experience and expertise in the experience and experies in the less fashionable solvents and fuels marketing side of its empire. On the exploration front, Carless' highly prospective South of England acreage is now fully discounted in the share price. But the same might not be true of the agreement that Carless of the acreage that Carless picked up last week in the ninth round of UK offshore licences. In blocks 98/6 and 98/7 the company will have 7.5 per cent of up to 30m barrels of virtually present of the programbe of the programbe. of up to 30m barrels of virtually proven oil. While in Morecambe Bay Carless has been awarded 10 per cent of an area with an excellent chance of substantial quantities of gas. Carles's only problem, with gearing at 100 per cent and no drop in sight will be to finance all its excellent prospects. For that reason, shareholders should not complain about the lack of a rise in the about the lack of a rise in the dividend, which may lie behind pany's Humbly Grove discovery the drop of 2p in the share in Hampshire; the drilling of up price yesterday to 173p when to 16 exploration wells in the yield is 2.3 per cent.

W'hampton & Dudley higher

THE expansionist policies of wolverhampton & Dudley the net profit from the sale of Brewerles are continuing to serve the company well. In the first six months to the end of Exchalf Square of 612m. first six months to the end of first-half figure of £3.7m.

March 1985, turnoever rose by 11.9 per cent and pre-tax profits by 16.66 per cent from 10.2p to were almost 11 per cent higher.

Eight new public houses were opened before Christmas and a further four in time for Easter. Another five are under construction as part of the company's aim to move away from its base in the depressed West Midlands. The chairman, Mr Edwin Thompson, says that the policy of building new premises in new areas is proving successful, despite the continuing difficult conditions in the West Midlands.

Turnover for the Bank's brewer rose from £44.01m to £49.26m, giving a taxable profit of £6.66m, against a previous £6m. With tax at £2.8m (£2.7m)

ing 14 owned by Cheshire Inns and a further five in Manchester from the Grand Metropolitan subsidiary Wilsons Brewery. The

11.9p. Mr Thompson says that pre-tax profits were held down by the extremely high level of interest rates in the UK from the end of January this year. The interim dividend is being increased from 2.55p to 2.85p. Last year a total of 7.6p was

"I am confident that our current strategies will sustain our very satisfactory earnings growth record to date," says the

In recent years the company has grown both by building new public houses and buying other companies. In the 1983-84 year

BOARD MEETINGS

TAR AND THE PROPERTY OF	
Itowing companies have notified board meetings to the Stock a. Such meetings are usually the purpose of considering s. Official indications are not also to whether the dividender simms or finals and the substance shown below are based on last year's timetable. TODAY	Grootviel Proprietary Mines

company expanded into Leicestershire and Bristol as well as Manchester and Cheshire.

comment

The startegy remains constant at Wolverhampton and Dudley pub by pub expansion outside its traditional heartland to improve its market share. A rather staid approach it may appear but there is no disputing its effectiveness. While other regional breweries are watching their beer volumes decline under the constant pres-sure of the nationals with their lagers. Wolverhampton is manag-ing to increase its volume. In the first half therew as a 1 to 2 per cent improvement with lager only taking a modest part to that rise. Although the group in that rise. Although the group never quantifies its lager sales they are probably somewhere betwene 10 and 15 per cant with Harri—which Wolverhampton sells but does not brew—doffinating. On average one new pub opens its doors each month though this work he total sould though thisy ear the total could be nearer 17 at a cost of close to £1m a go. That level of capi-tal commitment, funded by short term debt, takes its toll on

Improved performance in 1984

In the 1984 Report & Accounts Chairman Sir David Orr says:

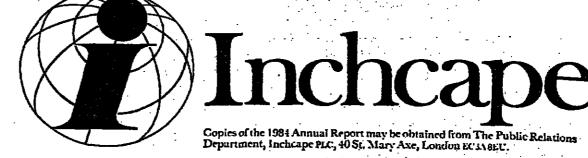
"The actions we have taken to improve the profitability of the Group, to strengthen the management and to identify and to develop those activities which we felt had potential for higher than average growth are starting to bear fruit ... "

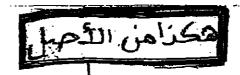
	 1984		1983
Profit before tax	£78.9m		£53.0m
Earnings per share	 29.1p	'*:	13.2p
Dividend	18.15p		18.15p

And the outlook for 1985

"The Group improved its performance in 1984 and the Board believes this improvement can be maintained"

Sir David Orr





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Vickers' share price falls

MR SAUL STEINBERG, the controversial Wall Street financier, has sold his 6.8 per cent there had been no panic. The stake in Vickers, the UK consineering group, which makes military tanks and Rolls-Royce At the time Vickers' share price and office furniture.

He added he was a great addition was also looking for organic growth in its other core businesses such as marine engineering and office furniture.

He added he was a great addition was also looking for organic growth in its other core businesses such as marine engineering and office furniture.

He added he was a great addition was also looking for organic growth in its other core businesses such as marine engineer.

"We would have been more worried a year ago," he added. At the time Vickers share price stood at a substantial discount to asset value.

Herman Smith disposal plans

Herman Smith, the West Midlands engineering group which has had its shares suspended since February, resterday reported sharply higher first half insses and detailed plans to sell two of its three remaining subsidiaries.

One of the subsidiaries to be sold is the 51 per cent-owned

stood at a substantial discount to asset value.

After heavy restructuring, Vickers raised last year pre-tax profits from £18.3m to £29.5m, on reduced sales of £529m (£633m).

It appears to be on the brink of a major acquisition.

"Watch this spare." said Mr Plastow. He hinted that the group was keen to expand its health care and instruments business. Last year, the division made £3m (£2.2m) pre-tax profits on turnover of £27.5m (£27.2m).

Mr Plastow said there were enormous opportunities for growth in the health and instruments of the profits on turnover of £27.5m (£27.2m).

Mr Plastow said there were growth in the health and instruments of the profits of t

as Steinberg sells stake

Net assets per share rose from 119p to 133p

Best ever order book

Year to 31 December	1984	1983
168 1001 2000 111101	\$000	1903
Revenue	31,072	29,364
Pre-tax profits	1,243	1,126
Retained profits	700	542
Earnings per share	14.9p	21.0p
Dividends per share	3.85p	3.43p
Net assets per share	133p	119p

The Company's shares are traded on The Granville Over-the-Counter Market. The full Report and Accounts are available from Jackson Group Pic, Dobbs Lane, Kesgrave,

U.S.\$40,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1993

The interest parable on each U.S.\$10,000 and U.S.\$250,000 Note

Bank of Communications (Tapei, Tanuan, Republic of China)

(Redeemable at the Noteholders' option in 1990) in accordance with the provisions of the above Notes, notice is hereby given that for the sox months from 28th Max 1985 in 29th November 1985 the Notes will carry an intense rate of 8*5% per

on the relevant interest payment date, 29th November 1985 against Coupon No. 5 will be U.S.\$443.23 and U.S.\$11,080.73 respectively.

Lloyds Bank International

banks doubling as both managers and advisers of investment trusts. But it is understood now to be viewing the issue with greater seriousness. The Takeover Code states: "The Panel will not regard as an appropriate person to give independent financial advice a person who has a significant interest in or financial connection with either the offerer or the offeree company of such a kind as to create a conflict of interest for that person." Kleinwort's interest in BAGS as a fee-paying customer—and the loss of fees if the takeover to pursue its offers." Shires added, however, that it was "all the more determined to pursue its offers." tles, cold storage, transport and warehousing moved ahead from £335,000 to £778,000, engineering improved by £87,000 to £244,000, and agency and trading was up from £367,000 to £441,000. From 1307,000 to 1471,000. From turbover ahead by 16.46m at 142.1m. total operating profits came to £889,000 against £573,000. The taxable outcome up from £546,000 to £956,000—included investment income £155,000 higher at £359,000, but was after interest of £292,000 (£331,000). Parkfield £2m expansion

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL Parkfield Group, a USM-quoted foundry concern, is expanding into distribution of electrical goods.

Profits at Foster have declined from £300,000 three years ago to £36,087 in the year ended from £300,000 three years ago to £36,087 in the year ended from £300,000 three years ago to £36,087 in the year ended from £31,1985, before tax but after non-recurring charges of £33,500. Turnover was £10.5m.

The purchase price is £237,000, but Foster will also repay to reduce its dependence on iron-founding. Parkfield plans to expand the range of goods now distributed by Foster to 1,600 at 52p per share.

Kleinwort Benson, investment manager of British American and General Trust (BAGS), has been forced by the Takeover Panel to step down as financial adviser to the trust in its defence against a hostile 253m takeover bid from Shires Investment.

bid from Shires Investment.

Robert Fleming has been appointed in its place.

The Panel has previously had reservations about merchant banks doubling as both managers and advisers of investment trusts. But it is understood now to be viewing the issue with tracter seriousness.

Brammer sets meeting date

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL

lapse.

Bunzl and Brammer are growth of our two companies by expected to lobby intensively combining them.

BRAMMER the bearings distribution and has set June argues that the acquisition of the meeting. Bunzi tribution are, has set June argues that the acquisition of the meeting to vote on the second that the acquisition of the meeting. Bunzi the acquisition of the BRAMMER the bearings distribution up, has set June argues that the acquisition of 14 as till the for a crucial sharehold, meeting to vote on its proposed 144m acquisition of Energy Services & Electronics, the equipment rental concern.

A £116m bid for Brammer Head, Brammer chairman, said itself from Bunzl, the paper products group, is conditional on the ESE purchase being blocked at the EGM. If Brammer shareholders back the company's remanagement, the Bunzl bid must lapse.

Bunzl and Brammer are shore of the meeting. Bunzl andead of the meeting. Bunzl andead of the meeting. Bunzl argues that the acquisition of ESE is ill-conceived and a defensive ploy against its bid.

Brammer secured ESE's agreement to an increased offer after Bunzl made its move. Mr John thead, Brammer chairman, said in a letter to shareholders yestender and ESE both we (Brammer and ESE) both provide and the customers we serve are in many respects complementary and there is great potential for accelerating the

مكتان منتحم

bid is successful—appear to have provoked the Panel to invoke

provoked the Panel to invoke this rule.

The move could be a blow to a number of merchant banks which manage investment trusts and find them under growing threat from predators who often have the backing of increasingly demanding institutional share-holders

demanding holders.

The Panel is considering to make a general

Kleinwort Benson

forced to resign as

adviser to BAGS

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the or the subsidiaries to be sold is the 51 per cent-owned Herman Smith Hitco. Flight Refuelling, the aircraft and defence component makers, is buying the holding, and the Dudley property from which HSH operates for a total of £1.97m. Hitco. a subsidiary of Armco of the U.S., continues to hold the remaining 49 per cent. Herman Smith had already announced plans to sell its precision engineering subsidiary to the company believes that it has profit potential and will seek to develop it. It makes metal enclosures and assemblies for the company's £115.879 telecommunications industry. Herman Smith said its bankers have indicated their continuing support, but that the shares will remain suspended until it has completed the sales as well as talks with the banks. Herman Smith had pre-tax support, but that the shares will an air vehicle in the Phoenix battlefield surveillance system. Herman Smith had pre-tax battlefield surveillance system. Herman Smith had be six battlefield surveillance system. Herman Smith had be six battlefield surveillance system. Herman Smith had be subscitive. RTZ offshoot agrees purchase with ITT

ITT Corporation yesterday puny owns and operates seven into three or four separate said it had reached preliminary silica sand production sites and companies. agreement to sell Pennsylvania Glass Sand Corporation to U.S. Borax & Chemical Corporation. the Los Angeles-based subsidiary of Rio Tinto Zinc.

diaries.
One of the subsidiaries to be sold is the 51 per cent-owned Herman Smith Hitco. Flight Refuelling, the aircraft and defence component makers, is buying the holding, and the Dudley property from which HSH operates for a total of £1.97m. Hitco. a subsidiary of Armoo of the U.S., continues to hold the remaining 49 per cent.

The news sent the Vickers' share price plummeting by 19p to close the day at 297p, wiping more than £18m off its market value. At one time, after the disclosure of Mr Steinberg's holding, the price touched 342p.

Mr Steinberg's recently green-mailed Walt Disney Productions in the U.S., from which he made a \$32m profit. His investment in Vickers was seen as a possible prelude to a takeover bid.

Mr David Plastow, Vickers' chief executive, said yesterday that the disclusure of Mr Stein-

berg's stake last month, through his Reliance Group Holdings,

The sale price was undisclosed, though it represents less than 5 per cent of the net assets of Rio Tinto Zinc. Based on shareholders' funds in 1984 of £2.354bn, this would amount to not more than £117m.

Last year, Pennsylvania Glass had sales of \$83.5m. The com-

Archimedes Invint 4.4
Assoc Fisheries 0.25
Capital & Counties 3.7
Capital Searing 0.2
Carless Capel 1.75
Chesterfield Props 8.5
4.85

Coalite 4.85
Frank G. Gates 3
Harrisons & Crosfield 15.5
Herman Smith int nil
Leeds Group 12.5
MEPC 2.5
Smith Bros 4.5

Tate & Lyle

silica sand production sites and companies.
a clay operation in the U.S. It ITT's m is based in Berkeley Springs, West Virginia.

Mr Carl Randolph, president of U.S. Borax, described the acquisition as an excellent fit, providing the company with an important expansion into the industrial minerals market in the

of sponding for payment div. year Date Corre- Total Aug 5 4 — July 19 0.25 — July 29 3.3 5.3

div.

Corre Total

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July 1 1.75 —

July 1 2.5 —

Aug 3 4 6

1.95

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Over-the-Counter Market

Current

...int 7.5

ITT has faced strong pressure from a group of shareholders led by Mr Irwin Jacobs, the Minne-apolis investor, to spin off its operations and restructure itself

ITT's management recently announced plans to divest itself of assets it values at \$1.7bn to reduce debt. Since the divestiture plan was announced last January, it has agreed to sell off about \$700m worth of com-panies. This includes the plan to float shares in its UK insur-ance company Abbey Life.

nesses such as marine engineering and office furniture.

He added he was a great admirer of Smiths Industries, which had transformed itself

The final agreement to sell Pennsylvania Glass is likely to be reached by the end of next month and the transaction should be closed in the autumn.

In an agreed deal worth around £13m. Great Portland Estates has acquired the unlisted Limco Group, a Croydon based property investment and develop-

Mr Richard Peskin, Portland's managing director, said that Limco's portfolio — valued in excess of £17.5m last February —provided a spread of properties complementary to its own, with a high quality income stream.

Great Portland is to give 13 of its own shares, plus 50p in cash, for each Limco share. Great Portland closed 4p down last night at 154p

MINING NEWS

UK COMPANY NEWS

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recovers to

LARGELY THANKS to Improve

LARGELY THANKS to improve-ments in operations not directly related to fishing and fish trad-ing, Associated Fisherles made a comeback in the first half to March 31, 1985, and lifted tax-able profits by 75 per cent to just under £1m.

The upturn was assisted by an increase in investment income and a drop in interest payable, but still represents progress after the dip in profits in the last full year. The shares rose 4p to close at 108p.

Losses deepened on the fishing side, where the group is in the process of selling its fleet, and

returned an operating loss of £161,000 against £101,000. Fast food moved from a £65,000 profit to a loss of £120,000, but food

processing and trading improved slightly to turn a £12,000 loss into a £34,000 surplus.

In the company's other activi-

The interim dividend is held

at 0.25p. Lost year's total was 2.75p. Earnings per share are stated to be 3.19p (1.55p), after tax at £380,000 (£250,000) and minorities of £3,000 (£10,000).

The directors expect that the street year's sufference will come will come at the contract of £3,000 (£10,000).

current year's outcome will com-pare favourably with last year's.

Great Portland Ests.

(£331,000).

ment company.

near £1m

Fisheries

Mobil sells off mining interests in £92m deal

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

common share and one-half of a common share purchase warrant. The offering will be made outside the U.S., in Canada and elsewhere, via a group of investment dealers led by Dominion Securities Pitfield, Burns Fry and Wood Gundy. Dome Mines is also seeking to arrange the placement of additional units with U.S. investors to provide for the balance of the purchase price.

ANOTHER major oil company, from the Superior Oil purchase Mobil of the U.S. is divesting and, at the same time, to allow itself of mining interests.

In a C\$160m (\$\text{2016}\) model. https://doi.org/10.1009/10.10

Canada's gold-producing Dome in recent years both oil and Mines is to acquire from subsidiaries of Mobil some 53 per cent of McIntyre Mines and 7.8 regret past diversification.

Dome Mines does not contemplate any follow-up offer to other shareholders in the two Canadian mining companies.

The acquisitions will be financed by an issue of new shares. A preliminary prospectus is to be fied this week regarding an offering of 9m-10m Dome Mines units, each consisting of one common share and one-half of a common share purchase warrant.

In a Canadia's gold-producing Dome in recent years both oil and mining majors, notably in North America, have had reason to regret past diversification.

Another factor in the proposed sale of the Canadian mining interests, reports Bernard Simon from Toronto, reflects Mobil's Canadian government on increased local participation in Mobil's Canadian operations in the take-over of Canadian Superior Oil, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the U.S. Superior Oil.

From Dome's point of view the stakes to be purchased in the coal-producing McIntyre Mines and the nickel and cobalt-producing Falconbridge will broaden its mining interests into the non-precious metals area.

is also seeking to arrange the placement of additional units with U.S. investors to provide for the balance of the purchase price.

Mobil's interest in McIntyre Mines and Falconbridge came about via last year's U.S.\$5.7bn acquisition of the U.S. Superior Oil group. The last-named holds some 53 per cent of McIntyre Mines which, in turn, owns about 22.2 per cent of Falconbridge.

The divestiture plans of Mobil the non-precious metals area. The prize is the direct and indirect holding to be acquired in Falconbridge. The latter earned C\$90.2m last year, after taking in extraordinary credits of C\$15.5m, compared with a loss of C\$16.6m in 1983. Earn-interests — the company retains do not only concern its mining interests into the non-precious metals area. The prize is the direct and indirect holding to be acquired in Falconbridge. The latter earned C\$90.2m last year, after taking in extraordinary credits of C\$15.5m, compared with a loss of C\$16.6m in 1983. Earn-interests — the company retains coal properties in Wyoming — but also include other non-energy interests such as the U.S. Montgonery Ward department store chain which is expected to be hived off.

The aim is to reduce Mobil's debt burden which resulted

Harrisons & Crosfield

SUMMARY OF RESULTS year ended 31st December (Subject to Audit) £ million £ million Group profit before interest and taxation 65.7 83.2 56.6 Group profit before taxation 10.8 (4.6)Extraordinary items *5*8.0 26.0 Attributable to Ordinary shareholders Earnings per Ordinary share 38.8p 24.5p Dividends per Ordinary share 20.0p 17.0p

1984 was a good year. Pre-tax profits were up by 47% to £83.2 million. Earnings per share increased by 58% to 38.8p. Ordinary dividend at 20p is now nearly twice covered. Shareholders funds now exceed £500

Plantations

Profit before interest £49.4m (1983 £22.1m) All the Group's Plantation interests produced higher crops. This fine achievement, combined with the realisation of good prices which in a number of cases were above average, earned

Chemicals and Industrial

profits in the aggregate substantially above those reported in 1983. Profit before interest £16.0m (1983 £13.9m)
Led by British Chrome & Chemicals, profits from all the UK and European manufacturing operations were ahead of the previous year. Good performances in chemical distribution

from Australia, UK and two of the American units were not matched by the companies along the North East Coast of the USA, or in Canada. In the latter country, which has suffered from lack of buoyancy in its economy for some time, our results were poor but future performance should benefit from re-medial measures and the change in Government policies. Most of the Linatex operations provided a satisfactory return, with the exception of the USA where heavy costs were incurred because of investment in new branches.

Timber and Building Supplies

Profit before interest £12.0m (1983 £12.6m)

Profits for the first half of the year were well up to expectations

but with reduced housing starts and lower renovation grants, the volume of business dropped quite significantly in the latter part of 1984.

General Trading
Profit before interest £7.9m (1983 £6.8m)

The recessionary conditions affecting our Eastern companies have not abated. Excellent results were again achieved by the jute marketing activities, strongly supported by various trading interests, particularly those in New Zealand and Papua

Finance Profit before interest £8.6m (1983 £9.9m) Property disposals

Profit before interest £4.4m (1983 £1.4m)

These relate primarily to the disposal of an estate by a related company, Castlefield (Klang) Rubber Estate PLC, prior to the acquisition of that company by Harrisons Malaysian Plantations Berhad.

Extraordinary items

In 1984 these relate primarily to the disposal of the Group's investments in eight small plantation companies and two plantation investment companies to Harrisons Malaysian Plantations Berhad. In 1983 these relate to the taxation and leasing income adjustments arising from the Finance Act 1984.

ORDINARY DIVIDEND

A final dividend of 15.5p per share is recommended by the Board, making a total for 1984 of 20p per share, this being 17.6% up on the total dividend of 17p per share for 1983. **PROSPECTS**

Production of the Plantation companies is similar to last year's record output and the UK and European chemical companies have started the year well but against this bad weather in the UK has affected the Timber and Building Supplies division. In North America our chemicals operations still encounter difficulties, especially from cheap imports, but they are making headway. Pauls plc's results will be included from the second quarter of 1985. The early months started slowly but, with commodity prices remaining at present levels and some alleviation of competitive pressures in the United States, we would expect an improvement in the trading environment for the Group as a whole for the rest of the year.

The comparative figures for the year ended 31st December 1983 are an extract from the full accounts for that year which have been filed with the Registrar of Companies and on which the auditors gave an unqualified opinion.

HARRISONS & CROSFIELD PLC, 1-4 GREAT TOWER STREET, LONDON EC3R 5AB

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce

> (A Canadian Chartered Bank) U.S. \$150,000,000

Floating Rate Deposit Notes Due 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given, that for the Interest Period from February 28, 1985 to May 31, 1985 the rate for the final Interest Sub-period from May 30, 1985 to May 31, 1985, has been determined at 7%% per annum, and therefore the amount of interest payable against Coupon No. 3, or per US\$10,000 nominal in registered form, on the relevant interest payment date May 31, 1985, will be US\$227.01

The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., London, Agent Bank

CHASE

IMC expanding in Brazil

THE Chicago-based International Minerals and Chemical Corporation (IMC) plans to open a titanium mine and processing plant in the state of Goias in central Brazil at a probable cost of between US\$150m (£120m) and \$200m, reports Andrew Whitley in Rio de Janeira.

IMC, one of the world's leading fertiliser producers, expects to sign final contracts for a 25-year lease over large reserves of the rare metal anatase from Metago, the state-owned mining company, within the next two months.

Almost the entire output of the processing plant, which will have an installed annual capacity of 300,000 tonnes of tkanium concentrate, will be exported, as Brazilian consumption of the metal is currently very small.

Local production of titanium concentrates is confined at present to two mines, one in Paraiba básed on ilmenite and operated by a privately-owned Brazilian company, and an

in the Bard

its on the Group. a controp those

Tave rade growth

Coalite

trading

pits strike

Turnover was slightly up at £466.78m against £441.77m. Other activities include oil and chemicals' processing, vehicle building and distribution, transport, warehousing and shipping services, builders' merchanting and instrument manufacture.

and instrument manufacture.

These stood at £18.11m against £17.94m after a £1.99m extra-ordinary charge last time. Earnings per share are stated at 21.06p, down from 23.17p.

hit by

Plantation interests boost Harrisons & Crosfield

Harrisons & Crosfield, with a more than doubled contribution in plantation interests helping to push up the group pre-tax profit by 47 per cent, from £56.6m to £83.2m.

This turns out to be some film ahead of the minimum forecast in February when the group made an offer (eventually successful) for Pauls. A final dividend of 15.5p was promised—this is being met and gives a total for is being met and gives a total for the year of 20p per share, against an effective 17p adjusting for a 1-for-1 scrip issue.

Earnings rose from 24.5p to 38.8p per share. Shareholders funds now exceed £500m.

Profit before Interest expanded from £65.7m to £97.3m. On a geographical basis this was split as to UK £26.2m (£29.3m), Asia geographical basis this was spirit as to UK £36.2m (£29.3m), Asia £54.4m (£26.2m), and elsewhere £16.7m (£10.2m)—mainly North American, Australia, New Zcaland, Papua New Guinea, and Europe. Interest charges were much heavier at £14.1m (£9.1m) much heavier at £14.1m (£9.1m). Plantation interests contribu-Plantation interests contribu-ted £49.4m, compared with £22.1m, thanks to higher crops and good prices, the latter in a number of cases being above

average. The chemicals and industrials side lifted its profit by £2.1m to £16m. Led by British Chrome and Chemicals, profits from all the UK and European manufacturing operations were ahead. Good performances in chemical distribution from Australia IIK distribution from Australia, UK and two of the American units were not matched by the companies along the North East for the ordinary came to £47.2m

£3.628m in 1983.

WATTS BLAKE BEARNE

Mr. C. D. Pike, Chairman, reports:

Pre-tax profits exceed £4 million

♣ Pre-tax profits increased by 17.3% to £4 256m compared with

Capitalisation issue of one Ordinary Share for every five held.

Total gross dividend increased to 7.0p from 5.857p.

Profitability continued to improve during 1984 thanks to

* Re-appraisal of our management structure and marketing

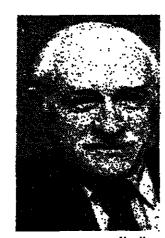
Annual General Meeting: 31st May 1985

PRODUCERS OF BALL AND CHINA CLAYS

increases in exports and the sale of refined clays.

strategy and redefining of executive functions as a

contribution towards the continued upward trend in



Mr Thomas Prentice, the chairman

coast of the U.S., or in Canada where results were poor.

In timber and building supplies volume of business dropped quite significantly in the latter part of the year. The profit showed a slight reduction to £11m (£11.6m).

On general trading the directors report that the recessionary conditions affecting the Eastern companies have not abated. Excellent results were again achieved by the jute marketing activities and the profit came to comment

Booming plantation profits have brought Harrison and Crosfield in just ahead of brokers' forecasts—although the marheld in just ahead of brokers' forecasts—although the mar-ket's reaction appears to be to take some profits every time the trader comes up with some good news. The performance of three news. The performance of three of the six divisions—namely chemicals and industrial, timber and building supplies and general trading—in the second half gives some cause for concern, however. All three experienced lower profits than in the second half of 1983—a factor reflected in the drop in UK profits before interest and tax at the year end. The secret of the plantations' success has to be the strong palm oil prices where the profit per tonne is now £240, a margin that looks sustainable through 1985 given the problems a margin that looks sustainable through 1985 given the problems in the soya complex. Production of palm oil is expected to increase by 11 per cent this year which should be more than enough to keep the group's plantation division contribution buoyant. The weaker divisions in 1984 will probably benefit from any weakening in the dollar. The recent £115m acquisition of Pauls should contribute some £10m for the nine months it will £10m for the nine months it will be consolidated and the cost of the purchase is mainly containable within the cash flow and balances held by the group. For 1985 the market is looking for 195m pre-lax which on a 40 per cent tax charge suggests a mul-tiple of 9.5 on 447p down 3p— surely leaving plenty of room for further advances.

Chesterfield **Properties** earnings rise

With earnings per share rising from 14.91p to 18.83p in 1984. Chesterfield Properties is lifting its dividend by 1.25p to 10.5p net, the final being 6.5p. Reflecting a revaluation of the investment properties, the year-end net asset value has increased to 572p, against 545.4p a year earlier. In the year net income from completed properties and other activities expanded from £6.26m to £7.18m. Rental income showed a rise from £7.68m to £8.76m, and other activities from £1.01m to

charges Interest f740,000 (£654,000), excluding development outgoings of £2.37m (£1.73m), or £1.35m (£878,000) net of tax relief. After tax £2.7m (£2.66m) net income available

Capital Gearing By April 5 1985, the net asset Value of Capital Gearing Trust had risen to 90.2p per share, compared with 70.24p at October

For the year expenses again outstripped income, and there is a net profit of £5,164 (£4,262) only after transferring £14,860

Credit must be given to Coalite for all but maintaining its trad-ing profit despite the effects of the miners' strike, which may the miners' strike, which may have cost a total of £5m during have cost a total of 55m during the year in lost production at its Yorkshire and Doncaster factories. The company's other activities had a strong year, and increased profits by more than 30 per cent to £7.1m, although as usual no detailed breakdown is provided. A much higher tax rate caught some analysts by surprise, and was apparently due to PRT paid on its purchase of a 1 per cent stake in the Claymore per cent stake in the Claymore field, not offset by higher explora-tion costs. Prospects for the current year should be viewed with caution. Although trading is satisfactory so far the company will have to struggle to reasing will have to struggle to regain its solid fuel customers lost last year, and profits from this source

39 per cent.

may not quite reach 1983 levels, assuming that the latest dispute in the coalfields blows over quickly. A total of £38m pre-tax

would put the shares on a p/e multiple of 9 with the shares as at 240p based on a lower rate of

hased funeral director, Ingall Industries, has been declared unconditional.

shares have been received from holders representing 73.7 per cent in addition House of Fraser has bought 1.12m ordinary (12.3

The bid is not to be referred

to the Monopolies and Mergers

Yearlings total £6m

Yearling bonds totalling f6m at 12½ per cent, redeemable on June 4, 1986, have been issued by the following local authorities

ties.
Middlesborough (Borough of)

Middlesborough (Borough of)
10.5m: Cumbernauld and Kilsyth
District Council £0.5m: Tamworth (Borough of) £0.25m:
Torfaen Borough Council £0.5m:
Swansea (City of) £1.0m: Dundea
(City of) DC £1.5m: Derwentside DC £0.25m: West Wiltshire
DC £0.5m: Newcasile-upon-Tyne

Archimedes Trust

A further improvement has been shown in the net asset value of Archimedes Investment

value of Archimedes Investment Trust, and by the end of last month it stood at 281.13p.

That compares with 231.67p at the end of October 1984 and with 219.75p six months earlier. For the six months ended April 30 1985 net revenue per income share had fallen from 5.26p to 5.14p, but the interim dividend is lifted to 4.4p (4p). Gross revenue was 299.355 (£100.582) and the net figure £62.938 (£64.430), after tax of £26,974 (£27,613).

Frank G. Gates, the Ford main dealer, lifted its turnover from £42.71m to £44.58m during 1984

but saw its profits before tax slip by £47,000 to £1.15m. Tax was reduced by £68,000 to £460,000 and extraordinary credits totalled £149,000, com-

pared with £29,000. Earnings per share amounted to 8.2p (7.9p). Dividend is a same again 3p net

Henderson Group

Henderson Group has written to shareholders of R. Cartwright (Holdings) to confirm that it is not willing to pay 180p a share to win its opposed bid for the Midland's builders supplies company.

Midland's builders supplies company.

The Cartwright share price has fallen 20p to 160p over the last few days. Henderson made an all-share offer for Cartwright last month, the five-for-nine bid placing an implied price of 130ip a share on the target.

LADBROKE INDEX 997-1001 (-3) ased on FT Index

Tel: 01-427 4411

Frank Gates

per 25p share.

(City of) £1.0m.

House of Fraser The agreed bid by the House of Fraser subsidiary. John Barker and Co. for the Wolverhampton-

Acceptances for the

comes through at £3.74m (£2.94m) and the cost of the dividend is £2.1m (£1.83m).

Earnings are shown to be 0.23p (0.19p) and the dividend is in effect lifted from 0.175p to 0.2p

MEPC up 13% so far and expects trend to continue

MEPC, Britain's second largest property company, has reported a 13 per cent increase in taxable profits for the first half of the 1984/85 year, and the directors expect the improvement to con-tinue in the current half

TRADING profits for the 1984-85 year at Coalite Group fell from 127.89m to £27.32m, but an increase in net interest receivable left the company with a slim rise in profit at the taxable level.

The year to March 31 1985 turned in pre-tax profits of £33.47m against £32.53m. The period coincided almost exactly with the duration of the miners' strike, which had an adverse effect on the company's performance at the interim stage. The mainstay of the group's business is the processing and distribution of solid smokeless fuels.

Turnover was slightly up at Pre-tax profits for the six months to March 31 1984 were up from £21.77m to £34.67m. The market had been expecting something around this figure, but marked the shares down 3p to 299p on the announcement.

299p on the announcement.

The interim dividend is held at 2.5p net per share, at a cost of £5.11m, with earnings per share shown at 7.4p against 6.6p.

Mr Robin Adam, the chairman, says that since his last report in December 1984, the development programme in the UK has progressed satisfactorily, and five new projects have commenced. Overseas, the second phase of the Colonnade development in Dallas, U.S., will be completed this summer.

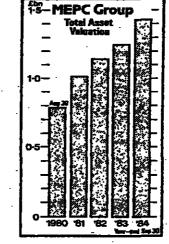
and instrument manufacture.

It also controls the Falklands Island Company, the main sheep farming operators on the South Atlantic islands. It is chaired by Mr Eric Varley, former Cabinet Minister in 1970s Labour Governments. Cabinet Minister in 1970s Labour Governments.

The result was after a £6.15m (£4.64m) credit for interest receivable and was subject to tax at £15.36m against £12.6m.

The final dividend is lifted from 4.13p to 4.65p net per share for a total of 6.43p (5.8p), which will account for £5.53m (£4.99m) of attributable profits.

These stood at £8.11m against



ties in earlier years, and the sales have realised book value. Mr Adam adds that there should be some increase in revenue profits as a result of these disposals.

Net income from investment properties rose from investment properties rose from £34.86m to £37.51m, before administrative and other expenses up from £3.01m to £3.26m. Other income added £8.99m (£6.26m), but finance charges were up from £16.14m to £18.57m.

The result was subject to tax at £9.34m against £8.11m, for a net figure of £15.35m (£13.66m). At the attributable level profits were up from £13.46m to £15.1m, of which the company will retain £8.99m (£8.35m).

Says that since his last report in December 1984, the development programme in the UK has progressed satisfactorily, and five new projects have commenced. Overseas, the second phase of the Colonnade development in Dallas, U.S., will be completed this summer.

As regards current operations, he says that the group's investment portfolio continues to perform well, particularly in the UK and Australia. In the U.S. it has disposed of its Houston and Hawali interests. Provisions were made against these proper-

Leeds Group 37.5% higher

paid on profits of £1.42m.

Reporting the half year, the directors say while the branches of Leeds Dyers have all continued to move ahead strongly,

FIRST-HALF profits before tax from the Leeds Group have expanded by 37.5 per cent, from £637,000 to £876,000, the interim dividend is raised by 0.5p, and the outlook is promising.

The profit for the period to March 31, stemmed from turnover ahead 41.3 per cent, from £5.03m to £7.11m, and was struck after depreciation of £211,000 (£187,000). The interim dividend is 2.25p net—total for the year ended September 30 1984 was 5p paid on profits of £1.42m. strike. The company is now once is promising.

The one serious drag on pro-duction and profit has been the increased costs of inconsistent coal supply caused by the miners'

more starting to receive high quality fuel from the Yorkshire pits, and expects significant benefits to follow. Leeds Leasing has written \$500,000 of new business in the period and will contribute to group profits this year.

West Yorkshire Insurance, in which the company holds a 40.5 per cent share, is developing to plan and is a beneficiary of higher interest rates.

After tax £360,000 (£250,000), the balf-year's net profit came to £516,000 (£387,000) for earnings of \$.3p (6.2p) per share.

Wold's USM share offer oversubscribed 33 times

BY LUCY KELLAWAY

THE FIRST offer for sale by a U.S. bank on the London market that with an enthusiastic response as applications worth £169m have been received for less than £5m worth of shares in Wold the frozen green vegetable processor that is joining the

USM.
The offer by Citicory Investment Bank and Phillips and Drew, the stockbroker, was nearly 33 times oversubscribed with 5.3m shares at 25p being chased by applications for 177.4m shares. shares. Most of the shares will be allo-

Most of the shares will be allo-cated by a weighted ballot, which will give successful investors be-tween 200 and 400 shares each, while those applying for very small numbers of shares will re-ceive none, and those for large amounts will get only thrze per cent of the amount applied for. Despite the huge oversubscrip-tion, the City does not think the

"One of two things can happen you get zero applications or else you get a great many. When so

much of the money is specula tive you are likely to get heavily oversubscribed issues. Mr Alistair Alcock of Phillips and Drew said yesterday.

The most recent offer for sale on the USM was John Perkins Meats which was subscribed just 1.1 times.

Shares in Wold will be allocated as follows: applications for less than 200 shares will get none; 200-9,000 will be allocated by weighted ballot, with 200-1,000 receiving 200-shares, 1,500-5,000 getting 400. Applications for more than 1,000 will receive 3 per cent of their application.

Tesco rights result

Acceptances of the Tesco rights cent of the amount applied for.

Despite the huge oversubscription, the City does not think the issue has been under priced, and the jobbers are expecting a premium of about 20p when the shares open on June 3.

"One of twe things can hange it is a sue were received in respect of 63.33m shares (93.3 per cent of the issue). The remaining 4.51m shares have been sold in the market at an average net price of approximately 35.55p per share. It is expected that cheques "One of two things can happen will be posted to non-accepting in a small offer for sale: either shareholders by June 7, but no payments of less than £2 made.

TR Property Investment moves ahead

Net income of the TR Property Investment Trust for the year ended March 31, 1985 rose from £1.45m to £1.75m. This equals earnings of 4.02p, against 3.31p, per share, and the dividend is increased from 3.15p to 3.55p net with a final of 2.2p.

At the year end net assets value was shown to be 177.4p per share, rising from 157.1p a year earlier. Of total assets, 60 per cept was invested in UK property, 187.9er cent in the U.S., 7 per cent in Australia, and 6 per cent in the Pacific Basin.

50 per cent hedged on capital and 95 per cent hedged on prospective income.
In 1984-85 total dividend and interest income came to £3.2m. a rise of £404,000 over the previous year. Expenses and interest payable totalled £734,000 (£572,000) and tax was £786,000

profits slip under £10m A SHARP downturn by Capital & Counties' housebuilding operations over the second six months virtually eroded income gains of nearly £2m from property investment and left the group trailing at 12 months. At the pre-tay level profits fell

Capital &

Counties

at 12 months.

At the pre-tax level profits fell from a restated £10.47m to £9.96m having shown an improvement of almost £1m at the six months' stage.

Operating income from property investment advanced from £10.56m to £12.2m in the year to March 25 1925 but the contribu-

March 25 1985 but the contribu-tion from housebuilding fell by £1.82m to £1.9m. Property trading operations produced 5840,000, compared with a previous £991,000.

However, revenue earnings came through marginally ahead at 9.21p (9.11p) per share and an increased final dividend of 3.7p (3.3p) lifts the net total

from 4.70 to 5.3p.

Administration expenses rose to £2.58m (£2.27m) and vet interest charges from £2.44m to £2.97m. Other income added £254.000 took £110.0001 and the charge of associates' profits share of associates' Di increased from £224,000 £317.000.

Tax was cut by £485,000 to £2,88m which left the available

22 88m which left the available balance marginally higher at 27 08m, against £7m.

In accordance with the provisions of SSAP 20 (foreign currency translation), exchange differences arising from the retranslation of the opening net investment in overseas companies have been recorded as an adjustment to the appropriate panies have been recurred as an adjustment to the appropriate opening reserves.

This resulted in £589,000 (£1.25m) being taken directly to

reserves.

A professional valuation of the group's investment portfolio on an open market basis at March 25 1985 threw up a surplus of

comment

The good news is that Capital and Counties profits are mor so above expectations. Property investment income jumped by 18 per cent thanks to an extra film from reversions on existfilm from reversions on existing properties and the inclusion
of f0.7m on properties previously within the development
category—the Wakefield retail
development for example.
Housebuild enjoyed a humper
second half and the division's
contribution almost doubled for
the year after adjusting 1984's
figure for a one-off f2.6m profit. the year after adjusting 1984's figure for a one-off £2.6m profit. The bad news, however, is what caught the market's eye yesterday and that was the surprisingly low increase in the valuation of the investment portfolio (à la Land Securities) which left the fully diluted net asset value at this? £580. Fire with some ununual profits the following the same ununual profits and the same ununual profits and the following the same ununual profits the following the same ununual profits and the same unununus the same ununus the same unununus the same unu nerty, 182-per cent in the U.S., Typer cent in Australia, and 6 per cent in the Pacific Basin.

The company increased its U.S. dollar loan facility from 35m to \$11.7m, and intends to maintain and continue these loans for the foreseeable future. As a result of the increased borrowing in the U.S., the portfolio there is now approximately 50 per cent hadaad or continue the set of the way the large Strand property is valued de-pressed the overall effect. The Strand property alone resulted in a fi.4m reduction in the office a silem reduction in the once content: Perhaps next year's valuation will be better but in the meantime a 21 per cent discount to nev. At 203p suggests the shares are fairly valued against the sector.

Associated British Foods



up 18 per cent.

66An excellent performance achieved by our UK operating companies?

Garry Weston, Chairman

- Salient features from the Report and Accounts 1985 ★ Overall group profit increased by 20 per cent.
- * UK manufacturing trading profits up 30 per cent: retail profits
- * Overseas results affected by adverse currency realignments.
- * Profit attributable slightly lower due to increase in UK tax charge.
- * Shareholders' Funds increased from £786 million to £841 million.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS Turnover-excluding Premier Group	1985 £ million 2.930.6	1984 £ million 2,764.7		
Group profit – excluding Premier Group Investment income Profit of Premier Group	108.8 23.5	90.6 23.7 12.4		
Profit before Tax Tax and minority interests	132.3 53.4	126.7 42.2		
Profit attributable to the Company Extraordinary items	78.9 10.8	84.5 87.6*		
Profit for the Financial Year	89.7	<u>172.1</u>		
Farnings per share	19.8p	21.2p		
*Last year Extraordinary items included the profit on the sale of Premier Group and a provision for deferred taxation.				

Associated British Foods plc Weston Centre, 68 Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7LR.

Westpac Banking Corporation

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange

A\$50,000,000 13½% Subordinated Bonds Due 1988

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds:

Orion Royal Bank Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. **Banque Paribas Capital Markets** Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Generale Bank

Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Kredietbank International Group Morgan Stanley International Nomura International Limited Salomon Brothers International Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Westpac Banking Corporation

Amro International Limited Banque Indosuez Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG-Vienna Hambros Bank Limited

Morgan Guaranty Ltd The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Ord Minnett Limited — J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

The A\$50,000,000 13½ per cent. Subordinated Bonds due 1988 ("the Bonds") are to be issued at par in the denomination of A\$1,000. Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Bonds to be admitted to the Official List. subject only to the issue of the temporary Global Bond.
Interest at the rate of 13½ per cent, will be payable annually in arrears on 6th June of each year, the first

payment being made on 6th June, 1986. Listing particulars relating to the Bonds and Westpac Banking Corporation are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during normal business hours up to and including 3rd June, 1985 from The Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London EC2P 2BT and up to and including 12th June, 1985 from:

Orion Royal Bank Limited 1 London Wall London EC2Y 5JX

Westpac Banking Corporation Walbrook House 23 Walbrook London EC4N 8LD

25 Austin Friars London EC2N 2JB

30th May, 1985

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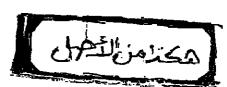
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Thursday May 30 196

Thursday May 30 1985



WALL STREET

Lukewarm reception to tax plan

PRESIDENT Reagan's plan for reform of the U.S. tax code yesterday met a lukewarm reception on Wall Street, writes Terry Byland in New York.

While some analysts believe that a reduction in personal income taxes could Charles from the chromator from 12346 stimulate equity trading in the long term, they expressed concern about the shorter-term prospects for corporate earnings as companies face higher tax charges.

At the close the Dow Jones industrial average was up 1.46 at 1,302.98.

Oil stocks eased again as the market braced itself for further reductions in world oil prices. The high-technology sector had another nervous session, as Texas Instruments joined the list of companies showing the strain of competition in the industry.

In the credit markets, rates edged higher despite a federal funds rate still below 8 per cent and a round of customer repurchases by the Federal Reserve.

The Dow average quickly dipped below 1,300 again in early trading, which the strain of th was featured by a spate of selling by private investors and contrasted with the institutional support seen at the close of the previous session. Trading died down

STOCK WARKET INDICES

1.297.83*

625.59°

161,881

999.1

632.95

463.0

10.74

543.8

97.69

133.94*

128.6

448.19

210.8 171.3

2,343,45 2,335.86

1.312.0

End Month Figures

900

800

600

DJ Transport

S&P Composite 187.11*

DJ Utilities

FT-SE 100

FT-A 500

FT-A All-share

FT Gold mines

FT-A Long gift

Nikkel-Dow

Tokyo SE

AUSTRALIA

Metals & Mins.

Credit Aktier

Belgian SE

Toronto Metals & Mints

All Ord.

AUSTRIA

BELOWIE

CANADA

Montrea Portfolio

DENMARK

FRANCE

CAC Gen

Ind. Tendance

WEST GERMANY

Commerzbank

FAZ-Aktlen

HONG KONG

Hang Seng

Banca Comn

NETHERLANDS

ANP-CBS Gen ANP-CBS Ind

ITALY

NORWAY

Oslo SE

SINGAPORE

JSE Golds JSE Industria

Madrid SE

SWITZERLAND

Capital Int'l

SWEDEN

JAP

WORLD

Landon Zürich

Paris (fbáng)

Luxembourg

New York (June)

Straits Times

SOUTH AFRICA

LONDON

FT Ord

TOKYO

KEY MARKET MONITORS

Tokyo New Stock Exchange

1,301.52 1,101.24

457.82

122.54

150.29

803.4

490.00

537.39

672.2

450.7

181.29

88.7

126.2

361.1

Yearago

175.2

Prev \$309.75

\$311.25

\$313.32

\$314.25

445.63 345.99

10.86

S DM

Yon

Ura

628.10

162.29

187.85

1.006.5

1,317.4

635.76

697.79

455.4

12,767.17 12,694.93 10,164.0

997.91 992.35 793.61

558.3

97.27

1,999.6° 2,014.06 1,947.0 2,737.3° 2,739.06 2,222.5

134.13

192.20

228.8 127.7

1,310,1 1,304,2 1,006.4

1.597.71 1.570.84 923.03

311,34 308,92 206,70

210,7 171,0

n/a 336,28 271,06

816,92 815,20 951,87

1,039.9 970.2

1,370.06 1,364.61 1,388.00

109.23 109.61

210.2 210.7

May 29 \$316.50

\$312.75

\$311.19

\$311.00

May 28

GOLD (per ounce)

10.77

at midsession, but little recovery was

Blue chips were restrained by weakness in oil stocks, which continued to discount a cut in crude prices by Norway. Exxon, a major constituent of the Dow average, fell \$4 to \$53%. Standard Ohio slipped \$4 to \$46%, and others to give ground included Texaco, \$% down at \$36%, and Atlantic Richfield, \$% off at 560%. Schlumberger, whose fortunes are tied to oil search activity, fell \$1% to

In computer stocks, Texas Instruments (TI) plunged \$2 to a new 12-month low of \$87% after First Boston, the major investment bank, cut its earnings forecasts and removed TI from its recommended list. Removal from the "core list" of a major Wall Street house, in the wake of TI's changes in senior manage-ment, is a serious blow for the computer company.

IBM dipped \$% to \$129%, Digital Equipment \$% to \$105%, and Burroughs S% to S83%. At \$23%, AT&T gave up \$% after Dean Witter Reynolds downgraded its profit forecast - and despite the favourable outcome to the MCI communications suit.

Almost the only firm spots came among aerospace stocks, which lost ground last week when the Senate was debating the proposed budget cuts. President Reagan's plan may help defuse the Democrat attacks on defence spending. Lockheed, \$\% up at \$53, and McDonnell Douglas, \$% higher at \$75%, were good features.

Airlines drew little benefit from the expectation of a reduction in fuel bills. With the pilots' strike still in place, Unit-

CURRENCIES

Previous

3.113

9,485

2.6185

62.65

1,3785

INTEREST RATES

U.S BONDS

Price Yield

100% 9.09

1042462 10.449

1041% 10.74

Price Yield

82% 11.15

97% 11.05

11.80 Feb 2013 102.959 11.50 102% 11.55

12% Dec 2012 101.996 12.00 101% 12.05

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Latest High

76-05 76-11 75-31 76-12

92.80 92.75 92.73 92.81

92.36 92.39 92.33 92.40

105-28 105-29 105-07 105-06

477.80p

\$26,825

£1,178.50 £1,191.00 £2,058.00 £2,092.50

92.11 \$2.06 92.16

Prev 487.20p

May 29°

100%

10.299

10.30

U.S. DOLLAR

May 28

3.078

251.75

2.5875

62.05

1.3815

(3-month offered rate)

3-month U.S.\$ 6-month U.S.\$ **U.S. Fed Funds**

U.S. 3-month CDs

1987

1995

10% June 1990

3% July 1990

8% May 2000

10% March 1993 97%

Diamond Shamrock

Federated Dept Stores

10% May 2013 92.31

U.S. Treasury Bonds (CBT).

U.S. Treasury Bills (HMM)

Certificates of Deposit (HMM)

92.07

COMMODITIES

10% May 1993

Abbot Lab

CHICAGO

8% 32nds of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

£50,000 32nds of 100%

Silver (spot fixing)

Copper (cash) Cottee (July)

June

June

11% 1992

11%

11%

950

STERLING

May 29 Previous

1,2675 1,2515

11.9

3.2775

78.65

12% 7% 51%

7% 8% 71% 7.50° 7.24°

1.75

1,971.0 1,981.5 2,494.0 2,480.0

314.75

11.865

3.2825

1,725

121%s 5%s 5% 10%s

7'% 8% 7% 7.50 7.18

Price Yield

1001/2 9.05

107% 10.25 105% 10.42

10425 10.71

100% 10.25

96% 11.30

92 11.20

Price

82

ed eased by \$\% to \$47\%. Pan American eased \$% to \$6%.

TWA, having put itself up for sale in an attempt to ward of Mr Carl Icahn, put on \$% to \$18 in brisk trading.

Among communications stock. Time Inc remained unchanged at \$53 after joining with Telecommunications to buy Warner-Amex, the cable TV venture of Warner Communications, \$\% better at \$28\%, and American Express, \$\% up at

CBS stock moved up strongly, putting on \$3% to \$115%, although the board knew of no reason. Wall Street believes that either a rival bidder will intervene or that CBS will take action to thwart Mr Ted Turner's takeover bid.

In the bond market, prices were a shade off in calm trading. The market awaited the outcome of the auction of \$8bn in five-year notes, which include \$1bn of foreign targeted stock. As the auction commenced, the notes traded on a when-issued yield of 9.93 per cent, a shade below the rate set at the most recent auction of five-year notes in February 1983.

Short-term issues held steady, with federal funds at 71% per cent after the Fed's announcement of \$2bn in customer repurchases when funds touched 7%

TOKYO

Hectic pace on way to new peak

FURTHER selective buying of large-capital stocks by institutional and individual investors took the Nikkei-Dow stock average to another record high in Tokyo yesterday, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The index added 72.24 to 12,767.17 on the third highest volume ever of nearly 1.15bn shares against 682.60m on Tuesday.

The market's uneven performance was demonstrated, however, by the fact that declines outnumbered advances 417 to 410, with 123 issues unchanged.

Mitsubishi Heavy Industries was the most active with a turnover of 51.41m shares, but its price closed unchanged at Y291 because of profit-taking. The stock has gained Y23 since May 15 on consistently heavy turnover.

Sumitomo Chemical, second busiest with 43.86m shares traded, shed Y12 to

Asahi Chemical climbed Y40 in early trading on volume of 40.7m shares, but late selling meant the shares closed at Y1,070, up Y10. Mitsubishi Chemical dropped Y8 to Y540 after rising Y11 at

Nippon Express gained Y8 to Y417 with the fifth-largest volume of 31.59m Real estates generally firmed. Mitsu-

bishi Estate moved up Y17 to Y757, Sumitomo Realty Y34 to Y680, and Mitsui Real Estate Y11 to Y840.

Large trading companies also firmed on hopes of stronger performances because of lower domestic and international interest rates.

Buying interest later spread to some financial stocks with off-the-book asset issues. Tokio Marine and Fire gained Y31 to Y904, Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Y30 to Y960, Sumitomo Marine and Fire Y17 to Y673 and Nomura Securities Y70 to Y1.140.

Electric power and gas utilities opened lower but rallied in late trading. Tokyo Electric Power climbed Y20 to Y2,020, and Tokyo Gas rose Y2 to Y216.

Blue chips remained lethargic with the exception of Sony, which advanced Y50 to Y4,140. NEC shed Y20 to Y1,060. Trading volume of Sony and NEC remained low at 123,800 and 972,000

shares respectively. Foreign buying and selling orders through the "big four" securities companies swelled to 37m and 36m shares, respectively. An official of Daiwa Securities said foreigners were buying Mitsubishi Heavy Industries and selected real estate, private electric railway and

trading house groups.

Bonds opened firm after an overnight gain on the U.S. Treasury bond market but moved little. The yield on the benchmark 7.3 per cent government bond due in December 1993 dropped from 6.585 per cent to 6.570 per cent.

CANADA

AN UNEVEN retreat in Toronto hit base-metal miners and oil and gas shares while gold mines built on the progress of the previous session.

Among the actives, Royal Trust rose C\$% to C\$20%, FCA International traded C\$% higher to C\$19% and Gulf Canada moved C\$\% up to C\$18\%.

Banks and industrials in Montreal were easier although utilities gained

SOUTH AFRICA

THE WEAKER bullion price drove Johannesburg gold shares lower although trading volume remained thin. Vaal Reefs suffered a R4 decline to R181 while Free State Geduld sustained a proportionally more damaging fall of R3.25 to R50.25. Driefontein limited its drop to 25 cents at R50.

Mining financials were mixed with Anglo American Corp 25 cents easier at R28 and Gencor 40 cents at R31.75

EUROPE

Broad-based run to high spots

FOREIGN investors centred intense buying interest on Frankfurt yesterday as the market showed no sign of a retreat from its record level.

The Commerzbank index moved 5.9 higher to 1,310.1 - its eighth consecutive record - as overseas orders entered the market for a broad range of banking, chemical and steel stocks.

Commerzbank's DM 425m issue of participation certificates provided the impetus for support in financials, and it was also taken as an expression of confidence in the stock market's growth pot-

The bank's shares closed DM 5 higher at DM 193.50 followed by Deutsche Bank, up DM 13.50 to DM 513, and Dresdner, DM 1.90 higher at DM 226.70.

Automotive stocks failed to enjoy the full force of the buying due to a technical reaction to recent increases. BMW fell DM 7.50 to DM 384.50 while Daimler-Benz shook off early losses to add 50 pfg to DM 792,50.

Moderate buying pressure was suffi-cient to push Brussels to a record with a 7.59 rise to 2,343.45 in the Stock Exchange index. The fall in local interest rates and the possibility of tax advantages to holders of equities backed the

Kredietbank attracted most attention in a strong financial sector and closed BFr 180 higher at BFr 8,600 following encouraging indications about the group's profit outlook.

Bekaert also gained ground on bullish profit predictions and closed BFr 200 up at BFr 5.900.

Paris recovered after a weak start to finish higher in moderate turnover. The CAC General index moved to another record with a 1.4 rise to 230.20.

Building and construction stocks were mixed, although Bouygues firmed a fur-ther FFr 6 to FFr 842 and Lafarge Coppée added another FFr 60 to FFr 2,690.

Moët-Hennessy built on recent im-provements with an FFr 18 rise to FFr 2,003 despite news that this year's cham-

pagne harvest is expected to be very small. Pernod slipped to FFr 749, down

The consolidation phase that Zurich has been going through this week continued, leaving most prices little changed in light turnover.

Banks came under mild selling for

most of the day, with Bank Leu leading the way down to close SwFr 225 lower at SwFr 3,775, followed by Crédit Suisse, SwFr 10 off at SwFr 2,585, and Union Bank, down SwFr 20 at SwFr 3,880.

Mövenpick lost ground after profit-takers moved to clip it back SwFr 150 to SwFr 4.500.

Caution entered Amsterdam, leaving little room for broad trends to emerge. Leading companies were mainly weaker. Expectations of lower oil prices

forced Royal Dutch Fl 2.40 to Fl 197.60, and Unilever eased Fl 2 to Fl 348.50. Demand showed for insurer Amey which was FI 3.20 higher at FI 239.50 after peaking at FI 240.50, and copier mak-

er Océ van der Grinten gained Fl 2.50 to Stockholm remained dull. In Oslo trading resumed in Borregaard after an

Kosmos have collapsed. Milan regained its upward trend after the reappearance of institutional inves-tors while in Madrid prices fell marginally in thin volume.

announcement that merger plans with

LONDON

UNINSPIRING trade figures and renewed oil price worries unsettled London equities yesterday as many investors took to the sidelines in the final stages of the current three-week account

Support for recent speculative issues waned, and the FT Ordinary index, down 10 points by mid-afternoon, fin-ished a net 7.4 lower at 999.1.

Leading electricals and high-technology stocks were vulnerable mirroring the problems in their respective areas but later staged a recovery.

Gilts ignored the Chancellor of the Ex-

chequer's attempts to downgrade the importance of sterling M3. Investors, instead, responded to the rising pound, and shorts picked up % in most places while longs managed gains of ½. Indexlinked issues quietened after Tuesday's flurry of interest, and most held at overnight levels.

Chief price changes, Page 40; Details, Page 41; Share information service,

SINGAPORE

LATE SELLING partially erased earlier gains in Singapore during another ses-

sion of light trading.

The Straits Times industrial index closed up 1.72 at 816.92 after being 2.11 higher at midday on a turnover of 4.9m

shares compared with 5.7m on Tuesday. Plantations were well supported, with Kulim's 12 cents increase to \$\$2.24 leading the sector.

Banks were also marginally stronger. DBS and OCBC each added 5 cents to finish at SS6.20 and SS9.30 while UOB

gained 2 cents to S\$4.40. Most property stocks closed un-changed, although Singapore Land eas-

ed 6 cents to S\$2.94. Among industrial issues, Gentings re-covered 5 cents of its recent loss to S\$6.25, and Fraser and Neave advanced

the same amount to S\$5.30. HONG KONG

BUYING pressure developed steadily in Hong Kong as institutions re-entered the market after last week's sharp set-

While the support was broad-based, the market was driven by several leading stocks which made significant contributions to the 26.87 increase in the

Hang Seng index to 1,597.71.

Jardine Matheson stood out with a 90cent jump to HKS12.00 while Cheung Kong and Hongkong Electric shared 10-cent increases to HK\$18.40 and HK\$8.30

respectively. Although unchanged at HK\$15.70 China Light was the centre of considerable attention. Swire moved against the trend to finish 20 cents down at

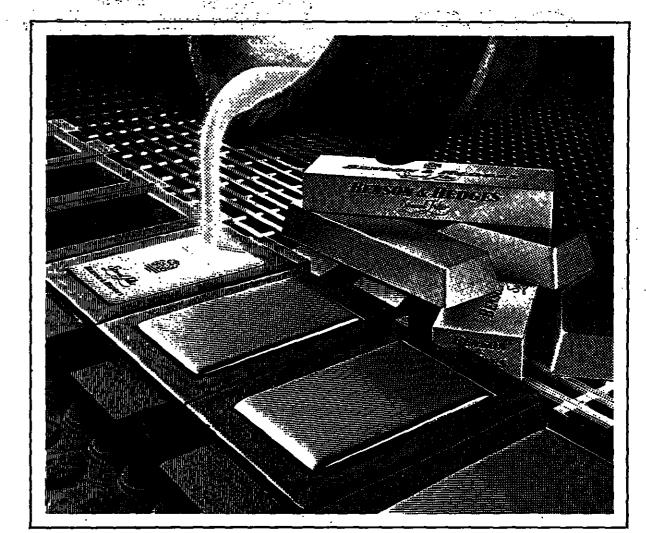
AUSTRALIA

THE UNEXPECTED absence of international buying interest created a vacuum during trading in Sydney, leaving the way open for mild profit-taking by local

Weaker world metal prices also encouraged selling of mineral stocks, with gold shares under most pressure. The heaviest falls included Central

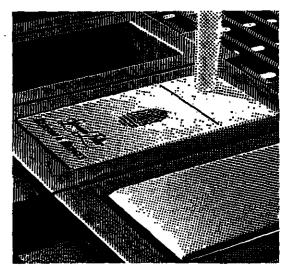
Norseman, down 40 cents to A\$8.60, Kidston 25 cents lower at A\$4.00 and Whim Creek off 20 cents at A\$3.00. A feature of trading was heavy buying

in the diversified industrial group ACI which added 12 cents to A\$2.50 after a broker placed an order for 10m shares for overseas interests.



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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

NEW TORK STO	CK EACHAIGE C	OTITE CALL	· n-1	
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WURLD SIG	CK WIARREIS	
AUSTRIA GERMANY NORWAY AUSTRALIA (continued) JAPAN (continued) Price + or Price + or	OVER-THE-COUNTER Nasslaq national market, 2.30pm prices	LONDON
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277g 2914 1614 11 141₂ 1918 33 193₄ 303₄ 191₂ 391₂ \$28% \$29% \$16½ \$11% \$14½ \$33½ \$33½ \$31 \$20 \$40

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Continued tabs

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EQUITIES

\$1129 | F.P. 7:8 | 200 | 172 | 515C | F.P. 7:6 | 205 | 265 | 100 | F.P. 21% | 103 | 101 | 128 | F.P. 13% | 550 | 26 | 5120 | F.P. 21% | 103 | 101 | 148 | 5113 | F.P. 29% | 119 | 113 | 110 | F.P. 7% | 112 | 106 | F.P. 7% | 106 | 91 | 7.7% | 106 | 91 | 7.7% | 106 | 91 | 7.7% | 120 | F.P. 7% | 125 | 175 | 120 | F.P. 105 | 125 | 115 | 130 | F.P. 105 | 143 | 137 | 138 | F.P. 24.5 | 72 | 68 | F.P. 24.5 | 72 | 68

RIGHTS OFFERS

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

| 21pm | 70m/Anchor Chemical | 375 | 393 | 353 | Bank of Scotland £1 | 353 | Bank of Scotland £1 | 353 | Bank of Scotland £1 | 354 | 355 | Bank of Scotland £1 | 355 | Bank of Scotland £2 | 355 | Bank of Scotland £1 | 355 | 355 | 355 | Bank of Scotland £1 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 3

Renunciation date usually last day for dealing free of stamp duty. b Figures based on prospectus estimates. d Dividend rate paid or payable on part of capital, cover based on dividend on full capital. g Assumed dividend and yield. v Forecast dividend cover based on previous year's earnings. F Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1985. H Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1984. Q Gross. p Pence unless otherwise indicasted. I fissued by tender. I Official halders of ordinary shares as a " rights." * Issued by way of capitalisation. §§ Reintroduced. It issued in connection with roorganisation merger or takeover. E Allotment letters or fully-paid. I introduction. & Unlisted Securities Market. § Placing price. T Figures assumed. 11 Official London Listing. IT Dealt in under Rule 535(3).

Uninspiring trade figures and oil price worries

Account Dealing Dates Option

Option

*First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day May 13 May 30 May 31 June 18 June 13 June 13 June 14 June 24 June 17 June 27 June 28 July 8

**New-tions dealings may take piece from 9.30 am two business days series.

Potential investors moved to the sidelines yesterday as the London equity market entered the final stages of the current three-week trading Account. Recent buyers of speculative issues also adopted a stand-off approach and the scene was set for a resumption of the pre-holiday caster trend. The ensuing uncertainty fed on itself and around mid-afternoon the FT Ordinary share index was some ten points down and in Among of recording a heavy to 150p following a newsletter

F1 Orninary snare index was some ten points down and in danger of recording a heavy closing fall.

There was some selling associated with end-Account influences but dealers said that it was not sufficient to warrant the price lesset. Traders carried was not sufficient to warrant the price losses. Traders searched for another cause for the depression and decided to blame it on a combination of the April UK trade returns and renewed worries over world oil prices. The fact that sterling rose over a cent against the dollar to \$1.2630, reflecting currency market scepticism over oil price rumours made scant impression.

ket scepicism over oil price rumours made scant impression.

Leading Electricals and high-technology stocks were valuerable, mirroring the problems currently assailing their respective areas, but later staged a recovery which spread to other market sectors. In the afterhours' business, the rally was extended and constituents of the FT Ordinary share index finally showed net changes in either direction. Marked weakness in Vickers, however, took a toll on the measure which closed 7.4 lower on balance at 999.1.

The Chancellor's campaign to downgrade the importance of sterling M3 as a monetary measure bemused the Gilt-edged market. Early trade was negligible but investors gradually responded to the rising pound and longer-dated stocks moved higher to the extent of i in one or two instances. The shorts also improved, usually by 1, but index-linked issues quietened after Tuesday's revived interest and most remained at their overnight levels.

Incurrances mixed

unsettle equity market

syp. as speculative interest revived.

Among otherwise subdued Breweries, Young non-roting shares were marked 10 higher to 150p following a newslotter investment recommendation.

Losses in the Building sector were relatively modest. Rediand slipped 4 to 301p and RMC lost a like amount to 388p, but Costain remained a firm market and hardened a couple of pencemore to a 1985 peak of 402p.

Among Timbers, Meyer International attracted renewed speculative buying and touched 141p prior to closing 3 dearer at 140p.

141n prior to closing 3 dearer at 140p.
Talk that a broker had upgraded third-quarter profit estimates due to increased demand for ethylene prompted early firmness in ICI, which moved up to 775p before drifting off to close just 2 dearer on balace at 767p. Among other Chemicals, Croda International firmed 3 to 136p helped by option business, but Coalite softened a couple of pence to 240p following the disappointing annual results.

Stores dip and rally Activity in Stores continued

Vickers, however, took a toll on the measure which closed 74. lower on balance at 999.1.

The Chancellor's campaign to downgrade the importance of sterling M3 as a monetary measure bemused the Giltedged market. Early trade was negligible but investors gradually responded to the rising pound and longer-dated stocks mosed higher to the extent of 4 in one or two instances. The shorts along on two instances. The shorts along index-linked issues quickeded after Tuesday's revived interest and most remained at their overnight levels.

Insurances mixed

The Insurance sector was enlivened late by news of the mosted management buyout; bidders Burton settled 6 off at 479D, after 478D, after 4

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

	May 29	May 26	May 24	May 23	May £2	May 21	ago Pear
Government Socs	81,02	80,87	80,80	80,83	80,93	60,91	77.8
Fixed Interest	85,91	85,84	85,78	85.70	85,73	85,79	82,3
Ordinary	999.1	1006,6	1001,6	1010.2	1020,9	1020.2	803.
Gold Mines		455.4	477,5	479.8	484,9	481.5	672,
		4,59	4,61	4,58	4.54	4,54	4,8
Earnings, Yid. & (full)	11,65	11,54	11.60	11,63	11,46	11.46	11,3
P/E Ratio (net) (*)		10,57					
Total bargains (Est.)	22,273	25,833	23,500	25,597	27,086	24,281	22,48
Equity turnover £m.	_	348,70	427,53	466,93	496,85	537.09	259,4
Equity bargains	- :	10.539	21,999	23,382	25,837	27,283	15,68
Shares traded (ml)	- 1	154.0	232.2	239.9	229.8	277.7	187.

Basia 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26. Fixed Int, 1928. Ordinary 1/7/35 Gold Mines 12/9/65. SE Activity 1974. Latest Index 01-246 8026 *Nil = 10.13.

> **HIGHS AND LOWS** S.E. ACTIVITY INDICES

_	19	85	Since Co	mpilat'n	<u> </u>	28	24
	High	Low	High	Low	Daily Gilt Edged		i
Govt. Secs.	82.00 (18/8)	78.02 (28/1)	127.4	49,18	Bargains Equities Bargains		154,2 142.5
Fixed int	86.19 (22/4)	88.17 (28/1)	150.4 28/11:47/		Value	704,8	
Ordinary	1024.5 (22/1)		1024,5 122/1/851	28 (B/4f)	Gift Edged Bargains	184,6	183,5 .
Gold Mines	536.9 (15(4)		784.7 (15/2/88)	43,5	Bargains	151.7	164.9 919.7

144p before settling 4 down on halance at 148p. Bid speculation helped Thorn EMI, which closed only 3 down at 465p after reacting to 455p initially. High-technology stocks failed to shake off the recent depression. Tunstall Telecom gave up 10 at 290p. while falls of 5 were marked against Crystalate, 148p, Eurotherm, 315p, and Farnell, 177p. Acorn Computer lost 3 to 14p. Eisewhere, Applied Holographics, assisted by a recent article in the Financial Times, improved 20 more to 260p.

Leading Engineerings drifted profit estimates to around £24m, railied smartly to close unchanged on balance at 447p. Among other leading Foods, bid favourate Rowntree Mackintosh, a firm market on Tuesday on rumours of a possible offer from America's Nabisco Brands, slipped to 440p prior to closing just 3 cheaper on the day at 442p. Associated Fisheries gained 4 to 108p in reply to good interim results, while buying in restricted markets lifted Bernard Matthews 22 to 355p and Batleys of Yorkshire 10 to 100p. Sidney of Yorkshire 10 to 100p. Sidney C. Banks continued to reflect a

Euro. Ferries Rights

broker's recommendation and

Many leading miscellaneous industrials picked up to close with little alteration on balance. Boots, a good market recently, settled only 3 lower at 193p, after 191p, awaiting today's preliminary figures. Against the trend, Beecham made headway. on U.S. buying to close 10 higher at 365p. Elsewhere, European Ferries dritted off to close 3 cheaper at 139p following news of the proposed £71.6m net rights issue. Further persistent small selling took British Aerospace new shares down to 213p before new shares down to 213p before a close of 219p, only 3 lower on a close of 2199, only 3 lower on the day. Marley, reflecting a broker's downgraded profits forecast, gave up 4 at 85p, while Redlearn National Glass lost 5 to 463.0. recommendation. Extel, awaiting today's annual figures, eased 8 more to 330p, but Lep Group, also scheduled to report full-year results today, hardened 5 to 265p. Peniland, advanced 35 to 335p on a revived buying interest. Among USM stocks, CVD fell 17 to 178p on fears of a cutback in U.S. defence spending, while Computer stocks to give ground included NMW, 10 lower at 340p, and Rolfe and Nolan, 7 cheaper at 135p.

Among Leisure issues, GRA Group attracted support ahead of tomorrow's annual meeting and touched 70p prior to closing 2 firmer on balance at 68p.

buying was again evident in Minorco which put on 15 more to 710p still reflecting the recent buy recommendation in a leading U.S. publication.

Australians remained on the retreat but closed above the day's lowest levels, helped by the good rally in precious metals. Never.

Properties made a dull showing. Half-year profits at the top end of marker estimates failed to sustain MEPC which shed 5 to 298p, while the disappointing asset valuation which accompanied the preliminary figures left Capital and Counties 6 lower at 203p. Great Portland Estates shed 6 to 152p following the agreed acquisition of Limoo Group, a property investment and development company, for Shippings gave ground P & O Deferred, a rising market last week following a chart "buy" recommendation, were sold and closed 7 lower at 360p, while Ocean Transport ended 4 off at 179p.

Stockjobbers Smith Bros, Stockjobbers Smith Bros, appropriate of the stock o Ocean Transport enters 2 on an 179p.

Stockjobbers Smith Bros, which announced reduced preliminary profits, dipped to 117p
before settling 3 lower on balance at 120p.

Bank of treband Decision Bank Woodshester (Commercial) William Street (2) Commercial (2) Settway Commercial (3) New Part (4) Settway Commercial (4) New Part (4) Settway Commercial (5) New Part (4) Settway Commercial (5) New Part (4) Settway Commercial (5) New Part (4) Settway Commercial (6) New Part (6) Settway Commercial (6) New Part (6) Settway Commercial (6) Settway Commercia

Oils lower

Continuing worries over the possibility of renewed weakness in oil prices and fears of major rifts among OPEC members in the run up to the next full OPEC meeting—scheduled for July 22—led to renewed weakness throughout the oil sector. The leading issues were marked down initially and remained under pressure until the after-hours trade when prices picked up on "cheap" buying. LASMO were particularly vulnerable and fell away to a year's low of 278p before steadying to close a net 13 off at 280p. Shell closed 8 down on balance at 695p, after 693p and Britoil 6 cheaper at 217p, after 253p. Fading bid hopes lowered Burmah 4 to 284p.

Secondary issues showed Carless Capel 2 easier at 173p despite the sharply higher pre-liminary profits. Elsewhere, Falcon Resources came under renewed pressure and gave up 10 more to 335p while Firstland Oil and Gas dropped 20 to 220p.

LJ Semf shr cm shr cm vb cm Business in Overseas Traders was enlivened by a couple of content of the content of the state of the content of

Business in Overseas Traders was enlivened by a couple of company trading statements. Harrisons and Crosfield gave up a couple of pence to 447p after revealing preliminary results in line with most market expectations. Thomas Borthwick touched a high of 41p before settling 2 dearer on balance at 39p following the interim profits recovery.

Golds better

Currency trends once again proved the determining factor in mining markets. South African Golds moved narrowly during the morning. However, share prices began to pick up prior to midday following persistent bear-closing said to have emanated from Paris and Brussels. In the afternoon the firmer trend afternoon the firmer trend gathered momentum as the down-turn in the dollar prompted a sharp upturn in bullion which touched \$317 an ounce before ending the day a net \$6.75 higher on balance at \$316.50. London dealers marked gold shares sharply higher and these levels were quickly taken up by 11 \$2.00.

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\$606 \$348,70 ""

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EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

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27 | 6 |
106 | 8.90 |
11 | 1.50 |
69 | 2.20 |
40 | 0.90 |
512 | 2.80 |
104 | 0.70 |
220 | 5.30 |
100 | 0.50 |
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NATN P PEO C PEO P PETR P PHIL C PHIL P

Nationwide 12 LOANS (2)
Nationwide 12 Lpc Nationwide 12 Lpc 31:3:6 BANKS (2)
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ELECTRICALS (16)

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Sims Catering INDUSTRIALS (7)
AGA
Alfa-Lavai Laidiau Thomson
Scott Greenlam

Williams (Reso PROPERTY (3) Prop. & Reve LEISURE (1) Hallwood New England SHIPPING (1) TEXTILES (3)

MINES (3)
Stiffontein Existers Potroleum
Cns. Gid Mag. Areas North Broken Hill
Cultus Pacific

TUESDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS**

Based on bargains recorded in Stock Exchange Official List.

No. of Tues.

Stock changes close thorn EMI 22 468 +15 higsons Brwry. 16 225 -7 Rowntree Mack. 15 445 +17 Debenhams ... 14 387 + 6 Workenstri ... 14 287-300

Resources, Burmah, Plessey, Energy Capital, Arlen Electrical, CPU Computers, Glaxo, Vickers, Racal, FKI Electricals, Commer-Racal, FKI Electricals, Commercial Union, Hogg Robinson, Com-bined Technologies and Hong-kong Land. A put was struck in CML Microsystems, while a double was transacted in Deben-hams.

ACTIVE STOCKS

Burton Stores
Capital & Counties ...
Combined Eng. Stores Falcon Recources
Higsons Brewery
Prudential
Utd. Scientific

May 20 June 7 Ang 29 Sept 9 June 10 June 21 Sept 12 Sept 23 June 24 July 5 Sept 26 Oct 7 For rate indications see end of Share Information Service Money was given for the call of Bristol Channel Ship Repairers, Bristol Oil and Minerals, Debenhams, Falcon **LONDON TRADED OPTIONS**

First Last Last For Deal- Deal- Deal- Declara- Settle-ings ings tion ment

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

OPTIONS

.... 417 742 1,575

May Aug. Nov. May Aug. Nov. Jly. Oct. Jan. Jly. Oct. Jan. 36 19 12 5 25 1 16 17 9 57 1 26 32 13 20 1 15 23 43 48 1 9 16 73 73 012 3 10 103 103 Cons. Gold 460 90 106 7 3 5 500 65 70 77 12 5 550 86 42 50 28 600 7 18 88 65 180 48 51 — 3 200 32 36 45 4 220 17 25 33 11 240 9 18 33 21 | 180 | 04 | 6 | - | 60 | 58 | - | | 180 | 10 | 28 | 36 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 200 | 1 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 16 | 80 | 220 | 012 | 8 | 12 | 34 | 34 | 36 | 240 | 012 | 5 | - | 54 | 54 | - | | 260 | 012 | 1 | - | 74 | 74 | - | | 280 | 013 | 1 | - | 94 | 94 | - | | 600 | 2 | 40 | 50 | 12 | 28 | 55 | 550 | 112 | 17 | 26 | 62 | 67 | 72 | 700 | 1 | 7 | 15 | 112 | 113 | 116 Grand Met. 280 30 35 42 4 (*305) 300 15 26 33 15 330 5 11 16 33 700 | 90 | 102 | 118 | 4 750 | 47 | 85 | 77 | 12 800 | 20 | 35 | 50 | 40 850 | 6 | 15 | — 85 900 | 4 | 9 | — 1332 0± 0± 04 11a 3± 90 93 94 96 98 0点 0点 0点 1点 3度 Ex10% 1989 (USP*95) 5点 3点 1度 0分 5 % 35g 17g 01k 01k 4,8 212 1,6 | 280 | 19 | 26 | 35 | 300 | 9 | 17 | 25 | 330 | 2 | 7 | 12 Land Sec. (*292) 20 43 Marks & Sp. | 120 | 19 (*156) | 130 | 11 | 140 | 51₂ | 160 | 2 26 - 2 17 22 3 11 15 3 51₂ 81₂ 26 June Sept. Dec. June Sept. Dec. 43 57 67 2 8 17 25 20 32 43 6 17 25 9 22 30 22 30 40 325 350 375 Shell Trans. 600 1112 (*695) 650 62 700 22 750 7 800 3 77 48 18 8 - | 4 57 | 6 18 50 | 57 - 105 | 40 | 45 | 52 | 3 | 15 | 28 | 33 | 12 | 3 | 12 | 17 | 32 | 500 | 65 | 80 | 550 | 85 | 40 | 600 | 5 | 20 | 110 | 500 | 58 | 550 | 23 | 45 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 45 Tral gar Hse 350 - - 58 8 8 360 8 27 - 21 - 21 -8 21 30 18 128 98 65 26 | 46 | 52 | 27 | 33 | 12 | 18 | 4 | 8 | May Aug | Nov. May | | 15 | 35 | 48 | 1 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 014 | 9 | 15 | 50 | 10 | 4 | 9 | 80 | 46 | 53 | - 35 | 41 | 51 19 | 29 | 33 6 | 17 | 81 280 300 330 360 286 97 102 45 1 8 335 47 56 28 1 8 385 2 20 1 8 22 455 1 6 9 60 67 Jagua (*271) | 236 | 26 | 35 | 40 | 3 | 256 | 12 | 23 | 27 | 15 | 280 | 3 | 10 | 15 | 23 May . 39 Total contracts 6,477 Calls 5,392. Puts 5,088 ** Underlying security price.

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	EQUITY (We	ed May	2	9 19	985		Tots May 28	FH May	Ther May 23	Year ago (approx.)
F	gares in parenthesi slocks per	es show a section	unber q	f Index No.	Day's Change	Est. Earning Yield% (Max.)	Y	(2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	ज आं. 1985 to fair	intes No.	intex No.	index No.	ladex No.
1	CAPITAL GOODS	(208)		. 545.4		18.29		u	12.15	7.11	549.24		554.19	471_36 460.87
2	Suilding Materials Contracting, Coast	(23)	201	_ 536.8 _ 767.3		12.42			9.85 9.83	6,84 16,48	539.46 767.74		544.54 769.60	657.80
3	Electricals (15)	TOCOON (2		1503.4	0 -1.1	18,42	: 1	4.84	12,12	27.85	1520.55	1527.52	1526.82	1524.63
5	Electronics (37)			. 1543.4		9.57 19.30		3.30 4.46	13.58 11.81	13.77	1564.05 312.32	1550.36 312.68	1568.75 314.83	1597.80 263.13
8	Mechanical Engine Metals and Metal	eering Vol Formino i	51 [7]	309.4 196.6	-,	12.63		7.73	9.91	371	197.58	196.96	198.27	175.24
9	Motors (17)			161,7		13.61 7.25		5.21 3.19	9.11 16.55	3.09 13.22	162.67 980.87	163,25 984,21	165.43 1002.74	127.15 635.67
10	Other Industrial M CONSUMER GRO					9.66		3.89	12.78	6.86	666.32	663.47	670.89	484.61
21	Pressers and Distil	lers (23)	-	_ 603.0	5 -0.4	11.36		4.60	20,99	3.72	605.58		607.78 E00.40	505.19 365.48
25	Food Maguilacturi	ng (20)		_ 503.8 _ 1583.7		12.23		4.82 2.58	10.39 24.18	9,54 5,76	506.95 1590.91		509.69. 1666.42	300,40 1112,98
26 27	Food Retailing (3.5 Health and House	old Prod	ucts (9)	1973.4	9 +03	6.05	1 3	263	19.19	5.75	1079.58		1967.60	760.75
29	Leisure (23)			692.8		8.51 6.71		4.69 4.26	15.29 19.22	12.59 32.34	694.54 1793.63		691.82 1987.77	600,97 1264,90
32 33	Newspapers, Publi Packaging and Pa	ishing LLZ ner (14)				11.77		401	9.77	2.30	326.89	324.78	328.78	229.46
34	Stores (41)			_ 645.8		7.55		3.16 4.79	17.84	5.69 3.78	650.70 333.27			433.97 257.37
35 36	Textiles (19)			_ 329.5 _ 834.5		17.57		514	6.28	17,44	835.49		843.89	559,77
41	STHER GROUPS	(96)		711.2	7 -01	8.54	1) :	3.88	14.77	5.68	712.17			408.52 547.52
42	Chemicals (17)			766.3		13.57		4.84 4.55	17.39	14.95 3.52	765.01 185.88			11631
44 45	Office Equipment Shipping and Tran	147)	1155.3	<u> 15 اور</u>	6.53	\$ ·	4.83	19.69	22.83	1173,18		1201.61	827.16
46	Miscellageous (63			555-0		7.57		3.55 3.62	17.61	6.50 8.70	885.27 689.90			586.47 0.8
48	Telephone Netwo	rks (2)	91	653.2		1 55	_	3.90	13.09	6.77	655.74	+		475.11
<u>49</u>	Otts (17)		معردهب <u>ر ال</u>	1145.6		16.13		7.26	7.61	37.40	1155.23	1158.97	2276.44	1093,79
59	500 SHARE INDI					10.37	_	434	11.97	9.23	497.79			527.03
61	FIRANCIAL GRO	MS (173	}	467.5 463.6				5.34 7.46		831 11.71	469.85 466.22			347.92 348.18
62 65	Baeks (6) Insurance (Life) (8)					1	4.49	=	14.71	706.26	710.80	716.29	447.73
66	I Insurance (Corror	site) (7) .		لـ 352 س				5.54 3.61	37.22	8.53 17.24	353,68 1143,52			254.32 718.99
67	Insurance (Broker Merchant Banks (ゕ゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゙゚゚゙゚゚゚゚゚゚゙゚゙゚゙゚゚゚゙゚゚゙゚゚゚゚゚゚		1141. 227.3				426	1 42	122			232.46	
68 69	Property (50)			_ 632.6	80- 8			3.66	23.43	3.28	638.00			529.52
70	Other Financiak2	<u>4)</u>		284.9 598.4		8.6		<u>5.67</u> 3.40	34.84	5.96	286.57 600.65			
71 81	investment Trusts Mining Finance (4			283.			3	5.57	10.49	5.29	285.77	288.85	290.04	294.24
91	Overseas Traders	<u>(14)</u>		672.1				<u>632</u> 448	13,49	12.19	674.35 635.76			
99	ALL-SHARE IND	EX (737)	<u>}</u>	632.9			-	Day's	Nav.	May	May	May	May	Year
	ŧ			No.	Chan	ge Hig	6 _	Low	28	24	_ 23	22	21	290
	FT-SE 100 SHAR	E INDE	٠	} 1312	D ~5.4	13317	\$ 123	85.9	1317.4	1313.8	1325.3	1333.8	1334.1	1026.6
	FI)	(ED I	NTE	REST			. [AYER	ARE CR	PIELD	5	Wed May 29	Tues May 28	(approx.)
_		Wel	Day's	Tixes	24 44	# 10			ah Gerer			18.46	10.50	31,33
	PRICE INDICES	May	change	May	2000	1965	. 2	Low		5 years 5 years		10.78	18.83	11.16
		29	%	28		10 tate	3		. 2	5 years		10.43	10.46	10.56 12.28
	British Government				j	4.58		Media Coupa		5 years L5 years		11.52	11.09	11.58
1	1 -	117.50		117.40	_	5.87	6		2	5 years	i	10.57	29.60	20.83
	5-15 years	128.98	+0.28	128.62 135.06	_	3.47		High Coup	_	5 years., 15 years		11.60 21.19	11.62 11.23	12.28
3	I	135.54 144.21	70.30	144.21	 	6.97	9	•	2	5 years.		18.74	18.77	18.92
4	1	127.68	+8.22	127.40	_	4,72		1	eemables.			28.18	18.17	10.44
_5	 	 	 	-			12	Debs Loan		5 year 25 year		12.08 11.83	12.02 12.84)2.55)2.20
_6	Sebestiares & Lores	188.28	+0.08	108.20		5.06	13			25 year		11.65	11.46	12.01
7	Preference	78.47	+0.09		<u> </u>	3.93	_	Prek			t	12.52	12.53	72.93
				BRITIS	I COVER	MMENT I	NDE	X-LH	KED \$1	OCKS				
8	All stocks	110.59	-	110.58	- 1	1.03	15 16		ion rate	59 1,09	ś	3.60 3.49	3.60 3.40	3.46 3.27
-	Array state Webs -		rand ha	e distac	alues and	constitue	nt chr	uppes.	are public	shed in Sa	وا برول بين	Bues, A R	st of coest	ltuents is
2	†Flat yield. Highs and lows record, base dates, values and constituent changes are published in Saturday issues. A list of constituents is available from the Publishers, the Financial Times, Bracken House, Cannon Street, London, EC4P 4BY, price 15p, by post 28p.													

HIG 28 24 178 474 17 48 131

9245 — 11.6 — 11.6 1.6 7.5 10.00

42

Cabinether becambered

INVESTMENT TRUSTS-Cont.

LEISURE—Continued INDUSTRIALS—Continued Boy Y's Net C'or Gr's PE 55 105 Learn Har 200 118 200 E1EPC 172 156 Marin 5 Co 200 107 50 Marine an | The color of the 97 85 \$ & C. Salamete Int.
142 115 \$ F. & C. Euromania
164 119 \$ F. & C. Paccine Int.
164 119 \$ F. & C. Paccine Int.
165 119 \$ 6. C. Paccine Int.
177 112. \$ farmy Int. 11.
180 310 \$ Tashon & Gen.
127 10 \$ set Charlotte Asset:
179 12 \$ set Charlotte Asset:
179 12 \$ set Charlotte Asset:
170 116 \$ Fluid; \$ RO.25

86 \$ 22 \$ set Scot. Ann.
181 12 \$ between Japan & ...
181 123 \$ between Japan & ...
182 \$ 25 \$ set Set Levershap 50a.
183 123 \$ between Japan & ...
184 120 \$ set Set Set Levershap 50a.
185 250 \$ set Set Levershap 50a.
184 120 \$ set Set Levershap 50a.
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180 \$ last Set Levershap 10a. 33 241-4Cogsta Gold (0c...)

52 475 Core. Gold Fields.

53 East Rand Can Mo. (104 575 Cores Rh...)

54 117 9 93 Cores Rh...

55 117 9 93 Cores Rh...

56 117 9 93 Cores Rh...

57 117 9 93 Cores Rh...

58 150 Section 90 Progen Cys

Austra

289-Wachi Soc.

16. Walliame Earn, N. I.

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18. Wasa Australians MOTORS, AIRCRAFT TRADES Motors and Cycles | Motors and Cycles | 45 | 34 | 81,500 | 35 | 37 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 1425 20:43 107 0754 1091 92 2 163.25 191 1 59 10 50 149 15 10 50 5:24 80 13 6:29 4 13 6:29 4 13 6:29 4 14 14 9 179 174 10 129 179 17 16 129 18 29 40 95 43 4 170 4 | 175 | 130 | Research Group | 175 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 | SHIPPING SHOES AND LEATHER

228 | 197 | FII Group | 228 | 195 75 34 36 10.9
213 | 176 | Garriar Bourn | 227 95 | 8.75 37 15.8 6.5
212 | 132 | Headlam Sons So | 39 | -2 339 1.6 7 17.8
225 | 195 | Headlam Sons So | 39 | -2 339 1.6 7 17.8
225 | 195 | Headlam Sons So | 39 | -2 339 1.6 7 17.8
236 | 108 | Meraboid & Burton | 78 | +2 33.8 0.1 5.6 | -2 18.3
230 | 181 | Printer Gry | 112 | 51.3 3.4 7.0 | -8 12.0
230 | 181 | Printer Gry | 112 | 51.3 3.4 7.0 | -8 12.0
230 | 182 | Sprio | 112 | 112 | 12.0
230 | 132 | Sprio | 132 | 132 | 13.0 | 13.0 | -4 1.0
231 | 142 | Sprio | 122 | 122 | 12.0 | -3 3.3 | 47 1.0
230 | 142 | Sprio | 122 | 122 | 12.0 | -3 3.3 | 47 1.0
231 | 142 | Sprio | 122 | 122 | 122 | -3 3.3 | 47 1.0
231 | 130 | 133 | Kirsh Frasion Sok | 103 | 103 | 22 5.5 | 6.2
231 | 130 | 135 | Mersion Rad R 105 | 103 | 103 | 22 6 1.8
231 | 120 | 195 ASOUR R 1 | 127 | 103 | 124 | 130 | 103 | 125 | 126 | 127 | 124 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 1 SHOES AND LEATHER 70 PSouthern Net
3/#50athern Nets3/#50athern Nets16 PSourger East
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27/PyUluf Goldreits Mt.
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122 Pswitten Criek Jbt.
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INDUSTRIALS (Mistel.)

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Financial Times Thursday May 30 1985

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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A backlash against reform

By A. H. HERMANN, Legal Correspondent

CHECKPOINT, the BBC radio corprogramme, is on the air today fit. for the last time. For 12 years Roger Cook has been mercilessly pillorying the delays, abuses and plain silliness of the law. The programme perished in the shadow of the film libel suit against "That's Life," which against "That's Life," which
the BBC had to compromise to
avoid a further escalation of
legal costs. "That's Life," still
laughing and sobbing, is now
toothless—if that is the right
thing to say about Eather
Bentzen

After high hopes of law reform and moves towards a more efficient machinery of jus-tice, now comes a backtash. The Administration of Justice Bill enables the Law Society to con-tinue protecting negligent solicitors and ignores even the most urgently needed improvements in the arbitration regime. Mean-while, if someone wants to hear the programme of the judicial anti-reform faction spelled out, the can turn to the Denning (anti-Denning really) Lecture delivered by Lord Justice Parker to the Bar Association for Commerce, Finance and Industry two weeks ago.

Politicians are aware that radio reaches a very large audience of their voters. And they listen. Over the 12 years the 500 or so broadcasts of Checkpoint have done more for the reform of business law than as many committees of learned jawyers could do. More than 10 years ago they exposed the human suffering which can be caused by uncontrolled and secretive recording of personal

Checkpoint exposed the racket of credit brokers who charged fees for not providing a mortgage and the financial mugging by money-lenders who charged exorbitant interest—in one case as much as 6,500 per cent. Radio in this way contributed to the passage of the Consumer Credit Act. The programme has shown how clumsy innocence can be bankrupted for no good reason, while professional crooks who such power if "it would be looking for the intention of Par reasonable to expect the client) to commence (civil) propeding a trail of helpless crediting had their windows double glazed go scut free. It has also ing out for reform and no-one exposed the liquidators who stripped the assets of failing the 1979 Arbitration Act. The Donaldson's innovations in the put to double use and there court of Appeal, such as the would be no need to cut the two-judge court and the pre-length of the trials and thus reading of papers by the court reduce the lawyers' fees.

For decades the greatst his Denning Lecture by quoting from Lord Brougham's speech tion from negligent solicitors On the Present State of the has been the necessity to pursue the claims in court. The Law Commons in 1828, recalling Society has consistently refused Napoleon's hoast: "I shall go

companies for their own benefit.

All this was reflected in the Cork Report, which proposed radical remedies, Unfortunately, only the uncertupulous liquidators are properly dealt with in the Insolvency Bill. The rest of Cork's proposals have been miserably watered down.

The fate of the two BBC programmes shows that the high costs of justice are not only a target of reform but can be also used to stop those who strive for a reform. The anti-reform backlash, however, has a wider basis

a reform. The anti-reform back-lash, however, has a wider basis and more powerful friends than those hit by criticism. This is evident not only in the mutila-tion of the Cork Report but also in the latest Administration of Justice Bill.

For decades the greater of decading with issues on which judges cannot agree is rather pitful. What hope is there for a systematic streamlining and elucidation of the mysteries of commercial law? Even Lord Justice Parker, who certainly is not a radical reformer, ended his Denning Lecture by quoting

Reform initiatives are running into the sand, while critics of abuses are silenced by the fear of libel actions. But Lord Justice Parker believes the English system is the world's best English system is the world's best

the victim had a claim for neglingence. The Administration of banking law, for example, I beJustice Bill, however, while giving the Council of the Law he admitted.

Society the power to require that

In all other respects the Den-

to deal with complaints where the client had the theoretical possibility of suing the solicitor. That possibility is of no practical use unless the plaintiff has nerves of steel and either receives legal aid or has a great deal of money.

This was noted by the (Benson) Royal Commission on Legal Services which recommended that the Law Society should deal also with complaints where the victim had a claim for negli-

companies for their own benefit.

All this was reflected in the Cork Report, which proposed radical remedies, Unfortunately, only the unscrupulous liquidators are properly dealt with in the linsolvency Bill. The rest of Cork's proposals have been miserably watered down.

The fate of the two BBC programmes shows that the high costs of justice are not only a target of reform but can be also used to stop those who strive for a reform. The anti-reform back-

the guidelines aiming at further restriction of arbitration appeals, laid down by the Court Appeal and the House of

Lords.

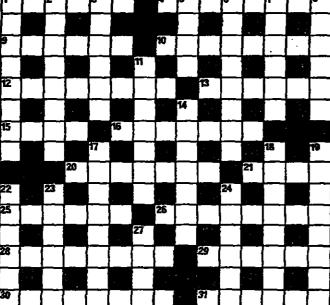
Lord Justice Parker noted that, while 1,038 actions were disposed of by trial in the Queen's Bench Division in London in 1938 by 17 judges, 49 judges could dispose of only 957 cases in 1984. The backlog at the end of the year was at the end of the year was 7.200 cases, increasing at the rate of about 8 per cent a year. He explained this by saying that the High Court now had a introduction of legal aid, the increasing complexity and volume of legislation, and the

impact of the photocopier.
Still, Lord Justice Parker opposed the idea that judges should continuously monitor the progress of cases in order to curtail the length of trials. He

that the judge should identify luceung. He said: "Although I considered that sufficient and timely changes have not taken place over the past few years, I firmly and unrepentantly believe that our system is still the best in the world."

A shortage of court rooms is seen by Lord Justice Parker as

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,730



ACROSS

- 4 Standard upon which Jack depends? (8)

 4 Obtuse for some to stop a questioner (6)
- 9 Ohio mountain-truit (6)

- 21 Brotherhood to stop heavy smoking (4)
- 26 Jarndyce to risk hard lines 24 Fit to tell? (6) in it? (8) 27 Solid business house (4)
- 28 Noise car makes is plot of film-play (8)
- 29 Murphy getting big sum at job centre (6) 30 There is still water in fifty-
- 1 It walks on its head (4-4) 2 Take into care for reform— that's the answer (8) 3 For example, gong has gone off—have a drink (3-3)

5 Either way, he's a man (4)

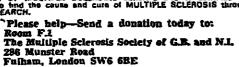
- 6 U.S. fuel-lines go a different
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- 20 In retirement, lived on rail-way for the hell of it? (7) improvement (8) Sword O. McLeary wielded
 - 22 Practised Gaelic in various departments initially (6)
- 25 English novel rejected as 23 Grain from Emmerdale flying equipment (6) Farm, say (6)
 - Solution to Puzzle No. 5,729



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Brewers-Weymouth & Redruth



A. Devenish plc announce unaudited Group Results for the 24 weeks ended 15th March, 1985.

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Profit before tax 203 200 Corporation Tax	2,057
(estimated at 38%) 77 65	671
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Interim ordinary dividend 102 83	·
Totał ordinary dividend — — — Ordinary dividend	423
per 25p share 2.75p 2.25p	11.5p
Earnings per share 5.5p 5.4p	37.3p

This has been a period of intense activity within the group to implement the important changes in our production and distribution

There have been temporary increased costs of working during this period and as is normal for our business the profit achieved so far is small in relation to the year as a whole, but we feel it is satisfactory in

Warrants will be posted on 28th June payable on 1st July to shareholders on the Register at close of business on 14th June. Ordinary share Register closed 14th June to 28th June.

BASE LENDING RATES

A.B.N. Bank 123%	C. Hoare & Co 12}
Allied Irish Bank 121%	Hongkong & Shanghai 1219 Johnson Matthey Bkrs. 13
American Express Bk. 121%	Johnson Matthey Bkrs. 13
Henry Ansbacher 121%	Knowsley & Co. Ltd 1329 Lloyds Bank 1219
Amro Bank 121%	Lloyds Bank 1219
Associates Cap. Corp 13 %	Edward Manson & Co. 1319
Banco de Bilbao 121%	Meghraj & Sons Ltd 1249
Bank Hapoalim 121%	Midland Bank 1219
BCCI 121%	■ Morgan Grenfell 1219
Bank of Ireland 121%	Mount-Credit Corp. Ltd. 1219
Bank of Cyprus 121%	National Bk. of Kuwait 1239
Bank of India 1219	National Girobank 1249
Bank of Scotland 123%	National Westminster 121
Banque Belge Ltd 121%	Northern Bank Ltd 1219
Barclays Bank 121%	Norwich Gen. Trust 123
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Brit. Bank of Mid. East 12 %	Provincial Trust Ltd 1319
Brown Shipley 127%	R. Raphael & Sons 124
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Canada Permanent 121%	Roxburghe Guarantee 1319
Cayzer Ltd 1215	Royal Bank of Scotland 124
Cedar Holdings 13 %	Royal Trust Co. Canada 1219
Charterhouse Japhet 121%	•
Choulartons**	J. Henry Schroder Wagg 1219
Citibank NA 12}%	Standard Chartered 12
Citibank Savings 1121%	TCB
Clydesdale Bank 121%	United Bank of Kuwait 1219
C. E. Coates & Co. Ltd. 134%	United Mizrabi Bank 1219
Comm. Bk. N. East 13 %	
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First Nat. Secs. Ltd 131%	£10,000 + remains deposited.
Robert Fleming & Co. 121%	# Call deposits £1,000 and ove
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ial Times Thursday May

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11 Nail hardener a tinker employed? (7)

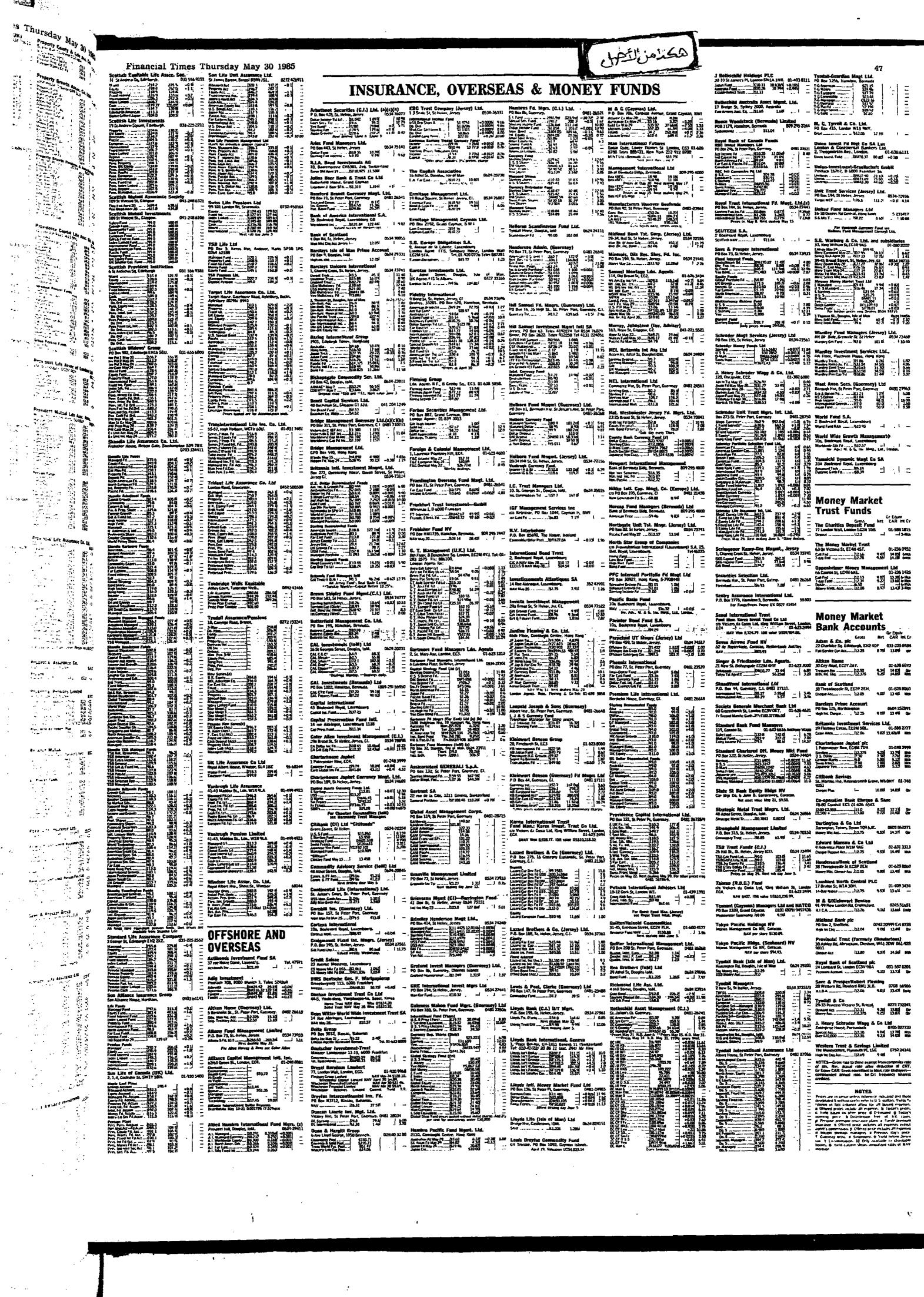
12 Well-lined elements much heard in Civil Service (8)

13 Olympic finalists advanced figure of respect (4)

16 Icarus-like bird? (7)

20 In retirement, lived on way—for the second sec

21 eg. mud's thrown to produce dirty mark (6) DOWN



Dairy Trade Federation breaks industry truce

Marketing Board, claiming that procedure for dairy companies Britain's current dairy market to air their grievances.

arrangements are "drifting The new forum has met once arrangements are onto the rocks."

Mr Chris Ball, recently-elected president of the Dairy Trade Federation, told its annual

"I have to confess to a feeling of despair in relation to the attitudes as well as the actions of MAFF (the Ministry of Agriculture) and the MMB." The attack comes as management consultants Touche Ross are completing a wide-ranging inquiry — commissioned by the Government — into the relation-

ing Board and its commercial subsidiary Dairy Crest.

Philippines to

cut sugar

production

By Our Commodities Staff

THE PHILIPPINES is to limit

sugar production to 1.6m tonnes a year, down from 2.3m pro-duced in the 1984-85 season. President Ferdinand Marcos announced in Manila yesterday.

The figure will be divided among planters through a quota system linked to previous

Officials at the Presidential

Palace said the reduced target

had been set at a level sufficient

to meet domestic demand and

exports to the American mar-

The Philippines Sugar Com-

mission expects output to drop further, however, to a level below total demand. Many

farmers are opting out of

sugar because they only receive 4 cents a pound against pro-

the Government and on the Milk MMB, which set up a formal

The new forum has met once since the agreement, and will meet again next month.

But Mr Ball complained that

despite the new arrangement. the MMB had repeatedly failed to consult the dairy trade on important pricing issues, and the Agriculture Ministry "appeared to have lost the art of prior consultation and communi-He referred in particular to Dairy Crest's introduc-tion of a new dairy spread, Clover, without agreement on the price of milk to be used in the product.

subsidiary Dairy Crest.

It also marks an abrupt end the Milk Marketing Scheme to the apparent ceasefire in the £3bn-a-year dairy industry which has regulated the indus-

THE UK dairy industry yester- signalled by last year's agree- try since 1933) is becoming inday mounted a bitter attack on ment between the DTF and the creasingly unworkable," Mr Ball

Replying to the DTF president, Mr Jopling did not allude directly to his criticisms. But he said it was "a pity" that the dairy industry forum had taken

some time to set up. The Touche Ross inquiry, which was set up after complaints that Dairy Crest was an unfair competitor and which could have far-reaching effects on the dairy industry, will probably be completed in the next

 Mr Jopling also spoke of the need to reduce milk production further, which still exceeds consumption by 13 per cent following the introduction of quotas last year. He said he would study plans being drawn up by the European Commission to reduce output by buying up and

Mr Mohamed Abdullah Ang.
MoIC's managing director, said
MoIC was holding discussions
with the Nigerian authorities on the purchase of crude oil for third party trade. "We are also looking for markets for their agricultural products and might get involved on developing an oil palm plantation for them," he said. "We are also looking at the possibility of penetrating the other African markets such as Kenya and Algeria for local products such as cotton, yellow corn and crude

oil for third party trade."

MOIC is also negotiating with

changing hands.

market participants, however, were undaunted by the sluggish beginning and expressed optimism about the future. Mr G. Stenacker, project manager of the exchange, said he was "not at all disappointed" with the volume, which was in line with expectations. The home is that gramme to determine expectations. The hope is that daily volume soon will climb to between 50 and 100 contracts. A jobber reasoned that trad-ing was slow in other markets as well, and that institutional investors stayed away, fearing to be the first to jump into the

duction costs amounting to 12 trading month, closed at compete with the overwhelming F1 35.40 per gramme on a mere presence of its physical market.

Slow start for Amsterdam gold futures market

Market participants, however,

market. He reckoned that most of his first-day business had come from private investors. The July contract, the nearest

THE NEW Amsterdam gold- two trades. That was little futures market, the first such changed from the opening price exchange in Continental of Fl 35.35 although the Amster-Europe, got off to a slow start dam spot price was equally flat on the first day of trading yes- around F1 35.000 per kiloterday with only 21 contracts gramme. The most active contract was for October delivery, which closed at F1 35.50 per

> The new market is the initiative of the Amsterdam-European Options Exchange (EOE), and is operatgramme to determine whether domestic interest in gold futures is sufficient to expand

> Amsterdam's move into gold futures trading follows closely on the heels of the London gold futures market's demise and the lessons aren't lost on the Dutch. Mr Stenacker contends that the

> London futures market couldn't

into a more international ex-

Malaysia and Nigeria sign palm oil deal

MALAYSIA HAS signed a contract with Nigeria for the sale of between 90,000 and 100,000 tonnes of palm oil, worth Siim in the biggest-ever commercial deal between the two countries.

The deal, clinched by the Malaysian Overseas Investment Corporation (MOIC) a semi-official investment and trading group. reflects the strong interest by Malaysia in developing Nigeria as a market for its palm oil. The palm oil is pur-chased by the state-owned Nigerian National Supply Cor-

poration.
Last year, Nigeria imported
109,000 tonnes of palm oil from
Malaysia, but most of it was handled by businessmen in Singapore.

Bangladesh for the supply of 40,000 tonnes of palm oil.

Aluminium down ALUMINIUM PRICES broke their recent hall and dropped sharply on the London Metal

Exchange yesterday, our commodities staff writes.

The cash price fell £19.50 a tonne from the previous day's unofficial close to £851 per tonne. The price also fell in dollar terms.

Dealers said the drop reflected commission house selling, and the fact that prices failed to find support at key levels during the day. Fundamentals for the metal continue prospect during the coming to point downwards, they added. 1985-86 season of the first fall

Farmer's viewpoint by John Cherrington

Cutting the harvest down to size

price cut.

mainly in intervention totalling some 4m tonnes, plus the surplus over UK consumption Sm tonnes. Up to the end of March some 43m tonnes of wheat and barley had been exported, but the prospects for future exports are bleak. This is clearly realised by the intervention authorities, who are

storage. Strictly speaking intervention purchases are the Community's affair, but they are financed by the member country and only repaid when the produce has been sold. The financing 8-9m tonnes of grain storage, costing say £1bn, must have an impact on the money supply and the public sector borrowing requirement. The prospects fo

exports are affected by the continuing weakening of the U.S. dollar after failing more than 20 per cent against sterling since January. The Australian currency has also drifted down and Argentine

grain is competing in a buyers market. It is a market in which it is hard to find an eager buyer.

Russian harvest prospects are

have a grain surplus of nearly In addition, the U.S. has 12m tonnes at the completion. announced positive measures to of next harvest. It would be aid exporters. If the EEC of next harvest. It would be all the competitive export annum more than enough to who favour the declining prices mainly in intervention totalling policy it would probably have compensate for a 5 per cent option is that it will drive those policy it would probably have to aim at a shipped price at least £30 per tonne below the from the latest harvest of some intervention price for feed grain, and not much less of a discount for wheat. In Britain's case wheat is difficult to move because so much of it is of feed varieties which have the same

actively seeking extra grain The HGCA's calculations are based on the trend of yields and while these could be affected by the weather the estimate of 26m tonnes, 400,000 less than last year could easily be achieved. Even if production were as low as 23m tonnes it would still leave an export or intervention requirement of 6m tonnes. The situation is similar in the rest of the EEC with the largest stocks held in France and Germany. Total EEC, open-

traded as such.

ing stocks are expected to be between 18m and 22m tonnes. Set in this context the Council of Ministers' refusal to countenance even a 5 per cent cut in prices is only to be explained by the fact that they

lem. The average increase in UK production between 1974/84 works out at 6 per cent per compensate for a 5 per cent

What is to be done then? An

easy answer would be to ban the import of the so called cereal substitutes - tapioca, value as maize but are not basically proteins essential in cereal mixes and not available in Europe. To cut any of them would either upset the third world the U.S. and such countries as Holland and West Germany which make fullest

Germany which make fullest use of them. Another option is to raise the standards for grain accepted for export or intervention. Such rejected grain would be thrown

on a free home market and would probably so debase it as to stimulate farmers to achieve the increased standards qualifying for these two outlets. This might even congest the stores and increase the cost of exports

even more. A quota on deliveries, a third alternative, would be difficult to realised that such a small cut, favoured by Mr Jopling and

enforce as was found in Canada

ACCORDING TO the Home considered good and China, like to reduce cereal production and as farmers took any price they Grown Cereals Authority's India, has started exporting, was not even a serious contributed though only in small quantities, bution to a solution of the problocal prices but not undercut

> The fond hope among those. growing cereals on marginal land back to other crops or farming systems. Advocates of this are generally well settled on the best land. I once believed citrus pellets, brans and so on. this myself. But having seen Of the often quoted imports the quality of crops and yields of maize gluten and soyameal on land once considered mar-about half the total are ginal for any purpose, I believe these people could compete with those on the best of land almost

> > I still believe that only physical limits on acreages devoted to cereals, quotas in other words, have a ch working. Most dairy farmers will tell you milk quotas were inevitable although the method

of their implementation left a

great deal to be desired. Of course there is yet another way—farm support could be removed altogether. Farming history contains periods of high production stimulated by high prices followed by market collapse and slump. Most developed

countries have tried to shield their farmers from this process and most have failed to do so at a reasonable cost. A satisfac-

Halt forecast in growth of wool supplies

some others would do nothing There black markets developed

BY ANTHONY MORETON, TEXTILES CORRESPONDENT THE EXPANSION of world in the availability of wool for

just drawing to a close. This figure compares with an 1983-84 and took global output

to a record 2.98m tonnes greasy equivalent to 1.68m tonnes clean). Presenting these statistics to the International Wool Textile

week Mr Michael Godfrey, of the

Commonwealth Secretariat.

warned there was a definite

supplies, which has been con-tinuing since the late 70s, The industry had faced high accelerated to 1.5 per cent in volatility in exchange rate the 1984-85 season, which is fluctuations and this had hit the current season, causing unprecedented trading difficulties,

In the first half of the 1984-85 season exchange rates moved

igainst Australia, which provides the greater part of the world's apparel wools, for the second successive season. A sharp appreciation of the Australian dollar led to a very large increase in the country's stockpile. By the end of November it had reached a nine-year peak of 1.52m bales.

the country became the cheapest wool market after a long spell

of being the dearest. In consequence, demand recovered and

COTTON 50,000 lb, cents/it

CRUDE OIL (LIGHT)
42,000 LLS, gallons, \$/barrels

GOLD 100 troy oz. \$/troy oz

HEATING Oil 42,000 U.S. gallons, cents/U.S. gallons

ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lb, cents/fb

High 262.5 268.5 271.5 276.0 281.0

High \$.02 3.17 3.32 4.21 4.36 4.57

Low 600.0 600.0 603.5 611.0 622.5 642.0 637.0 646.0 670.6

4.13 4.33 4.63

Latest 71.10 70.60 71.25 72.10 73.05 73.80 74.55

Close 143.15 140.00 138.50 137.75 137.00 136.95 136.95

Close 265.5 265.5 269.8 274.8 280.0 282.5

Close 618.9 622.0 629.7 642.5 647.1 655.9 685.4 676.5 686.2

26.45 26.25

Prev 310.1 310.3 311.6 313.4 317.1 321.0 325.3 329.5 334.3 339.2 344.1 349.5

313.9 317.8 320.5 332.2 334.9 340.5

70.61 70.19 70.75 71.60 72,30 73.80 74.56

July Sept Dec March May July Sept

July August Feb March May July

lan also benefitted.

the stockpile had been reduced to 1.1m bales by early May.

By contrast, adverse monetary developments in Scuth

Africa caused prices to slump

sharply in early February and future.

This movement enabled South the New Zealand market was Africa, where exchange rates also much less buoyant in the favoured the farmer, to sell 93 second half.

per cent of its wool clip and Turning to manufacturing
half its stockpile. New Zea. Mr Godfrey reported a sub second half.
Turning to manufacturing,

stantially better performance in An abrupt turnround in the 1984 than in 1983, second half of the season saw The expansion was strongest the Australian dollar sink, Mr in Japan and Italy, though Godfrey said, and within weeks China (where another 80,000 the country became the cheapest wool spindles were installed last

year), South Korea, India, West-Germany, and Spain all saw improved conditions.

With a slowing in economic growth in many countries, especially the U.S., likely in

1985-86, Mr Godfrey forecast some uncertainty over the

LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lb, couts/lb

LIVE HORS 30,000 fb, cants/fb

Close 272.4 256.6 252.0 261.2 265.2 264.4 252.0

Close 65.15 65.02 72.92 72.70 73.72 73.95

SOYABEANS 5.000 bu min, cents/60-lb bushel

258.0 253.6 263.0 267.2 268.4 253.2

PORK BELLIES 38,000 lb, cents/fb

SOYABEAN MEAL 100 tons, S/ton

SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 lb, cents/its

Closy 118.5

Clore 312.4 315.2 325.2 327.8 318.2 296.0

272.0 256.4 262.0 261.2 265.0

LONDON MARKETS

BASE METALS LME prices
Amalgamated

wil cut sugar production

ALUMINIU

cents a pound.

COPPER

igher grade Unoffic '; + or High/Low 1178-9 -- 12.5 1187/1186

	close(p.n £ per	tonne	
Cash 3 months	295-6 301-2	+1 +1	297/29 302/30
Official (295.5-8), (3005), s Karb close U.S. Spot	settlement e: 302. Tu	months 297 (29 mover 4.5	302.5 8). Fin 75 tonne

NICKEL

	Unofficial close p.m. £ per t	,	High/low
Cash 3 months	£4420-30 £4410-5	-22.5 -25	4520;4470 4475;4418
(4,430-5). 8). settie	closing (sm three mont ment 4,500 e: 4,405.	hs 4,470 (4,435	I-5 (4,387- i). Final

TIN

mga greek	olose (p.m) £ per tonne	for day
Cash 3 months	£9615-25 '—35 £9590-600 — 15	2680
(9,635-40).	closing (am): Car three months settlement 9,685 (9,660-70
Standard		

ZIIIC			
	Official close p.m., £ per to)	wol utgitt:
Cash 5 months	612-3 618-9	÷7 -3.70	:638/617
(608-9), the settlement	closing (ai irée months 618 (609) Turnové	; 624-). F	5 (617-8), Inal Kerb

supplied by Metal Trading	May 29 + or 1985 METALS
JM	Aluminium £1100 Free Mkt \$1100/150 \$0 Copper
cial + or High/low o,m.) — er tonne	Cash h Grade
5·1.5—19.5 849 5 —19.26/892/866.5	Lead Cash
(em): Cash 849.5-50.5 inths 874-5 (895-5), (873), Final Kerb over 18,225 tonnes.	Free Mict. 250/280c Palladipm oz. 589.00 + 1.5 Palladipm oz. 58265.75, +4.76 Quicksitver! 8250/298 Silver troy oz. 477.80p, +9.44 3 mths. 492.80p - 9.8 Tin cash. 29520 - 30 3 mths. 29520 30 3 mths. 29520 30 3 mths. 29520 30 3 mths. 29520 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

hree minths 1178-9 11 1191/1176	
Official closing (am): Cash 1,185.5- 1.5 (1,204-5), three months 1,184.5-5 1,199.5-200.5), settlement 1,186.5 (1,205). Final Kerb close: 1,178.5.	GOLD Gold rose \$64 to 5 the London bullion me
athodes ash 1170-4 :7.5 1180 hree m'nths 1170-1 -9 1170	The metal opened at 1 touched a low of \$3 started to move up on
Official closing (am): Cash 1,180-1 1,193-5), three months 1,176-9 1,193-5), settlement 1,181 (1,185). 'umover 22,675 tonnes, U.S. Producer prices 68-74 cents per lb.	and a rebound from resistance level of around fixed et \$311.20 and \$312.00 in the touched a peak of \$31 dollar are ground or

LEAD

£ per tonne			i
Cash 3 months	295-6 301-2	+1 +1	297/29 302/30
Official (295.5-8), (3005), s Karb close U.S. Spot	ettiement : 302. Tu	month: 297 (2 mover 4	. 302.5 96). Fir ,575 tonno

	close p.m.	onne	
Cash 3 months	£4420-50 £4410-5	-22.5 -25	4520;4470 4475;4418
(4,430-5). 8), sattle	closing (am three mont ment 4,500 e: 4,405.	hs 4,470-	5 (4,387-). Final

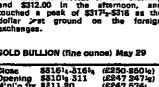
High grade	Unofficial + or close (p.m) £ per tonne	High//lov
Cash 3 months	£9615.25 —35 £9890 600 — 15	2680
(9,635-40),	ilosing (am): Ca three months settlement 9,685	9,660-70
2000		

9618-25 — 30 9685/9682 9580-90 — 20 9655/9590 Official clusing (am): Cash 9,680-3 (3,635-8), three months 9,650-6 (9,610-1), settlemant 5,682 (9,638). Final Kerb close: 9,575. Turnovar 1,425 tonnes. Strata tin MS29.21 (29,31)

ZINC			
	Official close p.m. L per to) —	·HIBIN lo
Cash o months	612-3 618-9	÷7 -3.7	5:638/617
(608-9), ± settlement	closing (a tree month; 618 (609 Turnove	s 624) F	5 (617-8) inal Ker

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

	May 29 + 1985 •	or Month - ago
METALS		
Aluminium	<u>(£1100</u>	£1100
Free Mkt Copper	\$1 100; 130,3	SO \$1 45/175
Cash h Grade.	£1178.6 -1	2.5 21204
3 mths	21178.5 1	1 £1178.5
Gold troy oz	8316.5 ,+6	.75.8311.75
Lead Cash	\$295.5 ;+1 \$301.5 ;+1	U-311
Nicke I	6.201.9 +1	, peaus, 7a
Nicke I Free Mkt	250/280c '	'248:278c
Palladium oz.,	699.00 + 1	.5 8111.75
Platinum oz	8265,75,+4	.75,6273,25
QuicksHvart Silvar troy oz .	82301298	SZHD/290
aliver troy oz		B5514.10n
Tin cash	E9620 —3	0 29400
	4£9585 1—2	
Tungsten	;879.03 ;	877,70
Wolfram 22 04		



SILVER

Silver was fixed 9.4p an dunce lower for spot delivery in the London bullio market yesterday at 477.8p. U.S. cerequivalents of the fixing levels were spot 600,10c, down 9.9c; three-mont 611,35c, down 10c; alx-month 650.2c, down 10.6c; and 12-month 650.9c, down 10.8c. The metal opened at 475-478 (657-600c) and closed at 486-489 (615-618c).
--

FREIGHT FUTURES

				revels u werket	
Clarks	eπ	Wolff.	The	ranga, Baltic 4.5 poi	Freig

	018000 012.02
OiLS	May 29 + or Month 1985 - ago
Coconut (Phil) Palm Malayan SEEDS	8640 -15 8765 8585z -5 8700
	\$390× 5480] \$231.2w -4.2 \$244.76
GRAINS	

- THERS

tondon bullion market yesterday. e metal opened at \$310°2-\$311, and
iched a low of \$310%-\$310%, but irted to move up on short covering d a rebound from a technical distance level of around \$310, Gold
strance level of around \$310, Gold is fixed at \$311,20 in the morning
s fixed at \$311.20 in the morning d \$312.00 in the afternoon, and ached a peak of $$317^2$ \$318 as the
flar 'st ground on the foreign changes.

GOLD BULLION (fine cunce) May 29

for spot deli- market yeste equivalents of apot 600,10c 611,85c, dow down 10,5c; 10,8c. The	fixed 9.4p an very in the Learning at 477.8 of the fixing , down 9.9c; vn 10c; six-m and 12-month metal opened and closed	ndan bullion lp. U.S. cent levels were: three-month onth 824.75c, 650.9c, down at 475-478p

Buillon H or LM.E. H o fixing — p.m. — price Unofficil

Ciosa High: Low Prev. 888:889 899:887 881,892 925:924 925:931 915:917 916 920:922 970:1028 960:1035 920:980 945:985 980:1050 950:1100 1040:11 920,922 960,1035 920,950 945,985 980,1050

In tonnes unless

!	May 29 + or Month 1985 - ago
•	Coconut (Phil) 8640 —15 8765 Palm Malayan 8585z 5 8700 SEEDS
5 -	Copra Phil (\$390x ' 5480 Soyabean (U.S.) ! \$231.2w -4.2 \$244.7(GRAINS

- Sarley Fut. Sep £98.60 0.55 £98.85 Malze :2149.50, £150.50 Wheat Fut Sept £99.10 -0.50 £123.50
- † Unquoted. x May-June. w Sept. y July. z June. † Per 76-lb flask. c Cents per pound.

- BARLEY Yesterd'ys + or Yesterdys + or | close | - | close | --
- Business dc.qe—Wheat: July 119.30-8.45, Sept 99.45-9.25, Nov 102.90-2.40, Jan 106.60-6.15, Mar 103.90-3.45 Sales: 112 lots of 100 tonnes Barley: Sept 98.95-8.60, Nov 102.60-2.30, Jan untraded, Mar 108.95-8.80, Sales: 34 lots of 100 tonnes. LONDON GRAINS—Wheat: U.S. dark LONDON GRAINS—Wheat: U.S. dark northern spring No. 1 15 per cent, July 142.75, Aug 142.50. Sept 140.50. Oct 143.00-sellers transhipment East Coest. U.S. No 2 eoft red winter, July 124.50. Aug 127.25. Sept 130.75, Oct 130.25 sellers. Et harvest. 119 quoted. English feed fob. Aug 20/Sept 10 59.50 paid south coast/Bristol Channel, Sept 99.75. Oct/Dec 104.50. Malze: U.S. No. 3 yellow/French transhipment East Coast. May 148.50, June 150 sellers. Barley: English feed fob, July/Sept 99.75. Sept 100.50. Oct/Dec 105, Jan/March 111 sellers East Coast. Rest unquoted.
- unquoted.
 HGCA—Locational ex-farm spot prices. Feed barley: E Mids 113.40, N. East 114.20, Scotland 113.90. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Monday, June 3 will remain unchanged at 0.977.

PHYSICALS—The London market PHYSICALS—The London market opened unchanged, dritted lower throughout the day and closed on an easier note, reports Lewis and Past. Closing prices (buyers) spot 84.00p (same); July 67.00p (same); August 67.25p (same). The Kuala Lumpur fob price for RSS No 1 was 195.0 (193.5) cents a kg and for SMR 20 was 180.5 (same). COFFEE

After opening slightly easier, per-sistent commission house selling in nearby contracts prompted a gradual decline, reports DBL. A rise in sterling influenced additional losses before support around £2,065, for July, pre-vented a sharn fall. COFFEE Yesterd'ys + or Busines

May.......2015 25 -33.5 2049 23
July......2057 59 -34.5 2085 57
Sept......2102.05 -33.0 2134 01
Nov........2151.54 -33.5 2165-52
Jan......2195 00 -40.0 2330 00
March......2190 96 -29.0 3210
May..........2190 00 -5.0 -Sales: 1.893 (1.223) lots of 5 tonnes, ICO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound) for May 28: Comp. daily 1979 131.72 (132.24); 15-day everage 131.82 (131.84).

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES May 28 May 24 M'th ago!Year ago 283.09 285.75 295,08 317.17

May 29 May 26 M'th ago Year ago 820,4 1828,9 , 1877,1 (Base: September 18 1931 - 100)

(Base: July 1 1952 - 100)

MOODY'S May 14 May 13 M'th ago Yearago 921.9 923.9 - -

DOW JONES Dow May May Month Year Jones 28 24 ago ago

Spot	117.38	118,23	1974	142.05
Fut	119.83,	121,43,		142.10
(Bas	e: Dece	mber 31		= 100)

COCO	A		
uneasily aggressive prices at involvemen but consu	E5 steadlar, at these selling on the lows. t was note mers declired and still ports Gill ar	levels the clo Light p id in pl ted to await a	befores le producte le product
COCOA	Yesterday's Close	+ or is	usines
_	£ per tonne		
May July Sept	1756 1760 1775-1776 1761-1762	-20.0 1 -21.0 1 -25.0 1	777-176 804 177 782 178

Sales: 2,969 (2,000) lots of 10 tonnes. ICCO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound). Dally price for May 29: 36.10 (95.79): five-day average for May 30: 96.14 (96.23).

SUGAR

5 per tonne

Sales: 1.030 (805) lots of 50 tonnes. Tate and Lyle delivery pince for granulated basis sugar was £174.50 (same) a tonne for export. International Sugar Agreement—(U.S. cents per pound fob and stowed Caribbean ports.) Prices for May 28: Daily price 2.81 (2.79); 15-day average 2.76 (2.78).

SOYABEAN MEAL The merket opened £1.00-£1.50 lowe

on long liquidation, reports T. G. Roddick. Prices remained under pressure on commission house calling to

Close on Sales: 7	the lows, 116 (51) lots	of 20	tonnes.
	, Yesterday close	+ 01	Business Done
	per tonne		
June	142.0 : 14.0 . 140.5 10.9	1,75	112.7 110.9
October	. ;1 14.0.1 14.5 1 19.5. 120.0 ·	-2,70 2,80	11.63-114,5
ADF	125.5-127 0 127.0 128.6	-200	~
June	127,5-128,0		

Sales: 716 (51) lots of 30 tonnes.

OIL

Brent traded thinly at slightly higher levels. Dubai was the most traded Gull crude and continued to show significant gains, Nymax opened 3c down and traded 10c up at 1 pm EST. down and traded 10c up at 1 pm ED1.
In the pertoleum products market gas
oil pricas opened a dollar weaker after
a soft Tuesday Nymex close but prices
gicked up our the day in a nervous
and uncertain merket. Heavy fuel
weakened slightly despite tentative
buying interest—Petroleum Argus,

•		
SPOT PRICES		
		<u> </u>
	Latest	Change
CRUDE OIL-FOB (S	per barrel	— June
Arab Light	26.80-26.85 25.10-25.20	
Arab Heavy Dubai	26,00-26.05	
Brent Blend	26,90 -27,00	
W.T.i. (1pm est) Forcados (Niceria) .	27.68-27.70 26.58-26.65	0.05
Urals, (cif NWE)	26, 15-26.25	+0.10
PRODUCTS—North V Prompt delivery cit	vest Europa iS per tonn	ė el
1 to the control 3 of		Ψ,

	Gas Cri Heavy fuel * July	oil		
ŀ	GAS OIL F	UTURES Yest'day's	+ 07	Business
L	Month	Close		Done
ľ		5 U.S. per tonne		
ŀ	lune	218.25	-0.25	218,50-18.75

•	June 2 July 2 Aug 2 Sep 2 Oct 2 Nov 2	116.60 118,25 120.00 122,50	-0.25 21 -1.08 21 -0.56 21 -1.06 22 -1.06 22 +1.75	5,50- 15, 8,25- 17, 0,00- 8,1 2,50
2	Turnover: 1	ī,1 61 (1,	.005) lots	of 10

POTATOES

	of April lifting all positions, Coley and Harper.				
	Month Y	esterday close	s, Previo	Busines Done	
law suger p 50p) s delivery. O. line with	May Nov Feb Apr May	£ pe 64.00 : 66.90 : 75.00 : 87.90 : 95.00 :	tonne 64.00 64.40 73.00 85.30 91.80	85.00-81.0 86.90-64.5 87.90-85.5 95.00-92.0	

PIGMEAT

106.60 107.00 100.68 101.00 105.70 105.90 105.90 105.90 105.90 99.50 98.80 99.50 Aug. Oct Nov..... Feb..... April

MEAT

SMITHFIELD—Pence per pound. Beef
—Scotch kiled sides 77.0-82.0; English
forequarters 54.0-57.0; Uister hindquarters 95.5-10.0; Eine hindquorters
93.0-99.0, Veal—Dutch hinds and ends
133.0-143.0, Lamb—English small 86.099.0, medium 84.0-88.0, heavy 80.0820; Imported: New Zealand Pt. 65.565.5, PX 65.0-65.0, Pork—English under
100 lb 48.0-58.5, 100-120 lb 51.0-66.0,
120-160 lb 44.0-52.0. MEAT COMMISSION—Average lat-stock prices at representative markets. GB—Cattle 99 66p per kg lw (-0.32). GB—Sheep 196.66p per kg est dow (÷6.87), GB—Pigs 79 84p per kg lw (÷1.01), GB—AAPP 101.98p per kg lw (+0.08). Sulles: 718 /Ks1

U.S. MARKETS GRAINS and soyabeans were mostly mixed with support de-

rived from higher currency markets and selling pressure

provided by local traders, reports Heinold Commodities. Nearby soya oil received support against sales of deferred months. Heating oil moved moderately higher in sympathy with gasoline prices and in anticipation of a further drawdown of industry stocks showed a firmer trend as prices snapped back from an oversold condition; buying appeared to be attracted by a weak tone in the dollar along with evening-up ahead of first notice day for June delivery on May 31. Copper firmed on sympathetic buying in precious metals and continuing tightness in nearby supplies. Aluminium weakened on continuing concern over large primary and refined stocks. Sugar traded slightly lower reflecting featureless cash activity. Cocoa was modestly higher on

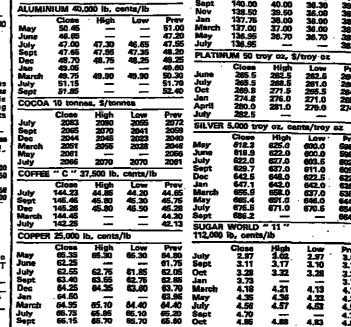
arbitrage buying linked to the

declined reflecting the well-

covered position of roasters. Cotton was mixed with light

strength in sterling.

support developing on an oversold condition. **NEW YORK**



65.10 65.95 65.70 84.40 65.10 65.70

OTHER MARKETS

PARIS SUGAR-(FFr per tonne); Aug 1273/ 1275, Oct 1289/1283, Dec 1307/1318, Mar 1363/1364, May 1410/1415, Aug

HIDES

bid, July 2035 bid.

HIDES—Leeds (Birmingham). Second clears.. Ox: 31-35.5 kg. 96.0p a kg withdrawn (99.6p withdrawn): 28-30.5 kg, 105.5p a kg (108.1p): 22-25.5 kg, 118.0p a kg (124.1p). Cows: Under

WOOL FUTURES

SYDNEY GREASY WOOL—Closs (in order: buyer, seller, business). Australian cents per kg. July 630.0, 634.0; Oct 624.0, 631.0; Dec 624.0, 627.0; Mar 631.0, 632.0; May 630.0, 6450; July 640.0, 650.0; Oct 618.0, 650.0; Dec 620.0, 656.0, Selec; 0. COCOA-(FFr per 100 kg): May 2095 ask, July 2120 ask, Sept 2078/2083, Dec 2030/2035, Mer 2038/2044, Mey 2035 LONDON NEW ZEALAND CROSS-BREDS—Close (in order: buyer, seller, business) New Zealand cente per kg. May 515 seler only, 512. Aug 532, 533, 535; Oct 533, 534, 534-533; Dec 532, 534, nil; Jan 534, 536, 536, Mar 343, 545, nil; May 350, 351, nil; Aug 553, 565, nil; Oct 63, 566, nil, Seles; 19.

LIVERPOOL—Spot and shipment sales amounted to 135 tonnes. Moderate trading developed with Californian and Central African growths

Soviet sowings behind 1984

314.2 317.4 327.4 339.6 319.0 301.0

TOTAL SPRING sowings in the Soviet Union as of May 20 reached 93.3m hectares, an increase of 24.6m for th eweek, but remained well behind the pace of the last three years the U.S. Agricultural comments. U.S. Agricultural connselor said in a field report from Moscow Sowing is now concentrated.

in the central and eastern Northern Kazakhstan reported. little favourable weather until a few days ago, the counselor

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DIEY MA

FILLY FONDON

Dollar suffers sudden fall

The dollar weakened in ve-quiet trading on the foreign of change market yesterday. The were no new factors, apart from a revised fall of 2.5 per cent in U.S. non-farm productivity dur-ing the first quarter, compared with an earlier estimate of 1.2 ped cent, but in the prevailing ped cent, but in the prevailing circumstances one or two large selling orders pushed the dollar down quite sharply in the afternoon. Today's leading indicators for April are expected to be flat, or possibly show a slight fall, and it is anticipated tomorrow's trade figures will record another very large deficit. The dollar was little charmed at around DM 3.11 until the opening of the New until the opening of the New York market, but quickly lost 3 plennings and finished around its lowest levels of the day.

ursday May 30 1985

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CHICAGO

Supplies

lowest levels of the day.

The dollar fell to DM 3.0780 from DM 3.1130; FFr 9.39 from FFr 9.4850; and SwFr 2.5875 from SwFr 2.6185, but improved slightly to 251.70 from Y251.55.

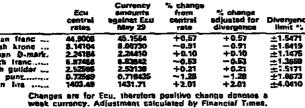
On Bank of England figures the dollar's index fell to 146.4 from 146.8.

STERLING — Trading range against the dollar in 1985 is 1.2940 to 1.0525. April average 1.24.14. Exchange rate index rose 0.3 to 79.3, the highest level

ery	of the day. The index opened
	at 79.2 and apart from falling to
er-	
	79.1 at 9 am was at 79.2 until
ere	the class Class worth, and the
	the close. Six months ago the
ρ_{III}	Index was 74.2

The UK April trade deficit was slightly larger than expected, but was much better than the revised record shortfall in March, while the current account balance of payments was in surplus. The figures had ittle impact on the forcign exchanges however, with sterling quietly firm throughout. Shringing off any netrousness about lower oil prices, and under pinned by high London interest rates, the pound rose 1.60 cents to \$1.2670-12680. Sterling also

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES



improved to DM 3.90 from DM 3.8950; FFr 11.90 from FFr 11.8650; and Y319 from Y314.75, but fell to SwFr 3.2775 from SwFr 3.2825.

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST DOLLAR

OTHER CURRENCIES

May 29	1		ļ		į ;	£
	, .	•	ļ	4	;	Note Ra
Argentina Peso	715,20 7	16.50	560.75	569,25	Austria	27.35-27
Australia Dollar.	1 8970-1	.9010	1.50BD	1.5100	Belgium	78.50 79
Brazil Cruzeiro	6,752 6	,784	5,370	6,39D	Denmark	13.96-14
Finland Markka.	8,0696 8	1,1076	: 5.449 5	6.4525	France	11.05-11
Greek Drachma.	170.21-1	73 92	135.63	130,47	Germany	3.89-3.
Hong Kong Dollar	9.7880 9	.7970	7.7725	7.7745	Italy	2475-20
tran Rial	116,5	ю.	92.5		Japan	
KuwaitDinar KD)	D.3822 (.3827	D.30315	0.3035	Notherlands	4.39 4.
Luxembourg Fr	78.60 7	8.70	1 62 00	62 10	Norway	11.17-11
Malaysia Dollar	3.1100-2	1200	2.4770	2,4790	Portugai	213.9
New Zealand Dir.	2.79102	.7990	2.2195	2.2245	50aln,	215.2
Saudi Arab Rival	4.5525 4	.5568	3.6103	3.6108	Sweden	11.21 11
Singapore Dollar			2.2280	2.2300	Switzerland	5,27-5,
gth African Rand	2 509B 2	5223	2.0020	2 0060	United States	1.9434-1.
U.A.E. Dirham	4,6303 4	.6353	3,6720	3,6730	Yugosiavia,	820-84

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST POUND

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

May 29	Pound Striing	U.S. Dollar	Deutschem i	(J'panese Yon	FrenchFranc	Swiss Franc	Dutch Gulid	italian Lira	Canada Dollar	Beigian Fran
Pound Sterling	0.789	1,268	3.900	319.0	11.90	3.278	4,400	2494.	1.750	78.65
U.S. Dollar		1,	5,077	251.7	9.389	2.686	3,471	1968.	1.661	62,05
Deutschemark	0.256	0,825	1.2.25	81,79	3,051	0.840	1,128	689.5	0.449	80.17
depenese Yen 1,000	3.186	3,978		1000,	37,30	10.27	13,79	7818.	5,486	246.6
rench Franc 10	0.840	1.065	3.277	268.1	10.	2.754	3.697	2046.	1,471	66.09
Ewist Franc	0.305	0.387	1,190	97.33	5,631	1.	1.342	760,9	0,534	24,00
Dutch Guilder Italian Liira 1000	0,227 0,401	0,288	0.885 1.564	72.50 127,9	8,706 4,771	0,745 1.314	1,764	566,8 1000,	0.398	17,88 31.54
Canadian Dollar	0.571	0.724	2,229	182,3	6,800	1,873	2,514	1425.	2,225	44,94
Belgian Franc 100	1,271	1.612	4,959	405,6	15,13	4,167	5,594	3171,		100,

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

May. 29	Sterling	, U.S. Dollar	Canadian Dollar	Dutch Guilder	: Swiss } Franc	D-mark	French Franc	italian Lira	Belgia Conv.	n Franc Fin.	Yen	Danie Krone
Short-term 7 days' notice Month Three months	125g-1234 125g-1234 125g-1235 125g-1235 125g-1232 125g-1232	754 778 756-754 75-7-75 75-7-76 8819 8-8-8-76	9:94 912 916 913 916 913 916 916 914 916 1018	714-7 % 759-759 7-718 678-7 654 679 654-678	1g-1 15-16 51g-66g 5/6-5/4 5/6-5/4 5/6-5/8	512-512 513-513 513-514 513-514 514-513	10%·10% 10%·10% 10%·10% 10%·10% 104·10% 104·10%	12:15 12:13 12:13 12:13:14 13:13:19 13:16:13:12 13:16:14:14	91a.95a 9-914 8-914 9-914 9-914 918-95a 954-966	9-914 9-914 9-914 9-914 9-14-912 9-14-915	64.636 612.656 63.636 63.636 63.636 63.636	10-1 914-9 914-9 878-9 9-9

(Market closing rates)

MONEY MARKETS

UK rates show little change

was quoted at 121-121 per cent from 121-1211 per cent while three-month eligible bank bill were bid at 12 per cent, unchanged from Tuesday. Overnight interbank money spent most of the day at 121-121 per cent with a trading range of 12 per cent to 131 per cent.

The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around 2800m with factors affecting the market infactors affecting the market including maturing assistance and a take up of Treasury bills to-gether draining £424m and the unwinding of previous sale and repurchase agreements a further £547m. These were partly offset by Exchequer transactions which added £165m and a fall in the note circulation of £10m. To help alleviate the shortage

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11,00 a.m. May 29) __ bld 75/8 ofter 77/8 6 months U.S. dollars 6/d 7 15/16

Interest rates were hardly changed in London yesterday as the relaxed attitude in the market continued. There were no new factors to influence trading with UK trade figures digested without any reaction. Three-month interbank money Three-month interbank money banks base lending rate 12½-12½ per cent since April 19

the Bank offered an early round of assistance which totalled statistic for assistance in the afternoon amounted to account the early bills and £4m of eligible bank bills and £4m of eligible bank bills and £4m of eligible bank bills and £2m of eligible bank bills and £2m of eligible bank bills and \$20m and £4m of eligible bank bills and £2m of eligible bank bills and £

Frankfurt Paris Zurich Amat'dam Tokyo Milan Brussels Dublin

MONEY RATES

Overnight One month I'we menths Six menths Lombard Intervention		5.70-5. 5.70-5. 6.70-5. 5.76-5.	85 10/3-10 85 10/3-10 85 10/3-10 90 10/3-10	5 is 5	94.7	71 ₈ 6,343 71 ₈ 6,343	75 146-1	5 - 97 <u>8</u> 514 9	91g 12 - 12 94 12	76-15 18 189-12 79 189-12 34 189-12 34 189-12 34
LONDON	MONE	Y RATE	s	Di	scount	Houses	Deposi	t and	Biji F	lates
May 29 1965	Sterling Certificate of deposit	interbank	Local Authority deposits	Company Deposits	Market Deposits	Treasury (Buy)	Treasury (Sell)	Eligible Bank (Buy)	Eligible Bank (Sell)	Fine Trade (Buy)
overnight	124-125 124-125 124-128 128-128	12 1312 	185 ₆ 185 ₆ -125 ₄ 185 ₆ -125 ₆ 125 ₆ 125 ₆ 125 ₆	1234-1278 	121g-1234 — 121g-1256 121g 1254 1214	1914 1914 1161	118 18 18 18	124 124 131 18	121, 121, 123, 110,	1202 7 1254 7 1256 1266

Nine months	1216-12	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	1218	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1 =] =	= 1			
	Local Auth. Inegotiable bonds	Local Apphority Peposits	Finance House Deposits	# Gert of Deposits	SOR Linked Deposits	EOU Unked Deposits	MONEY		_		
One month Two months Three months Nine months Nine months Two years Three years Four years Five years Five years	1516-1276 13-1276 1256-1236 1216-1236 1216-1236	11% 11% 11%	125g 1212 1212	7.55-7.55 7.6-7.7 7.55-7.56 7.9-8.00 8.15-8.25 8.4-8.5	7h: 8ig 7h: 8ig 88ig	9:5 9:1 9:5 9:5 9:5 9:5 9:5 9:5 9:5 9:5		intervoolid	on		
ECGD Fixe April 3 to Ma houses seven Rate (publishe 1985. London : Bank Deposit Trasaury Bills: Tax Deposit 12% per cent six-nina month 11% per cent	ECGD Fixed Rate Export Finance IV: Average Rate of Interest period April 3 to May 7 (inclusive): 12.787 per cent, Local authorities and finance houses seven days notice, others seven days tised, Finance Houses Base Rate (published by the Finance Houses Association): 13½ per cent. The many finance Houses Base Rates for sums at seven days notice 6.65-7.25 per cent (net). Treasury Bills: Average tonder rate of discount 11.9217 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposit (Series 6): Deposits £100,000 and over held under one month 12½ per cent one-three months 12½ per cent; three-sis months 12½ per cent; sis-nina menths 12½ per cent; nins-12 months 12½ per cent. The rote 10½ per cent from May 14. Deposits held under Series 5 12½ per cent. The rote 30-year 30-year 30-year 30-year										

Quiet trading

Trading was mostly rather addition there was continued quiet in the London Inter-speculation over the timing of national Financial Futures Ex- a further cut in the U.S. discount national Financial Futures Exchange yesterday with few fresh factors to influence the market. There was little activity during the morning but business picked up a little in the atternoon as U.S. markets came in as quite heavy sellers of dollars. A downward revision in U.S. industrial business productivity figures exacerbated the trend in thin trading with stop loss orders accelerating the downward move. Euro-dollars finished above

79.2 £ IN NEW YORK

t spot ;51,2970.1.2680;51.2545.1.385g 1 month ;0.58-0.48 pm ;0.51-0.49 pm 6 months 1.47-1.43 pm ;1.50-1.46 pm 12 months 3.85-3.75 pm ;3.95-3.85 pm

May 26 Prev. close

8.30 am 9.00 am 10.00 am

11.00 am

not intervene when the dollar

| Day's | Spread | Close | Cne month | p.a. months | p.a.

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS CURRENCY RATES

Sterling ... 71e 0.990138 0.72180
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0.99840 79.5 | -10.0 166.4 | +31.6 #7.8 | -7.6 : 112.1 | +2.6 89.2 | -11.3 77.2 | -6.6 121.7 | +6.8 139.2 | +7.7 112.2 | +3.2 65.0 | -18.5 46.3 | -18.9 164.6 | +11.2 Sterling U.S. dollar. 1980-1962=100. Bank of England Index (bass éverage 1975=100).

not intervene when the dollar was fixed at DM 3.1090 in Frankfurt compared with DM 3.1127 on Tuesday. Opinions were divided about the future trend in U.S. interest rates, with some observers anticipating another cut in the Federal Reserve's discount rate, while others believe that rates have probably reached their lowest levels in the immediate future. It was also suggested today's U.S. leading indicators may show a slight fall, but this had little impact. In Frankfurt the dollar finished at DM 3.0910 compared with DM 3.1130.

Euro-dollars finished above the day's lows however despite a slightly higher than expected Federal funds rate. Selling dried up during the afternoon with the market now looking at today's leading economic indicators and new home sale STERLING INDEX May 29 Previous 79.2 79.0 79.1 79.2 79.2 79.2 79.2 79.2 79.1 79.0 79.0 79.1 79.1 79.0

	s for fu	rther									
					June	Close 76-00	High 75-16	} <i>ow</i> 75-31	Prev 76-10		
LOP	1DON				Sept	75-02	75-13	75-03	75-10		
	MONTH I		LLAR		Estimat Previou	ed volum s day's c	e 1,373 (spen int :	(<i>2,37</i> 9) 2.181 (2,	591)		
	Ciosa	High	LOW	Prev	~~						
une	92.07	92.11	92.06	92.16	CHIC	AGO					
iept	91.42	21,47	91.40	91.52	11 E 17	EASURY	anains.	(CRT)			
Jec	96.99	97.03	80.87	91.07	B % 530	0,000 32	ids of 10	0%			
rana Aareb	90.61 90.29	90.67 90.32	90.60 90.28	90.72 90.42		Lutest	High	Low	Prev		
	Nd volum			40	June	76-04	76-07	75-31	76-12		
reviou	s day's	open int	19,487 (19,428}	Sept	75-03	75-08	75-00	75-12		
WOEE	MONTH !	TED! IN			Dec	74-05	74-09	74-03 73-03	74-14 72-19		
	asmood 0				March	73-12 72-00	72-15 72-20	72-17	72-27		
					June Sept	71-28	71-29	71-25	72-05		
lune	Close 87.34	High 87 40	Lrw 87.29	Prev 87.33	Dec	71-09	71-09	71-06	71-18		
iopt	88.24	88.30	88.15	88.26	March	_	_	_	71-01		
200	88.64	\$8.65	88.67	89.57	"jnuë	-	_	_	70-17		
Aurch	88.74	_	_	38.69	Sept	_	_	=	63-22		
une	28.80			88.8¥	Dec		 _				
Stumat Weeks	ed volum se day's c	e 1,735 soen int	(1,671) 7,367 (7,	484)	U.S. TREASURY BILLS (IMM) Sim points of 100%						
						Latest	High	Low	Prev		
	7 12% N		L GILT		June	92.76	92,78	92.73	92,81		
20,000		100%			Sept	92.43	92,47	92.42	S2.48		
	Close	High	Low	Pres	Dec		<u> 52.12</u>	92.08	92.12		
une	105-29	105-29	105-07	105-06	March	~ =	91.78	91.78 91.51	91.81 91.55		
iept Jec	109-18 109-24	108-18	106-30	108-23 108-29	June Sept	91.51 97.30	97.54	91.30	91.32		
March	109-12	_	=	108-23	Dec	91.10	_	91.10	91.12		
stinsal	ted volum	te 1.939	(1.972)		Merch	90.93	_	90.93	90.94		
reviou	a day's	open int	3,923 (3	.953)	CERT.	DEPOSIT	(!MM!)				
lesis (quota (ck	880 CBS	ı price d	1 134%		ints of 1					
rassu	y 2003 !	ets equ	dyslent (price of		Latest	High	Low	Prev		
raar 1 132nds	lutures c	ontract)	-10	es bar	June		92.36	92.33	92,40		
					Sapt	91.75	91,81	91.75	91.50		
STERLI	NG £25,0	00° \$ per	· £		Dec	91.35 90.92	91.33 90.92	91.30 90.90	\$1,36 90.98		
	Close	High	Fow	Pres	March						
fune	1.2612	7.2612	7.2535	1.2485		MONTH			(IMMA)		
ept	1.2475	1.2475	1.2400	1.2345	THREE-	MONTH		<u>_</u>			
)ec	1.2370			1.2240	_	blackt	High	Low	Prev		
SDM81	e day's c	10 17 (32	2) 0 000 //	8601	June	92.03 91.40	92.07 91.42	92.01 91.38	92.08 91.43		
			a,000 (3	,420 /	Sept Dec	97.40 90.95	90.98	90 33	90.98		
	CHE MAR				March		90.60	90.51	50.61		
125	5,000 \$ pe				June	90.23	90.29	90.21	90.30		
	Clase	High	Law	Prew	Sept	-	90.02	89.55	90.04		
ume	0.3342	0.3242	0.3220	0.3208	Dec March	_	\$9.77 \$9.54	89.70 89.50	99.79 89.56		
ept	Q.3260 net volum	0.3261	0.3260	0.3227				69.30	63.30		

a further cut in the U.S. discount rate.

Sterling based instruments opened on a steady note ahead of UK trade figures. Sterling's firmer trend provided a comforting underione while git values took store from Tuesday's late raily in the U.S. bond market. Both sectors finished above the day's lows with a further improvement by the pound aiding sentiment.

[25 per full index point June 130.90 131.55 130.40 131.85 Sept 231.40 232.00 130.86 132.45 Estimated volume 579 (185) Previous day's open int 1.564 (1.530)

SWISS FRANCS SwFr 125,000 \$ per SwFr JAPANESE YEN Y12.5m; \$ per Y100 Close High Low Prev 0.2873 0.3873 0.3888 0.3877 0.3888 0.3888 0.3834 mated volume 4 (13) vious day's open int 149 (154)

Latest High — 1.2610 1.2470 1.2470 — 1,2370 1.2145 GNMA (CBT) 8% \$100.000 High 73-12 72-31 72-12 Prev 73-15 73-00 72-14 71-16 71-04 13-09 73-09 72-27 72-08

COMPETITIVE COMMERCIAL **DEPOSITS**

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